

# The European Strategy for Particle Physics

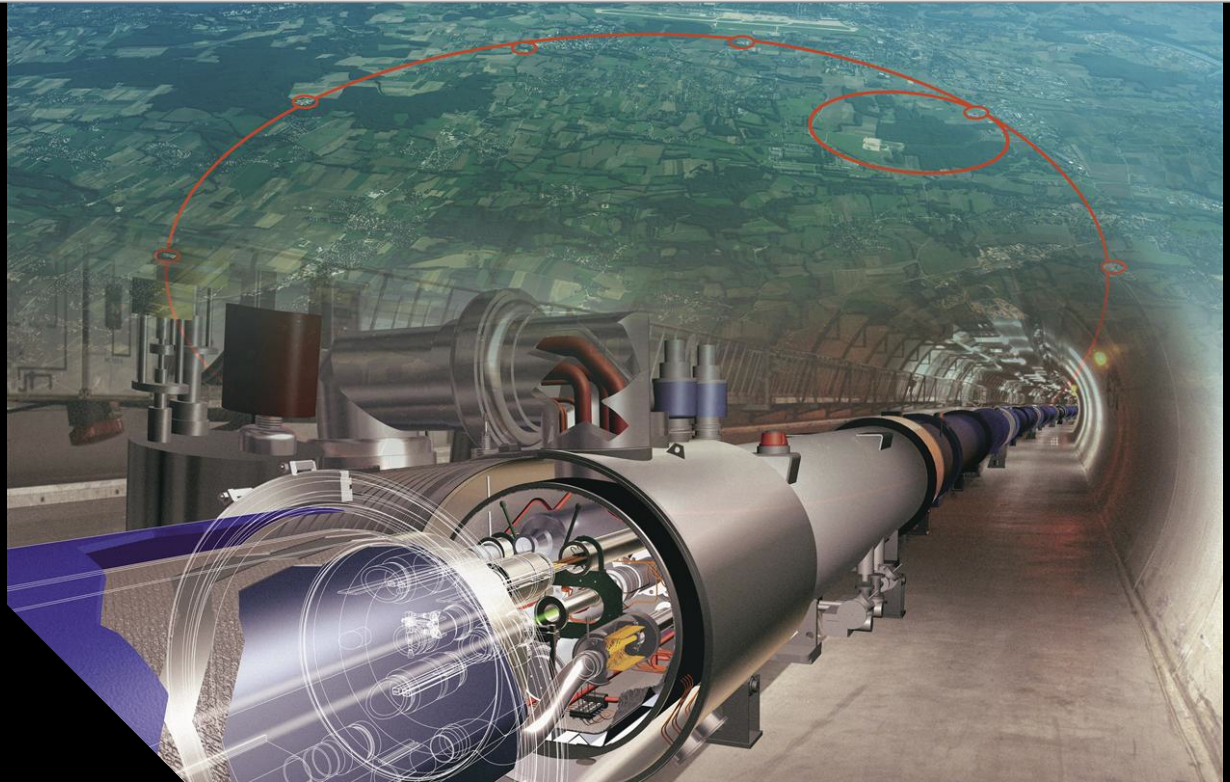
*Jorgen D'Hondt*  
*Vrije Universiteit Brussel*  
*ECFA chairperson*  
(<https://ecfa.web.cern.ch>)

*JENAS @ Orsay*  
*Oct 14-16, 2019*

**fwo**

**HEP@VUB**  
BRUSSELS

**VUB** *iihe*  
BRUXELLES BRUSSEL

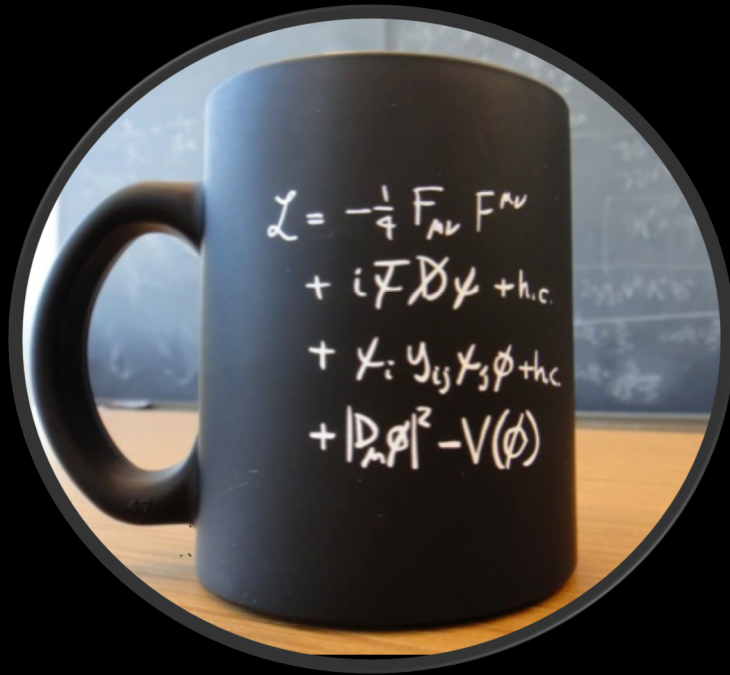


understand nature at the  
largest and the smallest scales



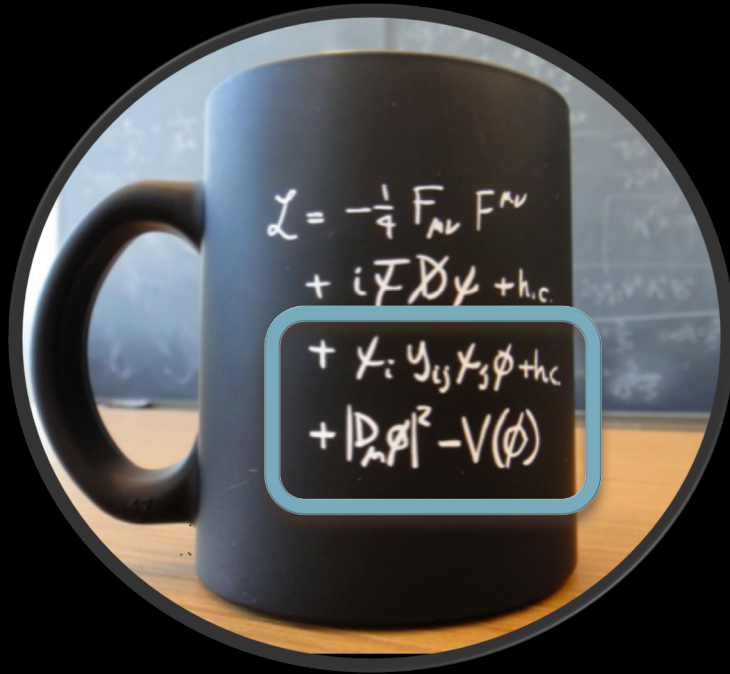
# Particle Physics today

enormous success in  
describing matter at the  
smallest scales

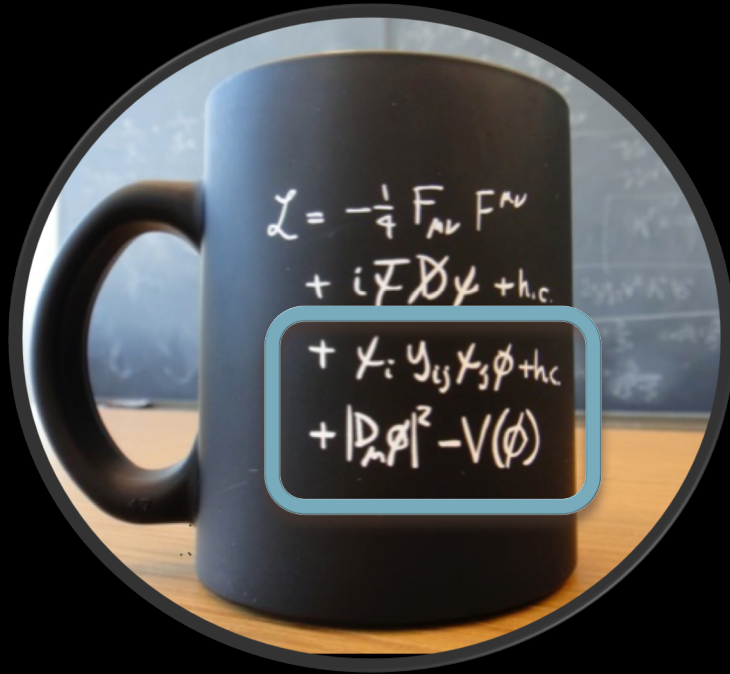


# Particle Physics today

enormous success in  
describing matter at the  
smallest scales



# Particle Physics today



enormous success in  
describing matter at the  
smallest scales

describing  $\neq$  understanding

# Key open questions for particle physics?

Riccardo Rattazzi  
@ Granada

## Problems

vs

## Mysteries

- Dark Matter
- Baryogenesis
- Strong CP
- Fermion mass spectrum & mixing

- Cosmological Constant
- EW hierarchy
- Black Hole information paradox
- very Early Universe

Plausible EFT solutions exist

Challenge or outside EFT paradigm



although there is no lack of novel theoretical ideas, there are no clear indications where the next paradigm shift is hiding

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*an argument for a strong and diverse,  
yet coherent and concerted empirical  
exploration*

although there is no lack of  
ideas the

In order to make progress in unravelling the  
smallest and largest scales of Nature

**we need a strong story**

*coherent and concerted empirical  
exploration*

# Long-term strategy for Particle Physics



Organization (2013 update):

<http://europeanstrategygroup.web.cern.ch/europeanstrategygroup/>

**UPDATE of the European Particle Physics Strategy (2013)**

Higgs discovery (2012)

Start data taking at the LHC (2010)

**European Particle Physics Strategy (2006)**

Organization (2006):

<http://council-strategygroup.web.cern.ch/council-strategygroup/>

TODAY



# The European Particle Physics Strategy 2013

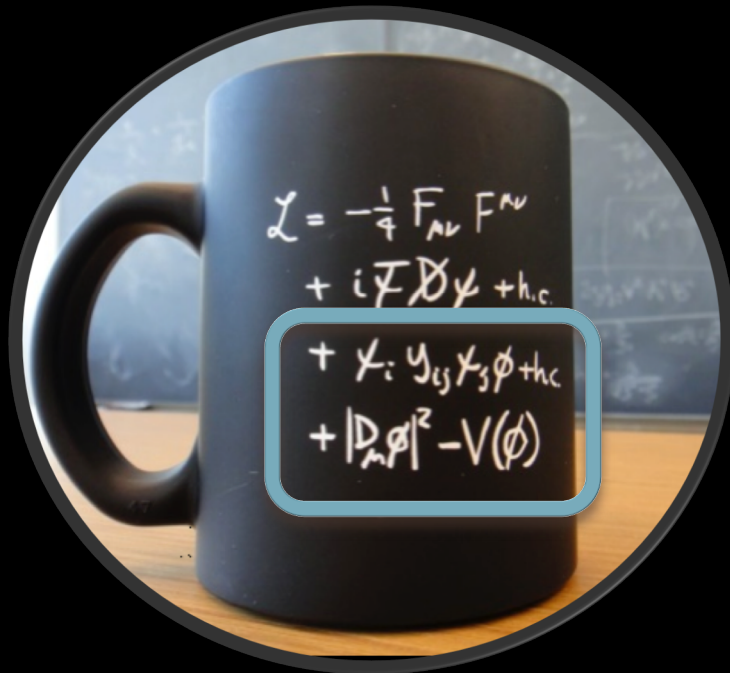
<https://cds.cern.ch/record/1567258/files/esc-e-106.pdf> - with the highest priority

- ① Europe's top priority should be the exploitation of the full potential of the LHC, including the high-luminosity upgrade of the machine and detectors with a view to collecting ten times more data than in the initial design, by around 2030. This upgrade programme will also provide further exciting opportunities for the study of flavour physics and the quark-gluon plasma.
- ② CERN should undertake design studies for accelerator projects in a global context, with emphasis on proton-proton and electron-positron high-energy frontier machines. These design studies should be coupled to a vigorous accelerator R&D programme, including high-field magnets and high-gradient accelerating structures, in collaboration with national institutes, laboratories and universities worldwide.
- ③ Europe looks forward to a [ILC] proposal from Japan to discuss a possible participation.
- ④ CERN should develop a neutrino programme to pave the way for a substantial European role in future long-baseline experiments. Europe should explore the possibility of major participation in leading long-baseline neutrino projects in the US and Japan.

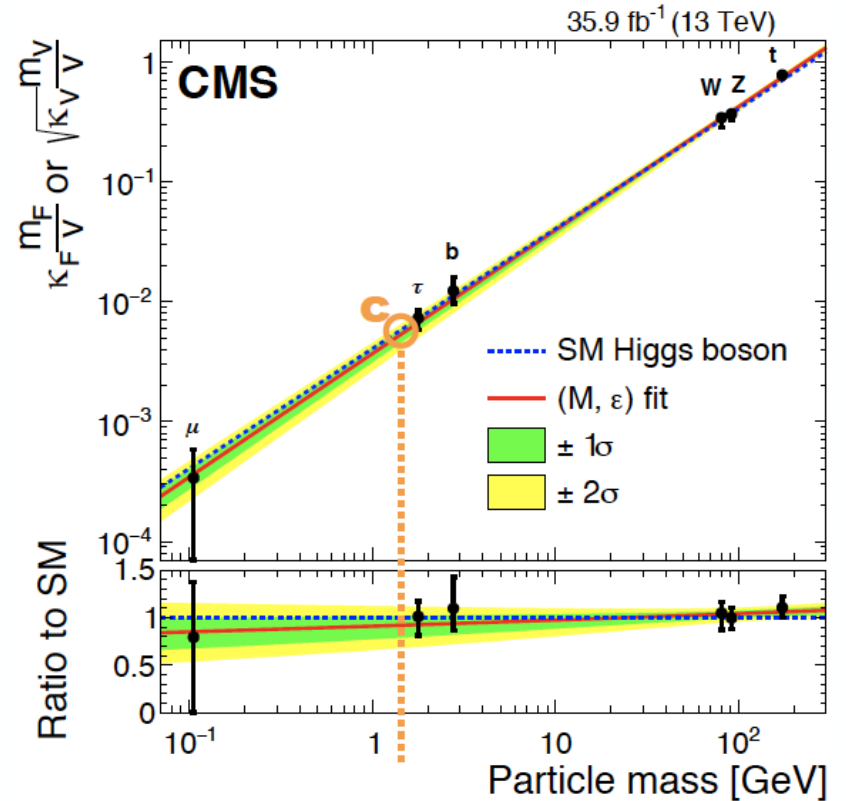
1<sup>st</sup> priority

LHC and HL-LHC

# Initial legacy impact of the LHC

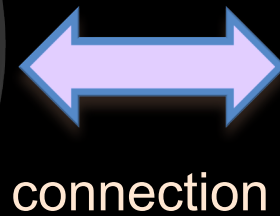
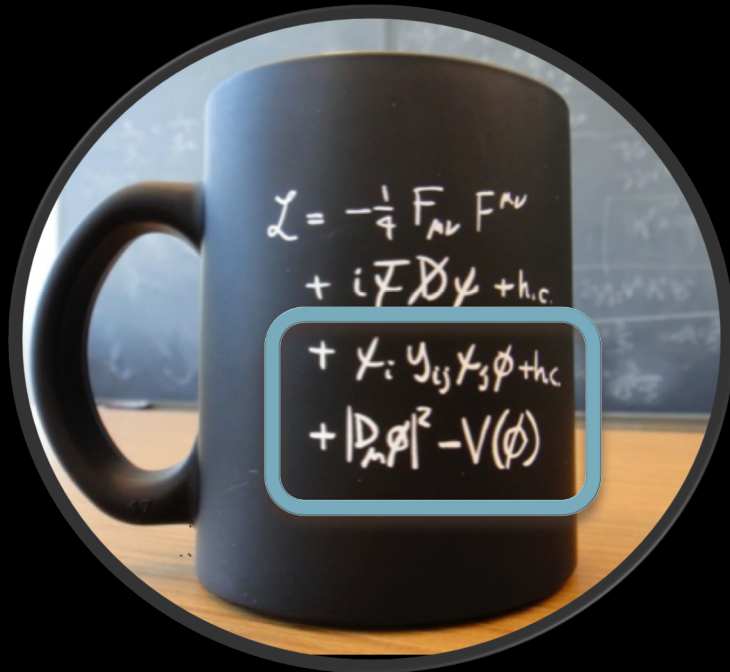


a MORE PRECISE and more COMPLETE description



Roberto Salerno @ EPS-HEPP2019

# Initial legacy impact of the LHC

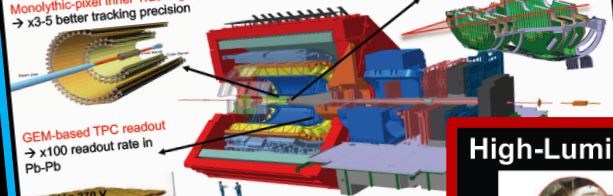


a MORE PRECISE and more COMPLETE description



## ALICE – Upgrade LS2 – study Quark-Gluon Plasma formed in nuclear collisions

Monolithic-pixel Inner Tracking System  
→ x3-5 better tracking precision

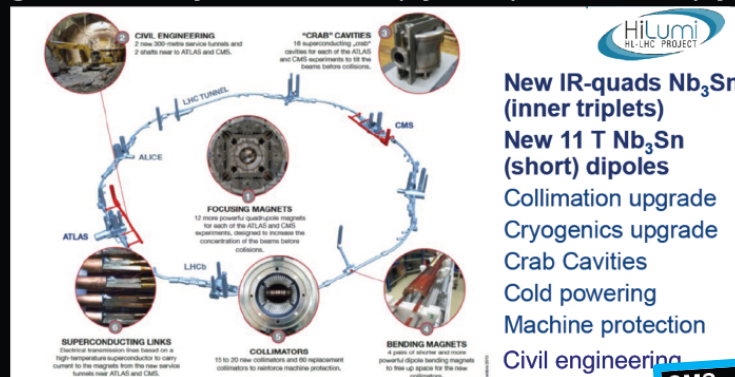


GEM-based TPC readout  
→ x100 readout rate in Pb-Pb

$\Delta V = 270\text{ V}$   
 $\Delta V = 500\text{ V}$   
 $\Delta V = 230\text{ V}$   
 $\Delta V = 50\text{ V}$   
 $\Delta V = 280\text{ V}$   
 $\Delta V = 20\text{ V}$   
 $\Delta V = 300\text{ V}$   
 $\Delta V = 500\text{ V}$

- Low- $p_T$  heavy-flavour mesons/baryons;
- Low- $p_T$  charmonia; c-bar melting and
- Low-mass di-electrons; QGP thermal

## High-Luminosity LHC: 300/fb (by 2023) → 3000/fb (by 2037)



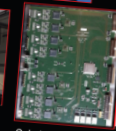
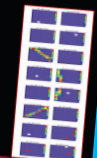
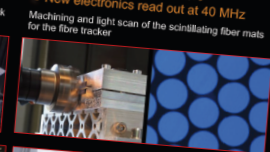
- New IR-quads  $\text{Nb}_3\text{Sn}$  (inner triplets)
- New 11 T  $\text{Nb}_3\text{Sn}$  (short) dipoles
- Collimation upgrade
- Cryogenics upgrade
- Crab Cavities
- Cold powering
- Machine protection
- Civil engineering

Formal approval by CERN Council (June 2016)  
Cost to Completion : 950 MCHF (material)

Detector plan

## LHCb – Upgrade LS2

Construction well advanced



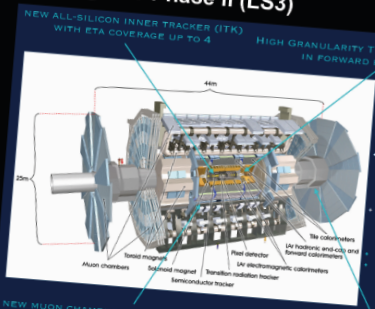
Will collect 50 fb<sup>-1</sup> at instantaneous lumi of 2x10<sup>33</sup>cm<sup>-2</sup>s<sup>-1</sup>  
Full software trigger  
New tracking detectors  
New RICH photon detectors  
New electronics read out at 40 MHz

Machining and light scan of the scintillating fiber mats for the fibre tracker

Calorimeter front-end board

Muon system readout ASIC

## ATLAS – Upgrade Phase II (LS3)



NEW MUON CHAMBERS IN THE INNER BARREL REGION

- DAQ OFF-DETECTOR ELECTRONICS:
- LO HARDWARE TRIGGER
  - LO CALORIMETER
  - LO TOPOLOGICAL
  - LO MUON
  - LO GLOBAL
  - LI HARDWARE TRIGGER (OPTION)
  - LI GLOBAL
  - LI TRACK TRIGGER
- READOUT SYSTEM:
- HLT

FORWARD MUON TAGGER (OPTION)

## CMS – Upgrade Phase II (LS3)

Trigger/HLT/DAQ (interim TDR submitted)

- Track information in trigger at 40 MHz
- 12.5  $\mu\text{s}$  latency
- HLT input/output 750/7.5 kHz

### New Endcap Calorimeters

- Rad. tolerant - High granularity transverse and longitudinal
- 4D shower measurement including precise timing capability

### New Tracker

- Rad. tolerant - increased granularity - lighter
- 40 MHz selective readout (strips) for Trigger
- Extended coverage to  $\eta \approx 3.8$

Barrel EM calorimeter

- New FE/BE electronics for full granularity readout at 40 MHz - with improved time resolution
- Lower operating temperature (8-)

### Muon systems

- New DT & CSC FE/BE electronics
- New station to complete CSC at  $1.6 < \eta < 2.4$
- Extended coverage to  $\eta \approx 3$

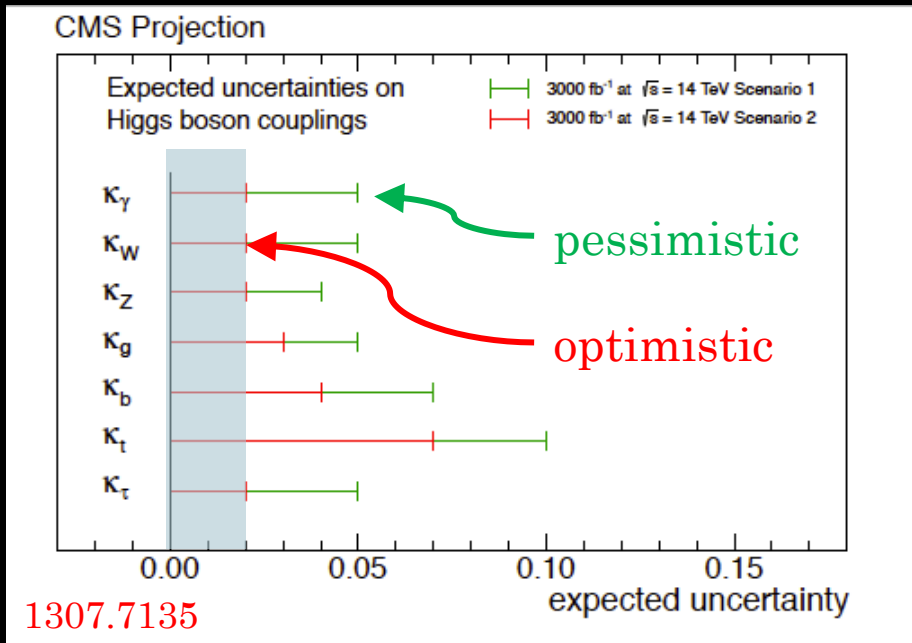
Beam radiation and luminosity Common systems and infrastructure

### MIP precision Timing Detector

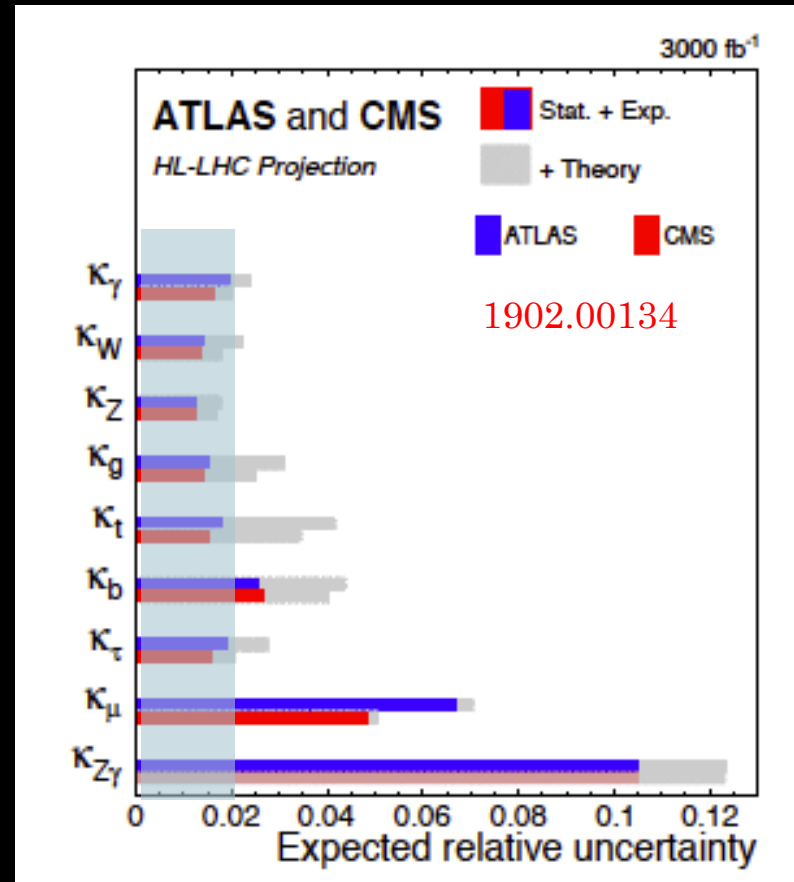
- Barrel layer: Crystal + SiPM
- Endcap layer: Low Gain Avalanche Diodes

since ~10 years  
for another ~20 years

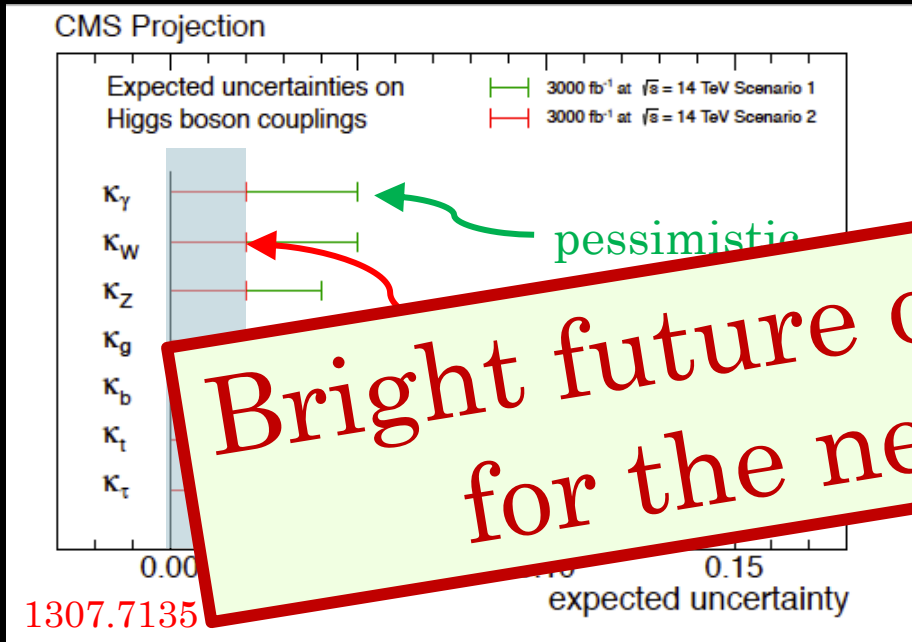
# Potential HL-LHC performance in Higgs couplings *anno 2013 versus anno 2019*



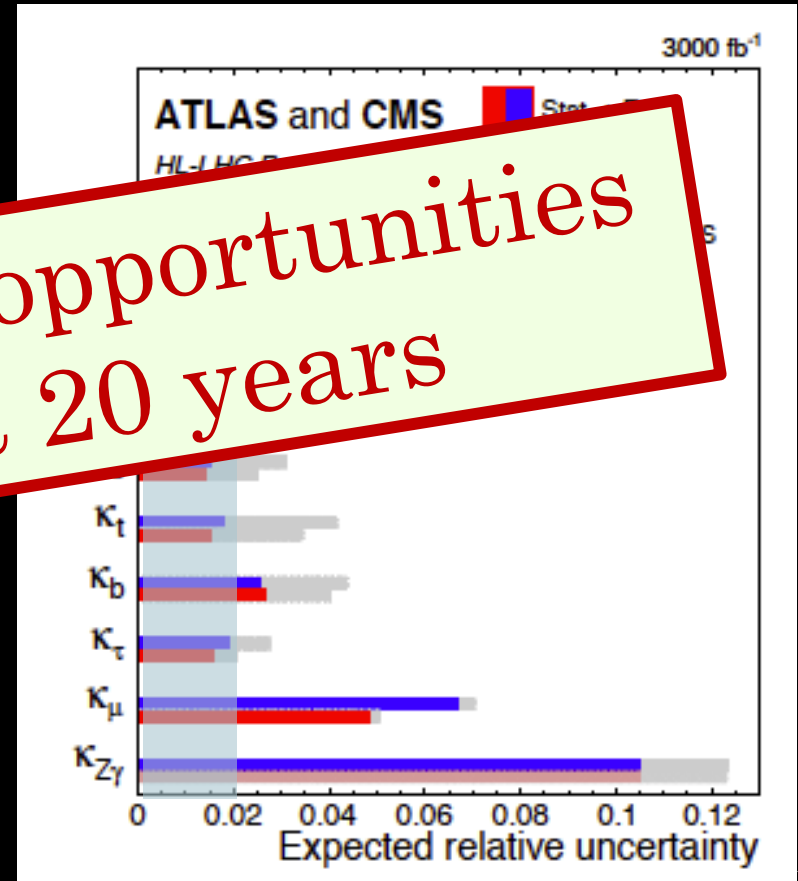
Taking into account innovative thoughts and research experience, what was optimistic in 2013 seems realistic in 2019.



# Potential HL-LHC performance in Higgs couplings *anno 2013 versus anno 2019*



Bright future of opportunities  
for the next 20 years



Taking into account innovative thoughts and research experience, what was optimistic in 2013 seems realistic in 2019.

2<sup>nd</sup> priority

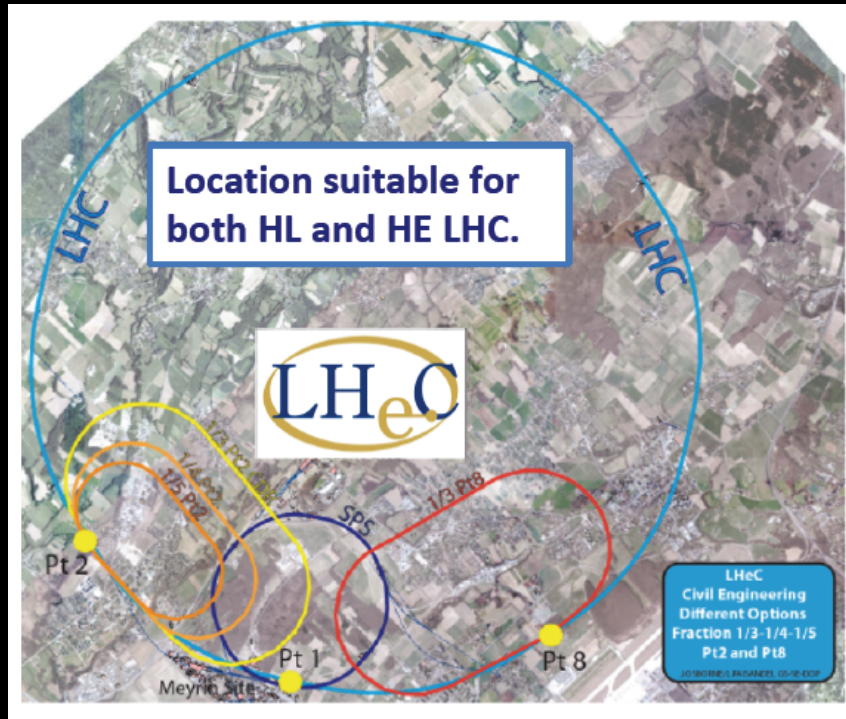
Future colliders at CERN  
Accelerator R&D



# Concrete collider options studied at CERN

## LHeC (ep), <http://lhec.web.cern.ch>

J. Phys. G: Nucl. Part. Phys. 39 (2012) 075001 [arXiv:1206.2913]



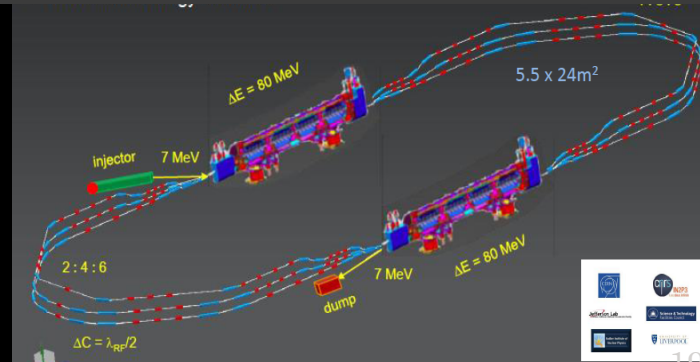
**LHeC** (60 GeV e- from ERL)

$E_{cms} = 0.2 - 1.3 \text{ TeV}$

run with the HL-LHC ( $\gtrsim$  Run5)

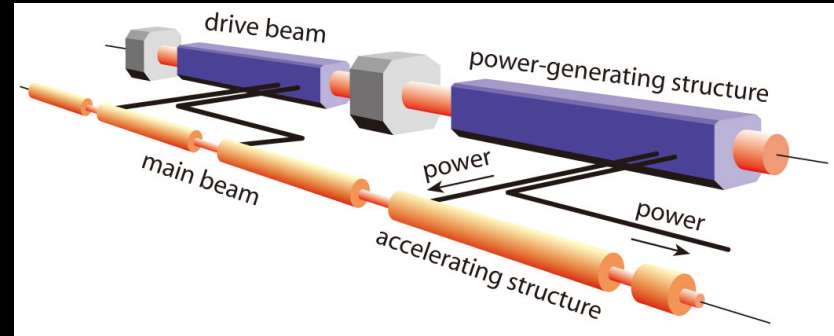
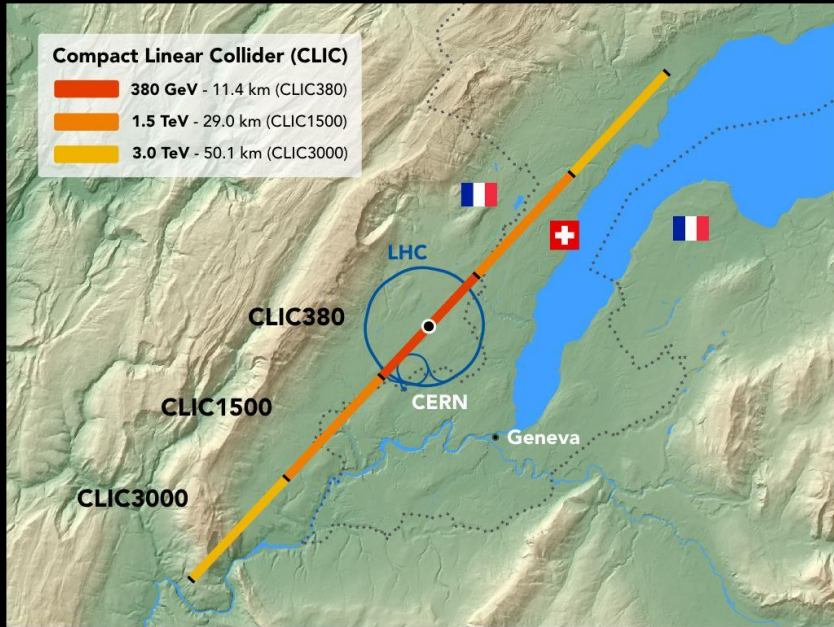
**Energy Recovery Linac (ERL)**

R&D demonstrator at Orsay, PERLE



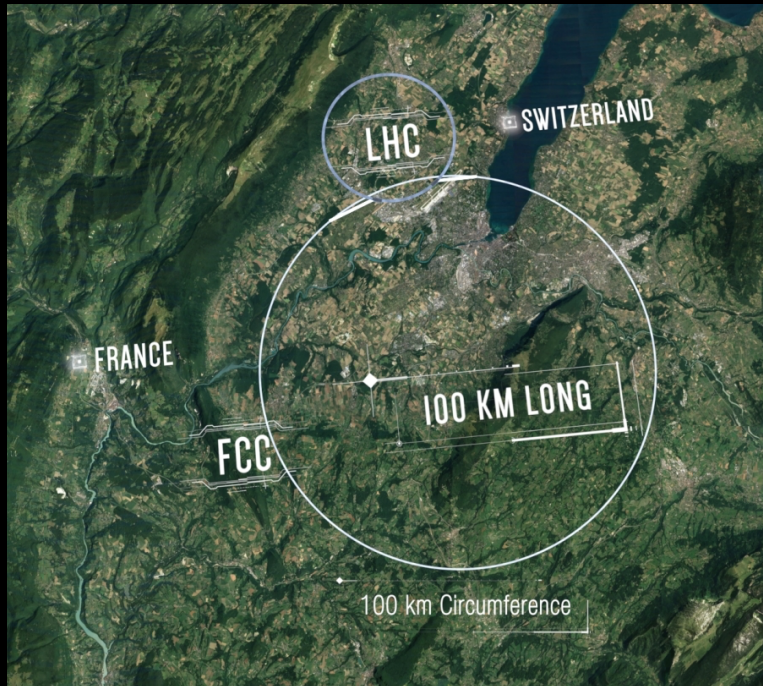
# Concrete collider options studied at CERN

CLIC (ee), <http://clic-study.web.cern.ch/>

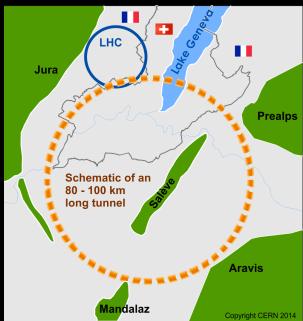


# Concrete collider options studied at CERN

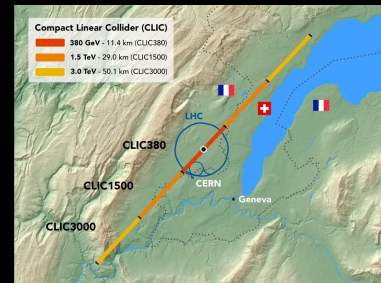
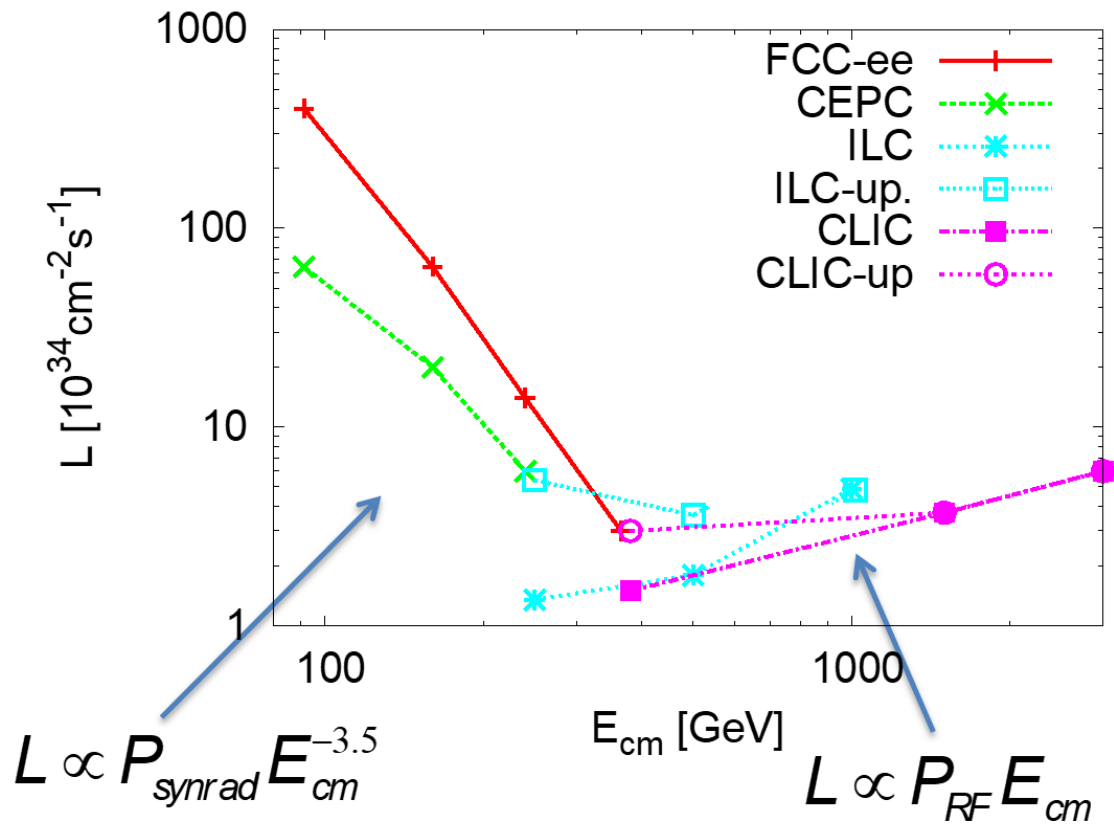
FCC (ee, ep, pp, pA, AA, eA), <https://fcc-cdr.web.cern.ch/>



- $e^+e^-$  collider (**FCC-ee**) @ 90-365 GeV  
as potential first step  
(*ERL-technology, CLIC injector, ...*)
- $pp$ -collider (**FCC-hh**) @ 100 TeV
- $p$ - $e$  collider (**FCC-he**)
- **HE-LHC** with *FCC-hh* magnets
- $\mu\mu$  collider (**FCC- $\mu\mu$** ) option
- AA, Ap, Ae options

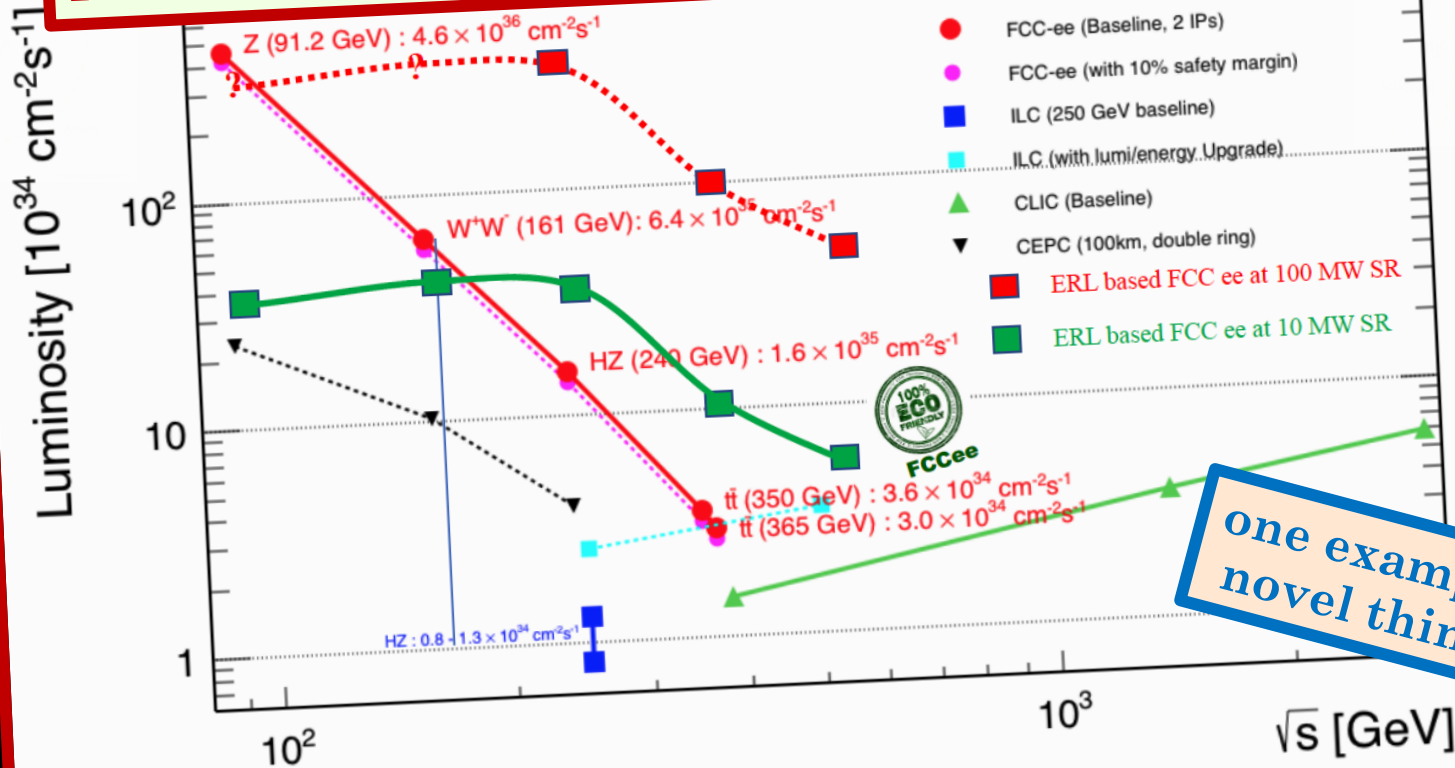


## Luminosity per facility





# Novel thinking ongoing: ERL-based FCC-ee



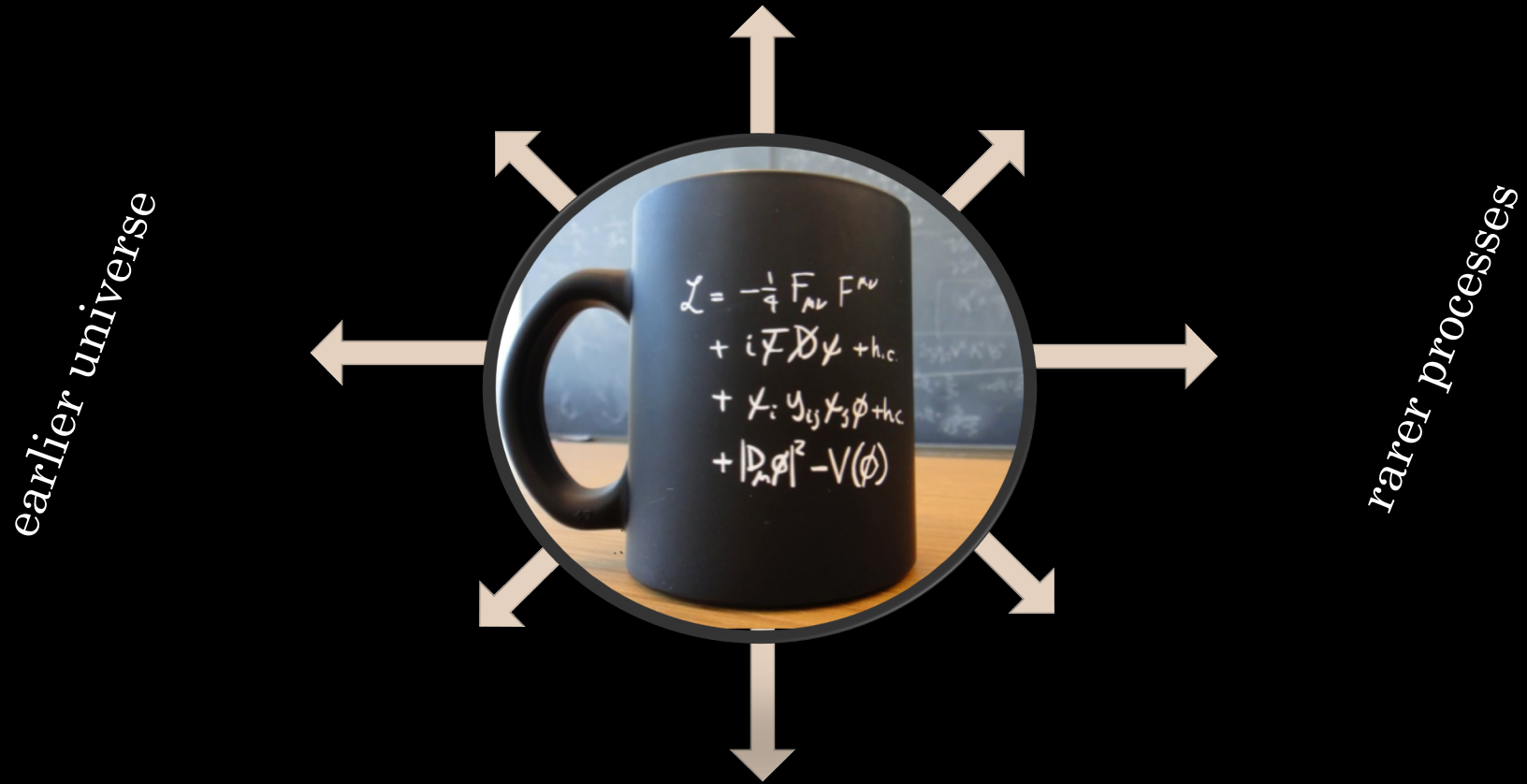
one example of novel thinking

2<sup>nd</sup> priority

Future colliders at CERN

Accelerator R&D

higher energy interactions in the lab



higher energetic phenomena in the universe

higher energy interactions in the lab

earlier universe

Connection between astroparticle,  
nuclear and particle physics

e.g. jointly innovate technology  
*to make the invisible visible*

processes

higher energetic phenomena in the universe



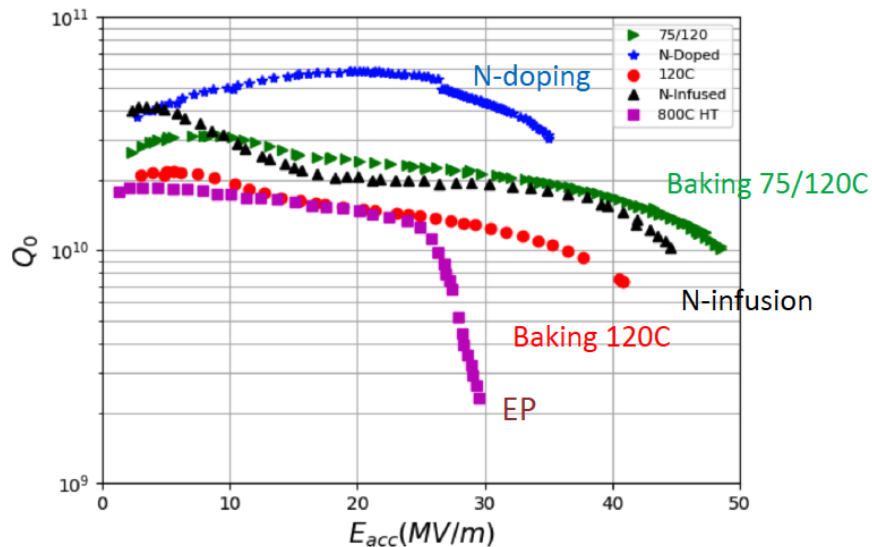
*What is out there on our  
accelerator/collider technology front?  
(only a very brief snapshot)*

# Superconducting RF cavity R&D $\sim 50\text{MV/m}$ within reach, XFEL@DESY has $\sim 30\text{MV/m}$

Akira Yamamoto  
@ Granada

Courtesy: Anna Grassellino  
- TTC Meeting, TRIUMF, Feb., 2019

## State of the Art in High-Q and High-G (1.3 GHz, 2K)



- **N-doping** (@ 800C for  $\sim$ a few min.)
  - $Q > 3E10$ ,  $G = 35\text{ MV/m}$
- **Baking w/o N** (@ 75/120C)
  - $Q > 1E10$ ,  $G = 49\text{ MV/m}$  (Bpk-210 mT)
- **N-infusion** (@ 120C for 48h)
  - $Q > 1E10$ ,  $G = 45\text{ MV/m}$
- **Baking w/o N** (@ 120C for xx h)
  - $Q > 7E9$ ,  $G = 42\text{ MV/m}$
- **EP** (only)
  - $Q > 1.3E10$ ,  $G = 25\text{ MV/m}$

- **High-Q** by **N-Doping** well established, and
- **High-G** by N-infusion and **Low-T baking** still to be understood and reproduced, worldwide.

# SC Magnet R&D – *16 T magnets would allow to reach much higher pp collision energies*



**FRESCA2 @ CERN**



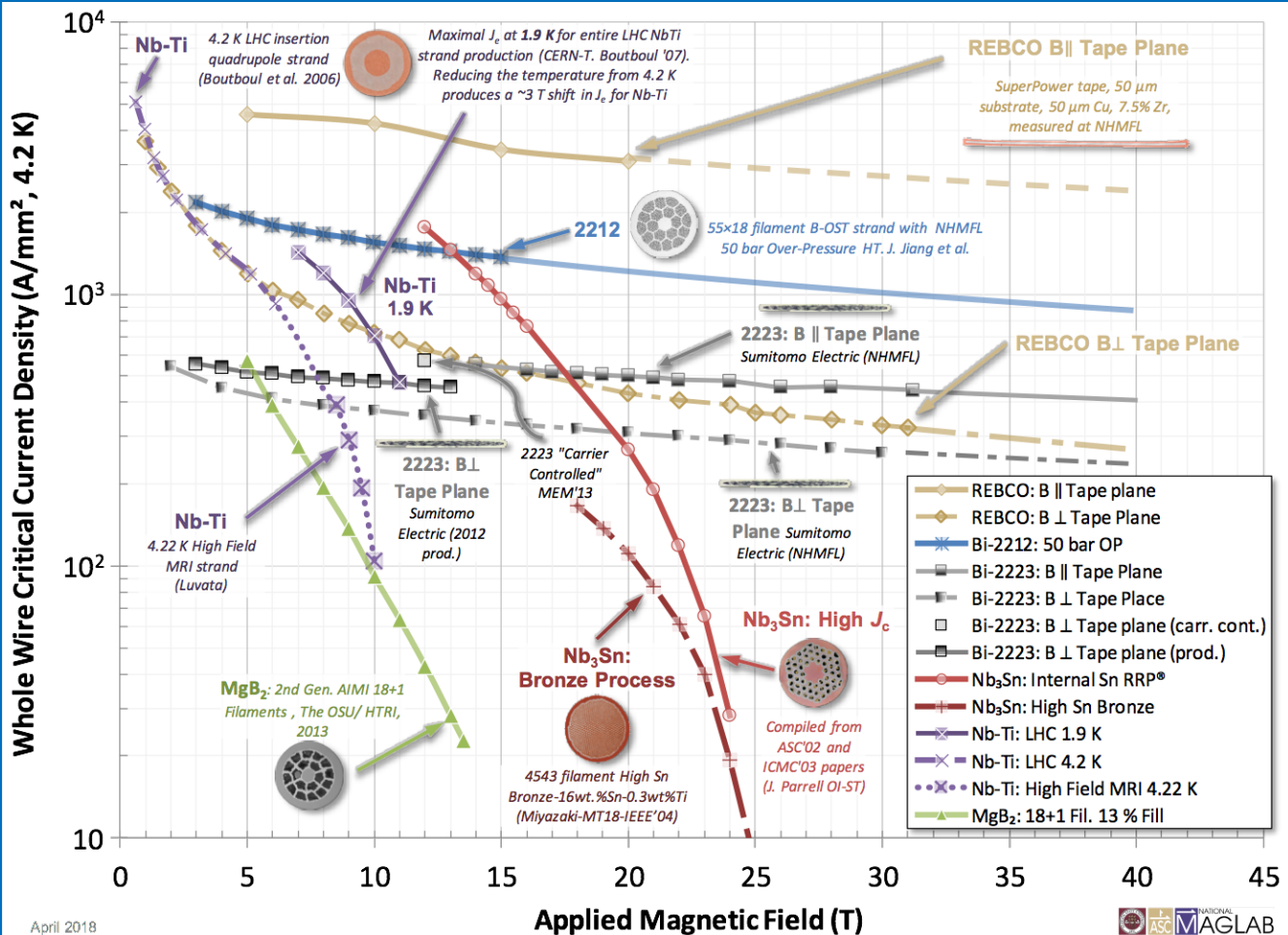
Test new superconductive cables ( $\text{Nb}_3\text{Sn}$ )

Dipole magnet

1.5 m long, 1 m diameter, 10 cm aperture

Reached 14.6 T (April 2018), a record for a magnet with a “free” aperture, and with only few quenches

# SC Magnet R&D – alternative materials for high- $J_c$ at high magnetic field



**HTS-Insert**  
3~5 T

**FRESCA-2**  
13-14 T

**Eucard2: HTS-insert to be tested in 2019**  
(3-5) + (13-14) T : > 16 T

# Technology readiness

Akira Yamamoto  
@ Granada

## Personal View on Relative Timelines

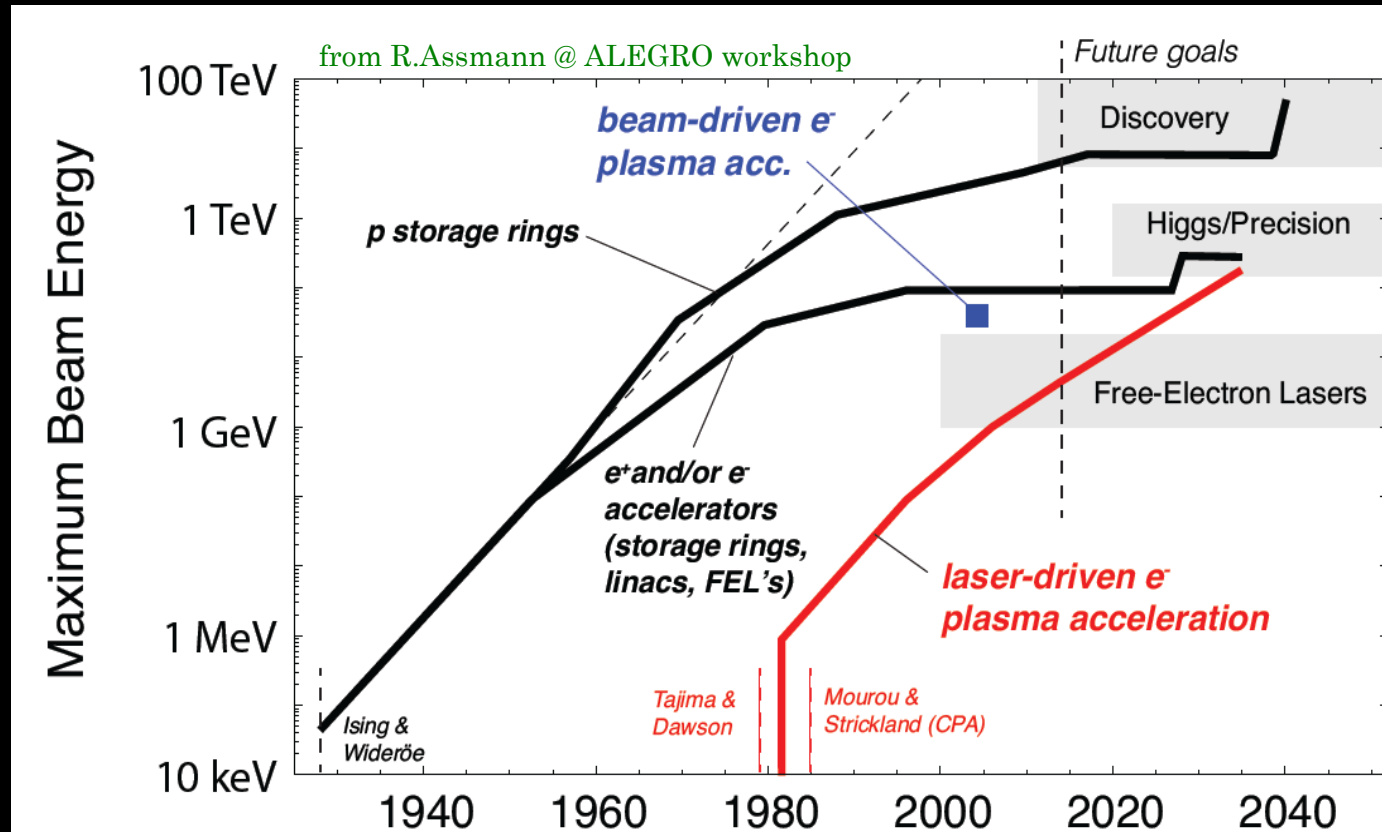
Timeline	~ 5	~ 10	~ 15	~ 20	~ 25	~ 30	~ 35
<b>Lepton Colliders</b>							
SRF-LC/CC	Proto/pre-series	Construction		Operation		Upgrade	
NRF-LC	Proto/pre-series	Construction		Operation		Upgrade	
<b>Hadron Collider (CC)</b>							
8~(11)T NbTi / (Nb <sub>3</sub> Sn)	Proto/pre-series	Construction		Operation			Upgrade
12~14T Nb <sub>3</sub> Sn	Short-model R&D		Proto/Pre-series	Construction		Operation	
14~16T Nb <sub>3</sub> Sn	Short-model R&D			Prototype/Pre-series		Construction	

# Accelerator R&D – Advanced Novel Accelerators (ICFA Panel)

**ALEGRO** (Advanced LinEar collider study GROup, for a multi-TeV Advanced Linear Collider)

ALEGRO delivered a document detailing the international roadmap and strategy for Advanced and Novel Accelerators for High Energy Physics applications.

<http://www.lpgp.u-psud.fr/icfaana/alegro>

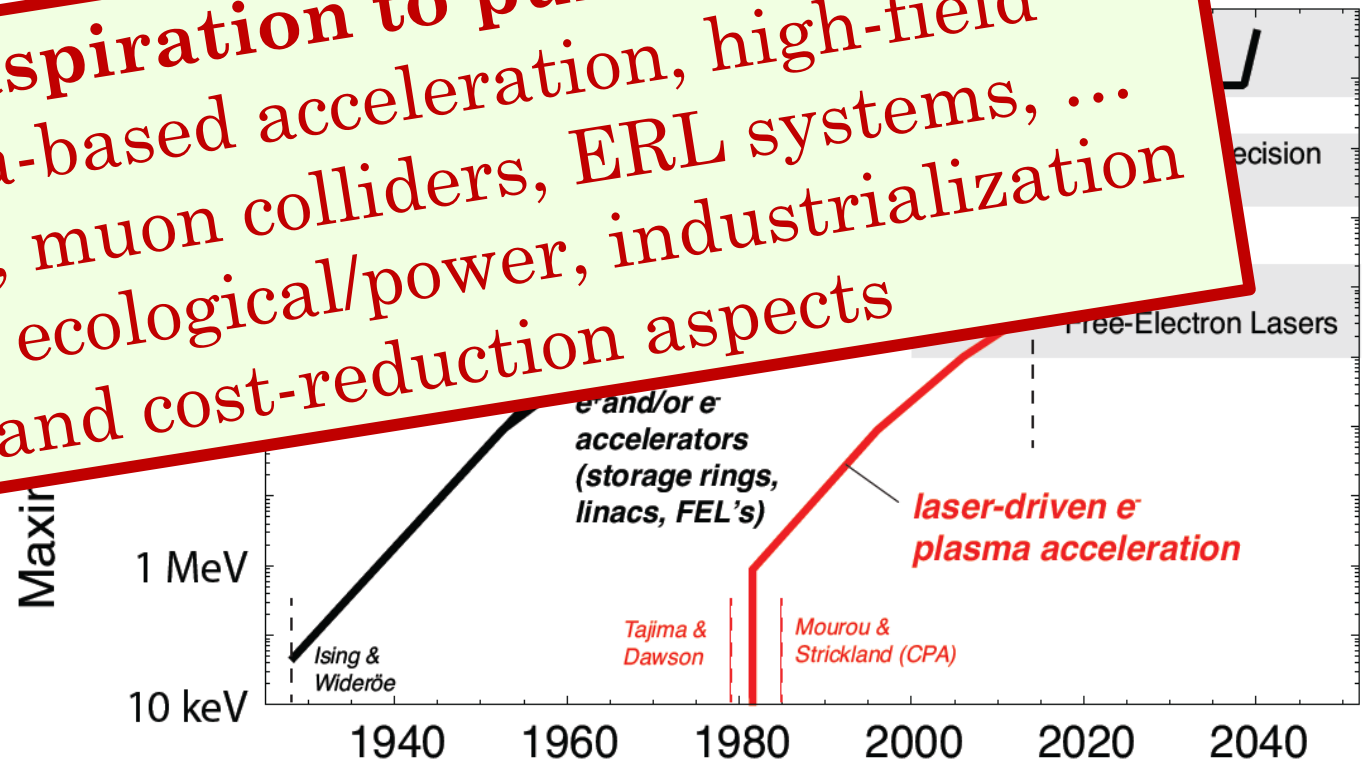


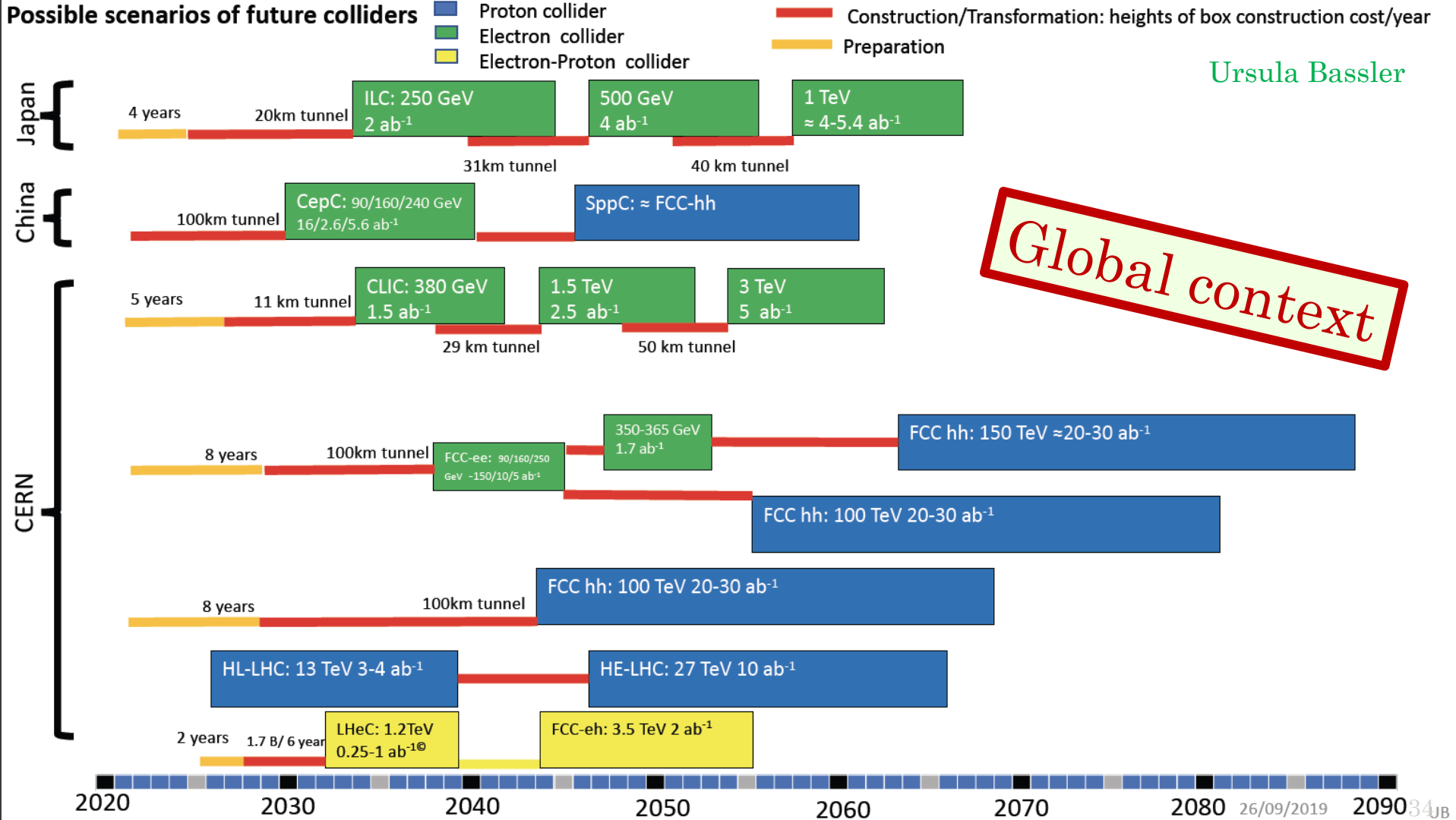
# Accelerator R&D – Advanced Novel Accelerators (ICFA Panel)

**ALEGRO** (Advanced LinEar collider study GROup, for a multi-TeV Advanced Linear Collider)

ALEGRO delivered a document on the international and state-of-the-art Novel Accelerators (ANAs)

**Strong aspiration to pursue R&D for:**  
plasma-based acceleration, high-field magnets, muon colliders, ERL systems, ...  
including ecological/power, industrialization and cost-reduction aspects







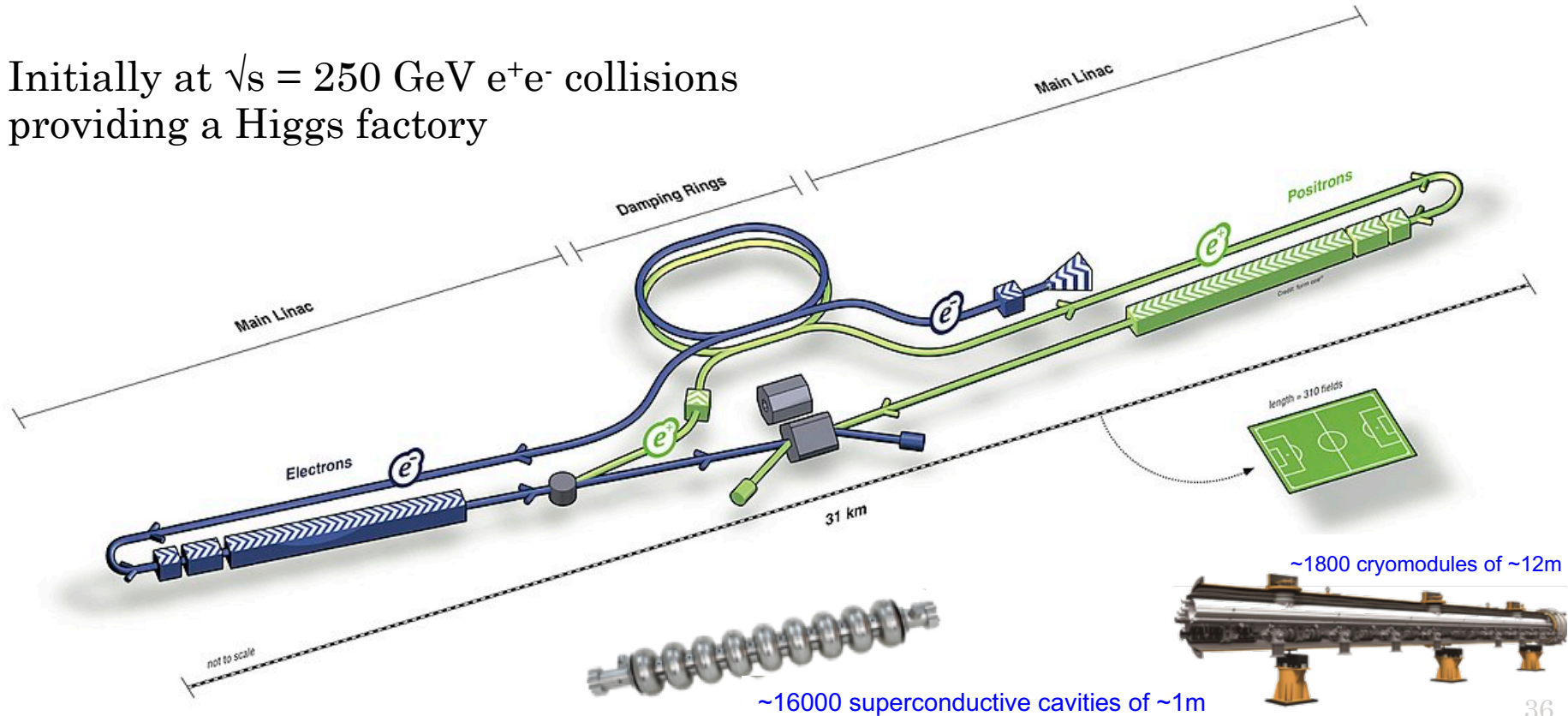
3<sup>rd</sup> priority

ILC at Japan

# Towards an update of the strategy

Europe looks forward to a [ILC] proposal from Japan to discuss a possible participation.

Initially at  $\sqrt{s} = 250$  GeV  $e^+e^-$  collisions providing a Higgs factory



# Towards an update of the strategy

Europe looks forward to a [ILC] proposal from Japan to discuss a possible participation.

## ***ICFA meeting, Tokyo, 6-8 March 2019***

- We were informed about the position of MEXT on the ILC project. We heard as well as a speech from Hon. Kawamura from the Federation of Diet Members for the ILC.  
<https://www.kek.jp/en/newsroom/2019/03/13/2100/>
- In response, the ICFA statement: [https://icfa.fnal.gov/wp-content/uploads/ICFA\\_Tokyo\\_Statement\\_March2019.pdf](https://icfa.fnal.gov/wp-content/uploads/ICFA_Tokyo_Statement_March2019.pdf)
- The letter from the Linear Collider Board (LCB):  
[https://icfa.fnal.gov/wp-content/uploads/LCB\\_letter\\_to\\_MEXT-signed.pdf](https://icfa.fnal.gov/wp-content/uploads/LCB_letter_to_MEXT-signed.pdf)



“MEXT has not yet reached declaration for hosting the ILC in Japan at this moment”

“MEXT will pay close attention to the progress of the discussions at the European Strategy for Particle Physics Update”

“MEXT will continue to discuss the ILC project with other governments while having an interest in the ILC project”

4<sup>th</sup> priority

Neutrino Platform

# Towards an update of the strategy

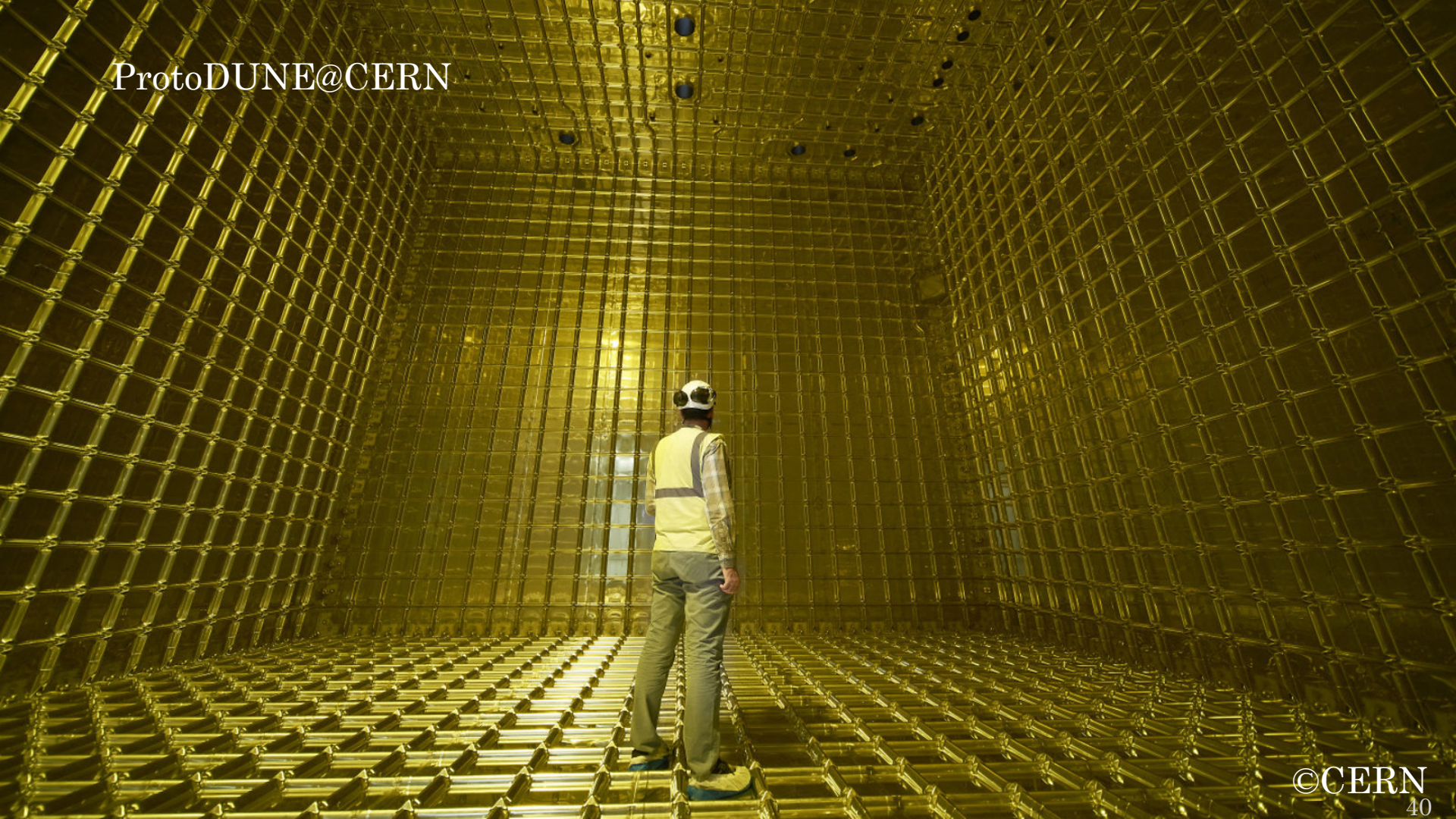
CERN should develop a neutrino programme to pave the way for a substantial European role in future long-baseline experiments. Europe should explore the possibility of major participation in leading long-baseline neutrino projects in the US and Japan.

Since 2014 the CERN Neutrino Platform fosters the collaboration of ~90 European institutions in detector R&D and construction.  
e.g. DUNE@LBNF (US) and ND280@T2K (Japan)

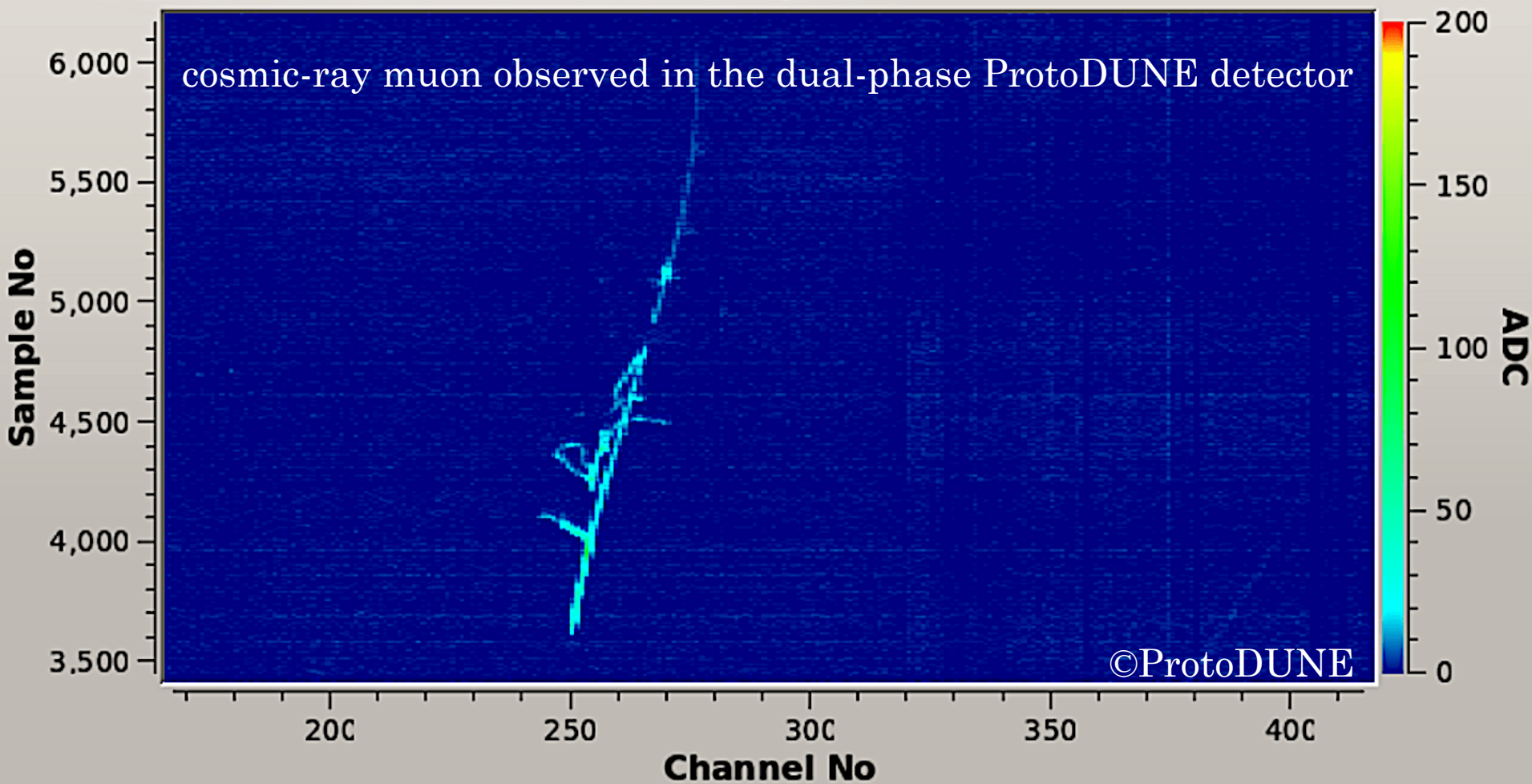
Upgrades are considered in due time for these long-baseline neutrino projects.  
e.g. doubling the beam power at DUNE (from 1.2MW to 2.4 MW)



ProtoDUNE@CERN







# Long-term strategy for Particle Physics



UPDATE of the European Particle Physics Strategy (2013)

Higgs discovery (2012)

Start data taking at the LHC (2010)

European Particle Physics Strategy (2006)

TODAY

UPDATE of the European Particle Physics Strategy (2020)

<https://europeanstrategy.cern>

Major facility after HL-LHC

Start data taking HL-LHC (2026)





Open Symposium

Towards updating the European Strategy for Particle Physics

May 13-16, 2019, Granada, Spain

<https://cafpe.ugr.es/epps2019/>

~600 participants

Information captured in 8 thematic summary talks

# Physics Briefing Book

## Physics Preparatory Group

- Overviewing the submitted input and the discussions in Granada
- Excluding references etc. about 200 pages
- The work of many!
- <http://cds.cern.ch/record/2691414>

## Physics Briefing Book



*Input for the European Strategy for Particle Physics Update 2020*

**Electroweak Physics:** Richard Keith Ellis<sup>1</sup>, Beate Heinemann<sup>2,3</sup> (*Conveners*)  
Jorge de Blas<sup>4,5</sup>, Maria Cepeda<sup>6</sup>, Christophe Grojean<sup>7,9</sup>, Fabio Maltoni<sup>8,9</sup>, Alejandro Nisati<sup>10</sup>,  
Elisabeth Petit<sup>11</sup>, Riccardo Rattazzi<sup>12</sup>, Wouter Verkerke<sup>13</sup> (*Contributors*)

**Strong Interactions:** Jorgen D'Hondt<sup>14</sup>, Krzysztof Redlich<sup>15</sup> (*Conveners*)  
Anton Andronic<sup>16</sup>, Ferenc Siklér<sup>17</sup> (*Scientific Secretaries*)  
Nestor Armesto<sup>18</sup>, Daniel Boer<sup>19</sup>, David d'Enterria<sup>20</sup>, Tetyana Galatyuk<sup>21</sup>, Thomas Gehrmann<sup>22</sup>,  
Klaus Kirch<sup>23</sup>, Uta Klein<sup>24</sup>, Jean-Philippe Lansberg<sup>25</sup>, Gavin P. Salam<sup>26</sup>, Gunar Schnell<sup>27</sup>,  
Johanna Stachel<sup>28</sup>, Tanguy Pierog<sup>29</sup>, Hartmut Wittig<sup>30</sup>, Urs Wiedemann<sup>20</sup> (*Contributors*)

**Flavour Physics:** Belen Gavela<sup>31</sup>, Antonio Zoccoli<sup>32</sup> (*Conveners*)  
Sandra Malvezzi<sup>33</sup>, Ana Teixeira<sup>34</sup>, Jure Zupan<sup>35</sup> (*Scientific Secretaries*)  
Daniel Aloni<sup>36</sup>, Augusto Ceccucci<sup>30</sup>, Avital Dery<sup>36</sup>, Michael Dine<sup>37</sup>, Svetlana Fajfer<sup>38</sup>, Stefania Gori<sup>37</sup>,  
Gudrun Hiller<sup>39</sup>, Gino Isidori<sup>22</sup>, Yoshikata Kuno<sup>40</sup>, Alberto Lusiani<sup>41</sup>, Yosef Nir<sup>36</sup>,  
Marie-Helene Schune<sup>42</sup>, Marco Sozzi<sup>43</sup>, Stephan Paul<sup>44</sup>, Carlos Pena<sup>31</sup> (*Contributors*)

**Neutrino Physics & Cosmic Messengers:** Stan Bentvelsen<sup>45</sup>, Marco Zito<sup>46,47</sup> (*Conveners*)  
Albert De Roeck<sup>20</sup>, Thomas Schwetz<sup>20</sup> (*Scientific Secretaries*)  
Bonnie Fleming<sup>48</sup>, Francis Halzen<sup>49</sup>, Andreas Haungs<sup>20</sup>, Marek Kowalski<sup>2</sup>, Susanne Mertens<sup>44</sup>,  
Mauro Mezzetto<sup>5</sup>, Silvia Pascoli<sup>50</sup>, Bangalore Sathyaprakash<sup>51</sup>, Nicola Serra<sup>72</sup> (*Contributors*)

**Beyond the Standard Model:** Gian F. Giudice<sup>20</sup>, Paris Sphicas<sup>20,52</sup> (*Conveners*)  
Juan Alcaraz Maestre<sup>6</sup>, Caterina Dogliani<sup>53</sup>, Gaia Lanfranchi<sup>20,54</sup>, Monica D'Onofrio<sup>24</sup>,  
Matthew McCullough<sup>20</sup>, Gilad Perez<sup>36</sup>, Philipp Roloff<sup>20</sup>, Veronica Sanz<sup>55</sup>, Andreas Weiler<sup>24</sup>,  
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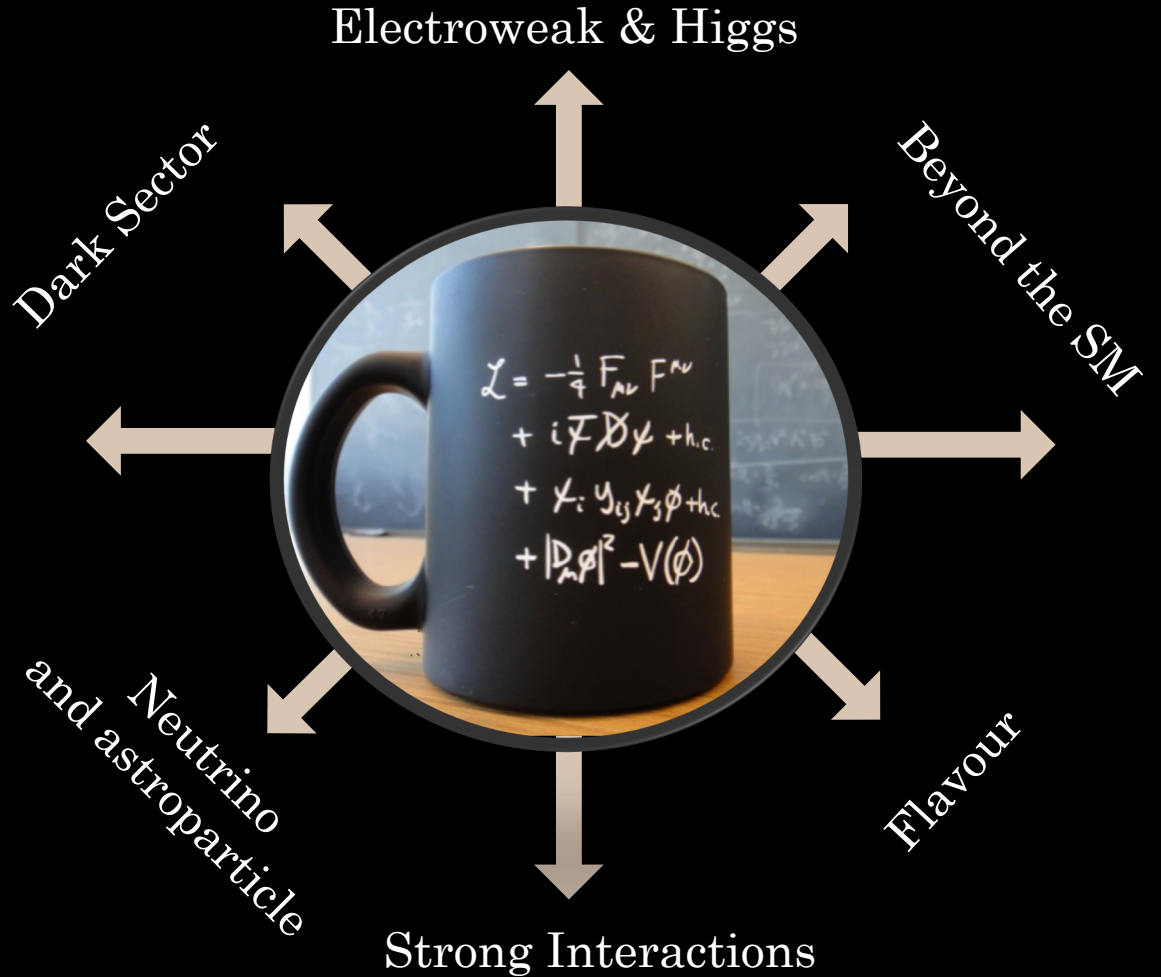
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Babette Döbrich<sup>20</sup>, Caterina Dogliani<sup>53</sup>, Joerg Jaeckel<sup>28</sup>, Gordan Krnjaic<sup>57</sup>, Jocelyn Monroe<sup>58</sup>,  
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Lucio Rossi<sup>20</sup>, Daniel Schulte<sup>20</sup>, Mike Seide<sup>62</sup>, Vladimir Shiltsev<sup>63</sup>, Steinar Stapnes<sup>20</sup>,  
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**Instrumentation and Computing:** Xinchou Lou<sup>65</sup>, Brigitte Vachon<sup>66</sup> (*Conveners*)  
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Ian Bird<sup>20</sup>, Amber Boehnlein<sup>68</sup>, Simone Campana<sup>20</sup>, Ariella Cattai<sup>20</sup>, Didier Contardo<sup>69</sup>,  
Cinzia Da Via<sup>70</sup>, Francesco Forti<sup>71</sup>, Maria Gironi<sup>20</sup>, Matthias Kasemann<sup>2</sup>, Weidon Li<sup>65</sup>,  
Lucie Linssen<sup>20</sup>, Felix Sefkow<sup>2</sup>, Graeme Stewart<sup>20</sup> (*Contributors*)

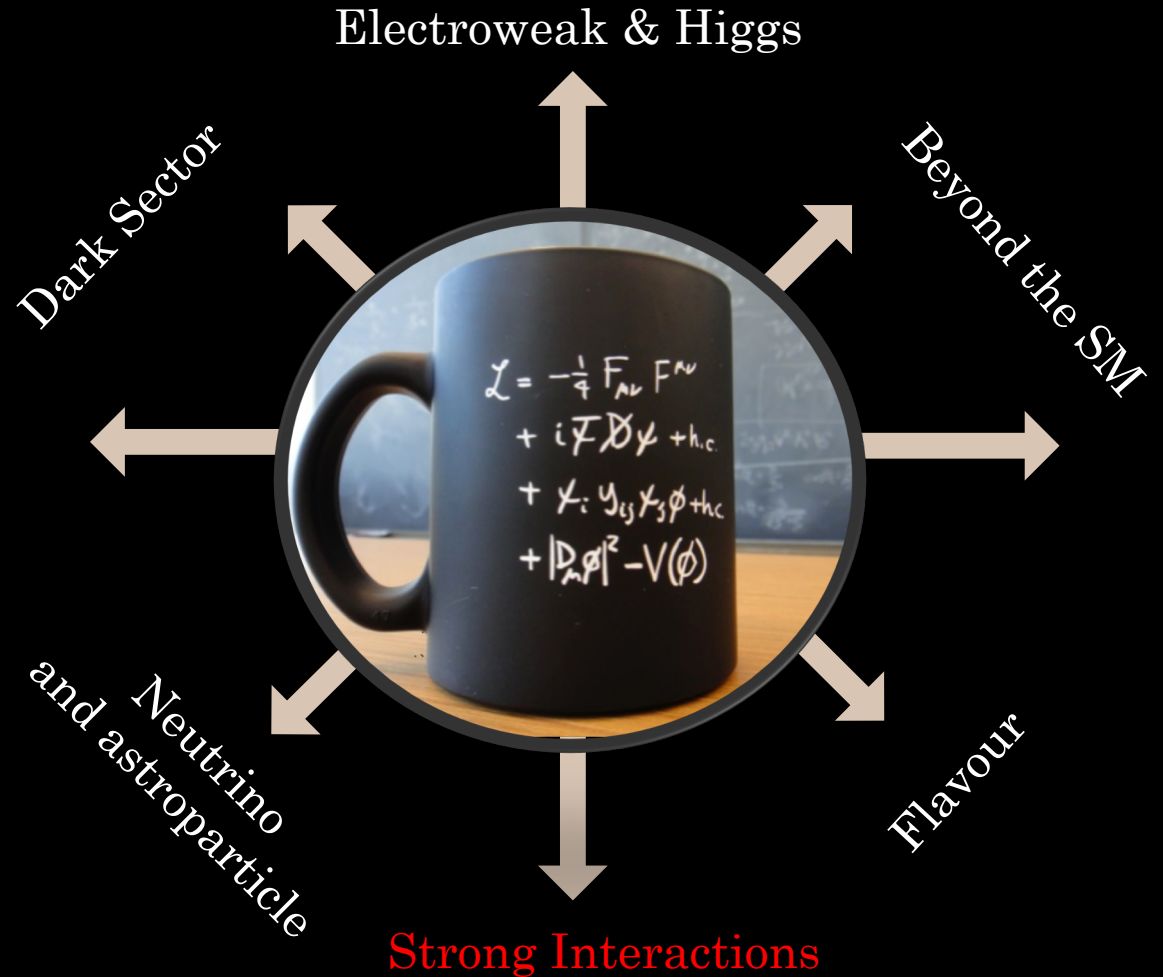
**Editors:** Halina Abramowicz<sup>72</sup>, Roger Forty<sup>20</sup>, and the Conveners

The Granada physics themes



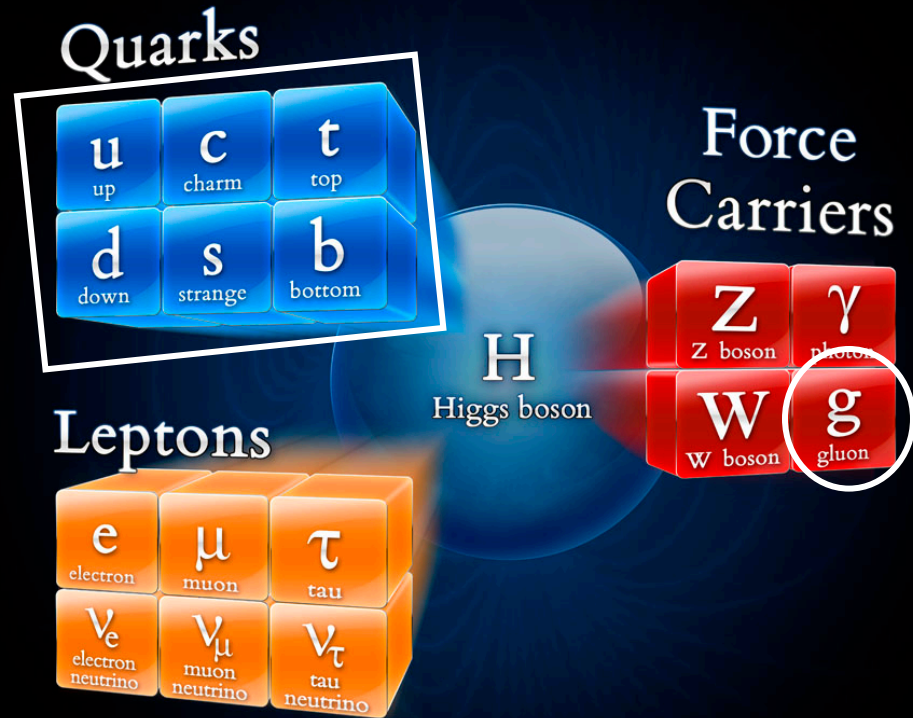
The Granada  
themes

*Strong Interactions*



# The Granada themes

## *Strong Interactions*



# Strong interactions

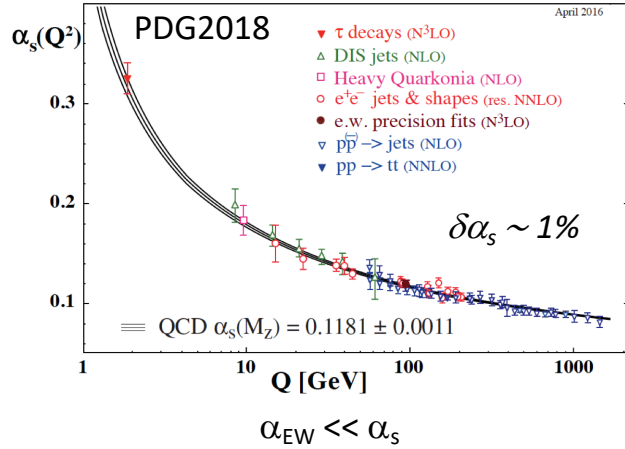
QCD theory:  $\mathcal{L}_{\text{QCD}} = -\frac{1}{4} F_{\mu\nu}^a F_a^{\mu\nu} + \bar{\psi}(i\not{D} - m)\psi$

**colour confinement**  
 $\alpha_s(Q^2 \text{ low}) \sim 1$

key phenomena  
 (non-Abelian gauge group)

**asymptotic freedom**  
 $\alpha_s(Q^2 \text{ high}) \ll 1$

**“hot and dense QCD”**  
 (low energy domain)  
 (lattice calculations)



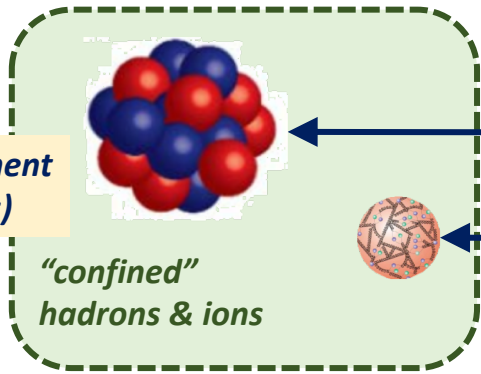
**“vacuum QCD”**  
 (high energy domain)  
 (perturbative calculations)

*“hot and dense QCD”*



*“vacuum QCD”*

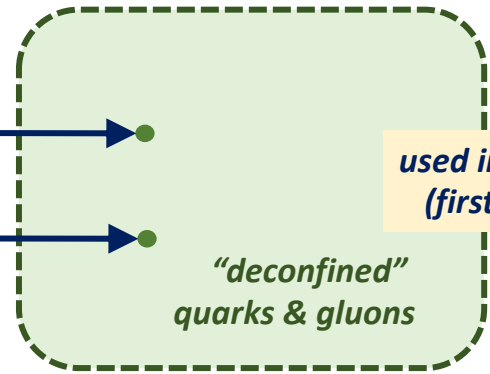
*used in experiment  
(applications)*



*Equation-of-State*

*PDFs*

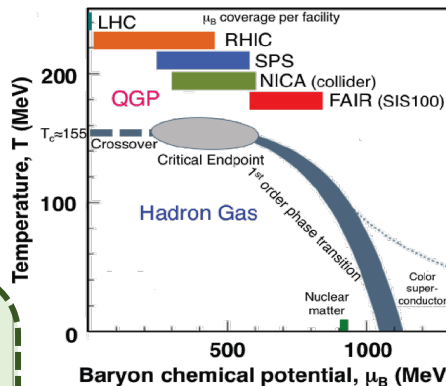
*used in Lagrangian  
(first principles)*



# “hot and dense QCD”

# “vacuum QCD”

How do properties of the QGP emerge from the fundamental QCD interactions as a function of system size and under varying conditions of initial energy density and baryon chemical potential?



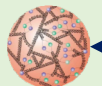
From LQCD:  $T_c (\mu_B=0) = 156.5 \pm 1.5$  MeV

From experiment: determination of chemical freeze-out temperature

used in experiment (applications)



“confined” hadrons & ions



Equation-of-State

PDFs

used in Lagrangian (first principles)

“deconfined” quarks & gluons



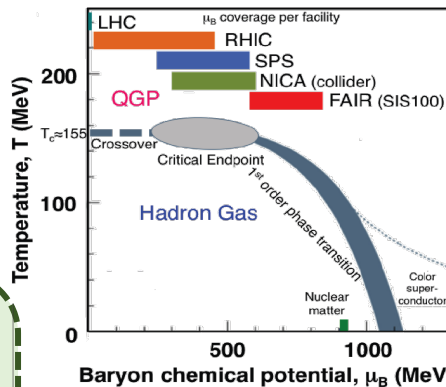
# “hot and dense QCD”

# “vacuum QCD”

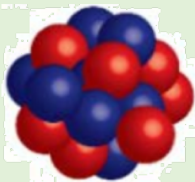
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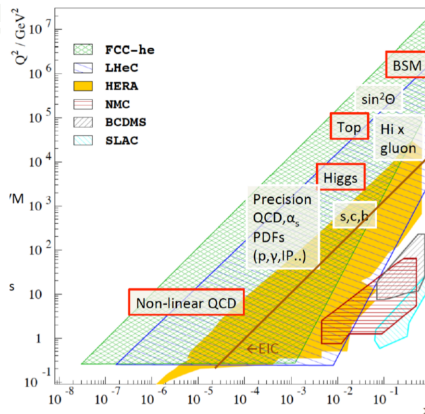
Equation-of-State

PDFs

used in Lagrangian (first principles)

“deconfined” quarks & gluons

What are the experimental and theoretical pre-requisites to reach an adequate precision of perturbative and non-perturbative QCD predictions at the highest energies?



From QCD: evolution equations of PDFs

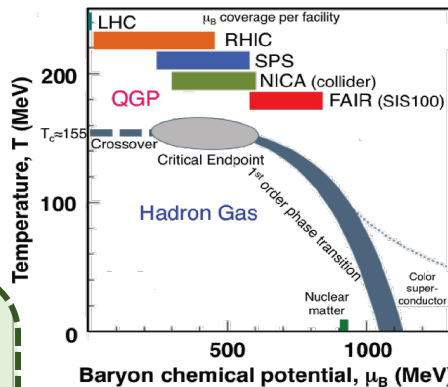
From experiment: PDF parameters values themselves

# “hot and dense QCD”

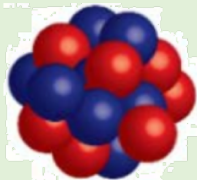
# “vacuum QCD”

How do properties of the QGP emerge from the fundamental QCD interactions as a function of system size and under varying conditions of initial energy density and baryon chemical potential?

Key facilities involve collisions with heavy ions



used in experiment (applications)



“confined” hadrons & ions

Equation-of-State

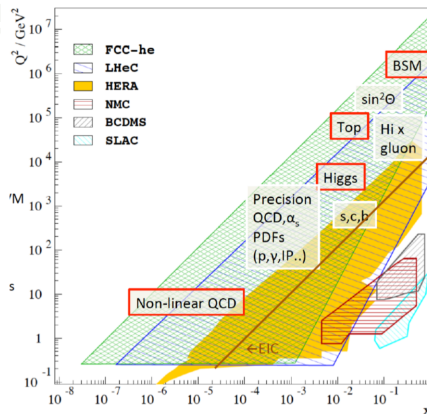
PDFs

used in Lagrangian (first principles)

“deconfined” quarks & gluons

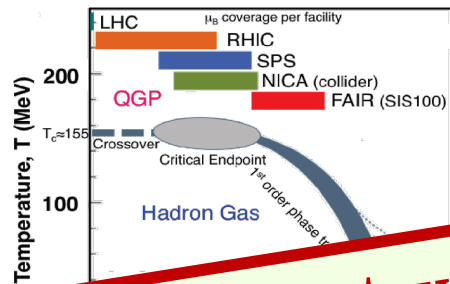
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Key facilities involve collisions with protons



**“hot and dense QCD”**

**“vacuum QCD”**



Key facilities involve collisions with heavy ions

**Synergies between nuclear and particle physics**

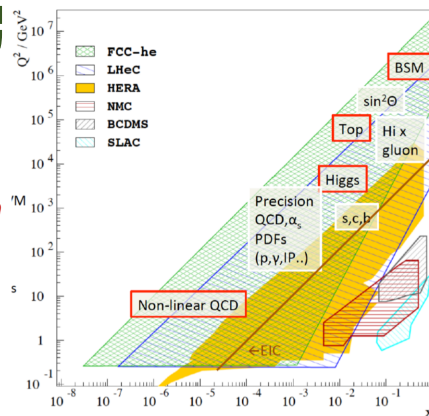
used in (app)

hadrons & ions

used in Lagrangian (first principles)

“deconfined” quarks & gluons

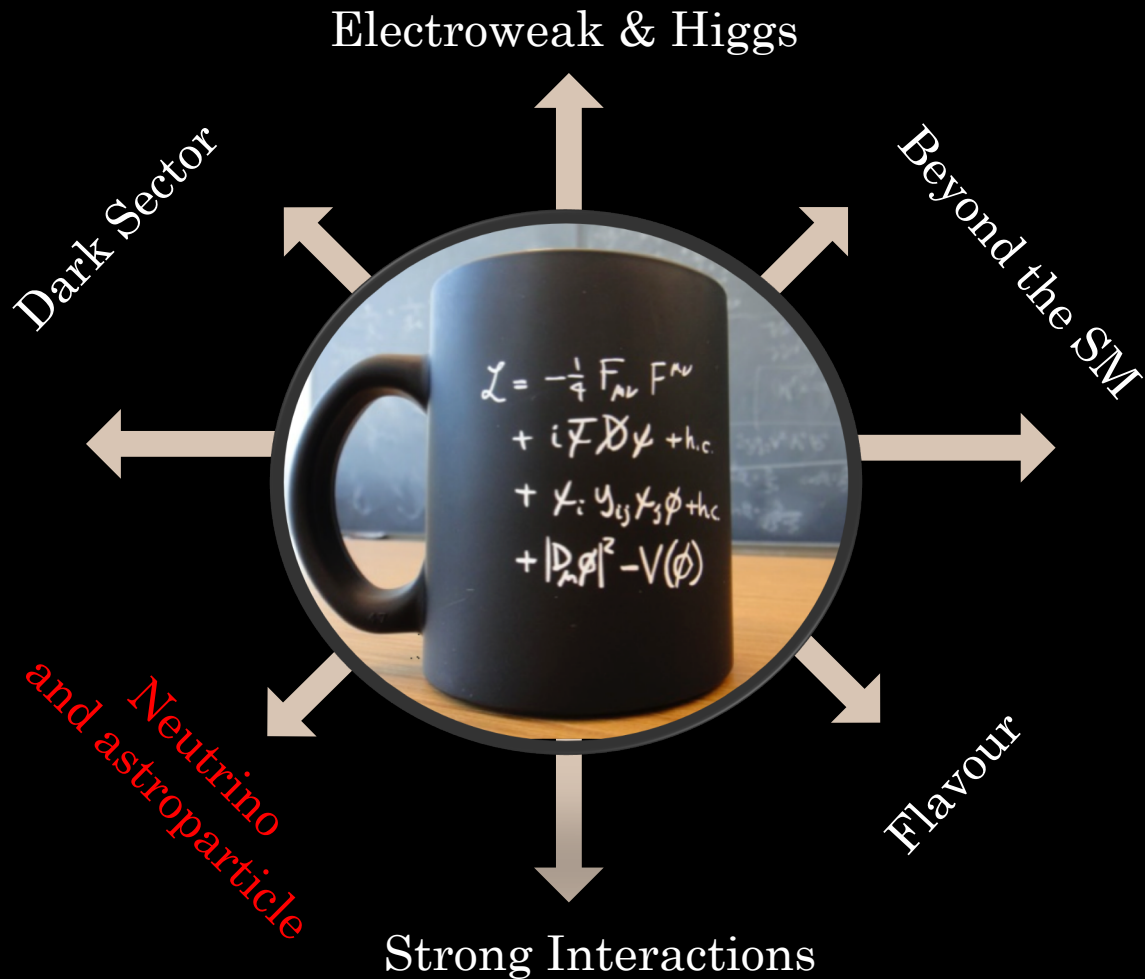
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What are the experimental and theoretical pre-requisites to reach an adequate precision of perturbative and non-perturbative QCD predictions at the highest energies?

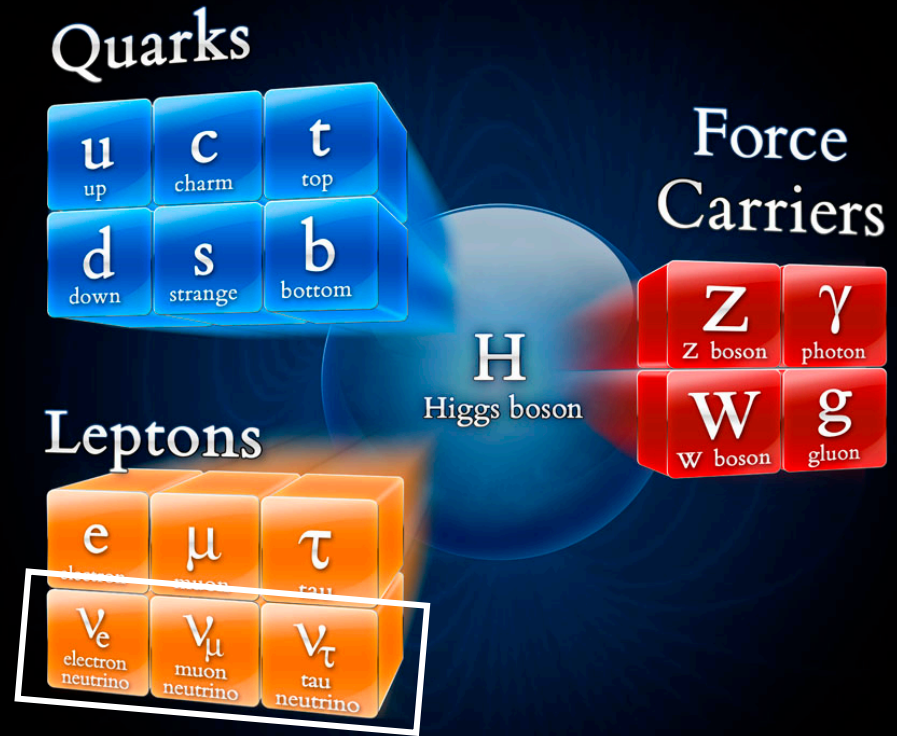
# The Granada themes

*Neutrino and astroparticle*



# The Granada themes

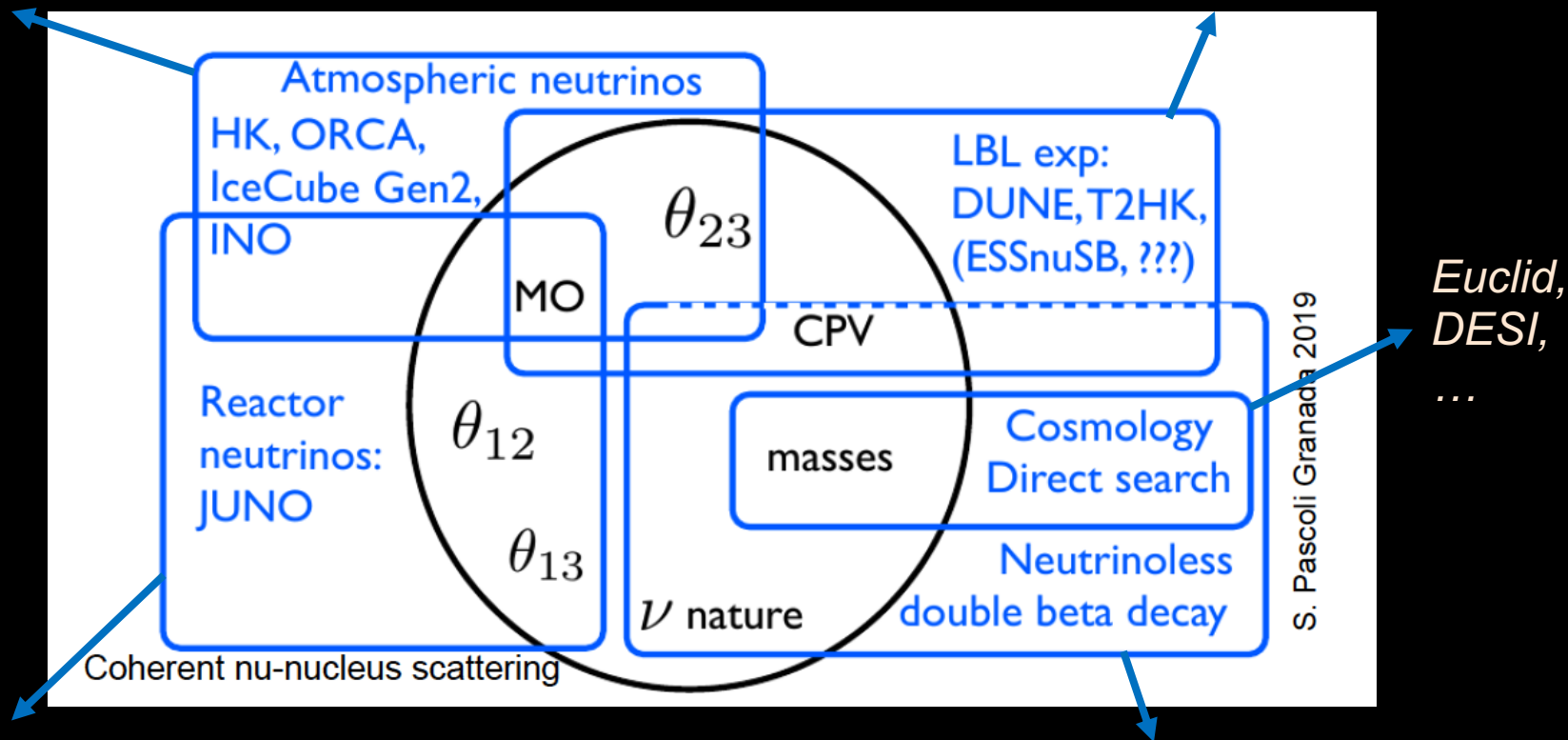
*Neutrino and astroparticle*



# Need for a diverse approach – *every neutrino source counts*

*Complementary for mass ordering and sterile neutrinos*

*Collaboration with QCD/nuclear models (NA61)  
CERN Neutrino Platform essential*



*Sterile neutrinos*

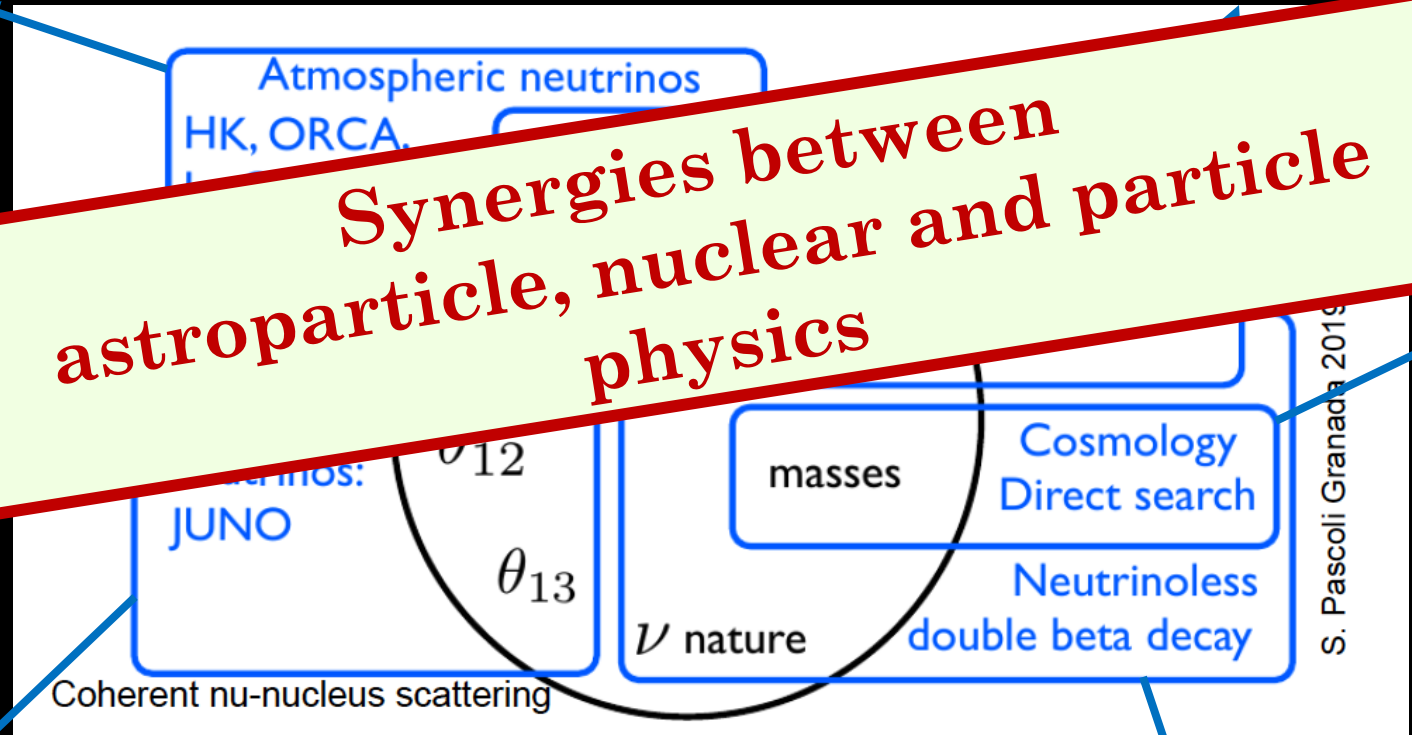
*Upcoming experiments: LEGEND, CUPID, NEXT, ...*

# Need for a diverse approach – *every neutrino source counts*

*Complementary for mass ordering and sterile neutrinos*

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**Synergies between astroparticle, nuclear and particle physics**



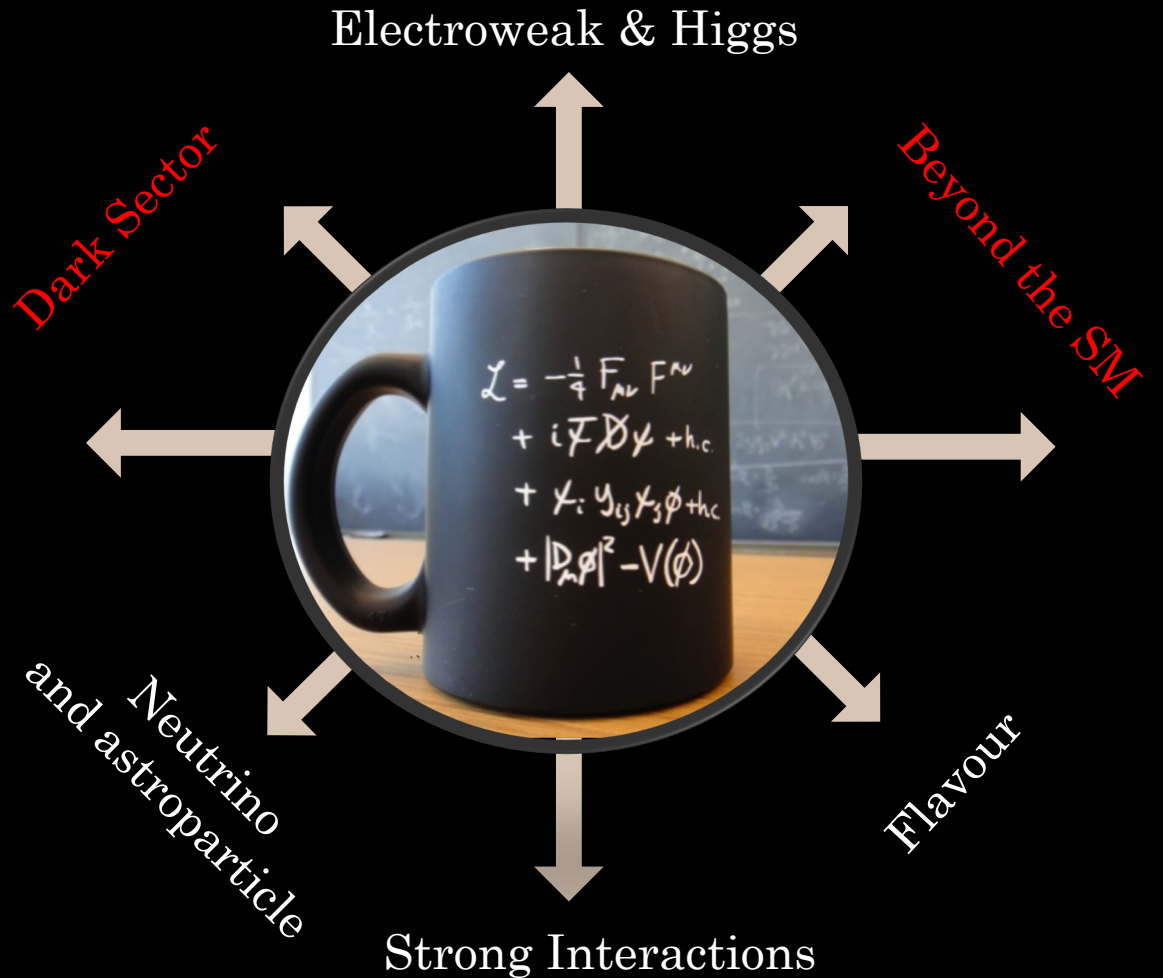
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The Granada  
themes

*Beyond the SM  
&  
Dark Sector*



# The Granada themes

*Beyond the SM  
&  
Dark Sector*

## Quarks

u up	c charm	t top
d down	s strange	b bottom

## Leptons

e electron	$\mu$ muon	$\tau$ tau
$\nu_e$ electron neutrino	$\nu_\mu$ muon neutrino	$\nu_\tau$ tau neutrino

## Force Carriers

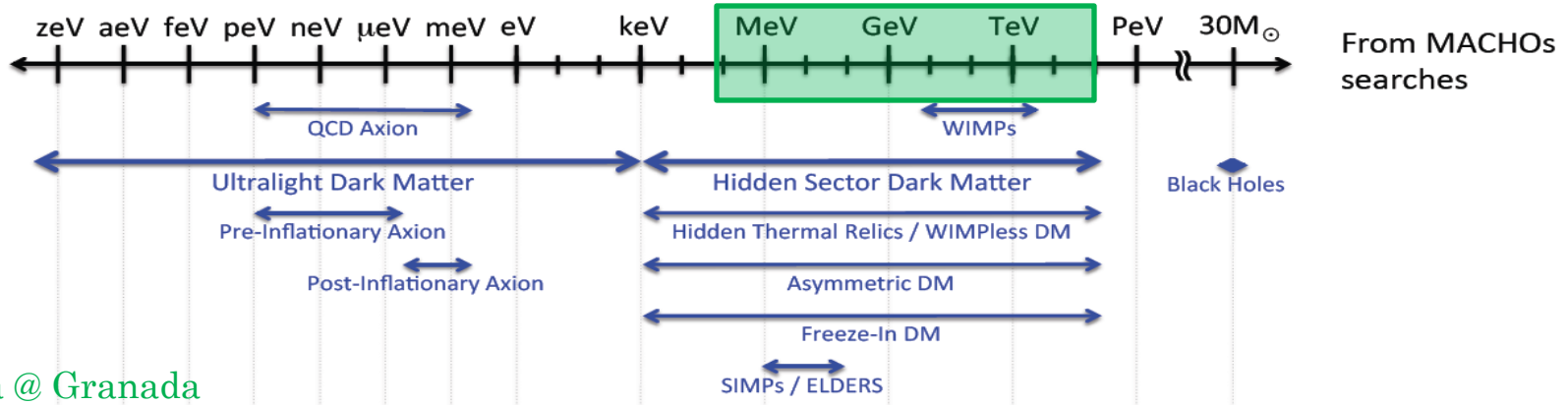
Z Z boson	$\gamma$ photon
W W boson	g gluon

H  
Higgs boson



# Dark Matter: Where to start looking? Very little clue on the mass scale...

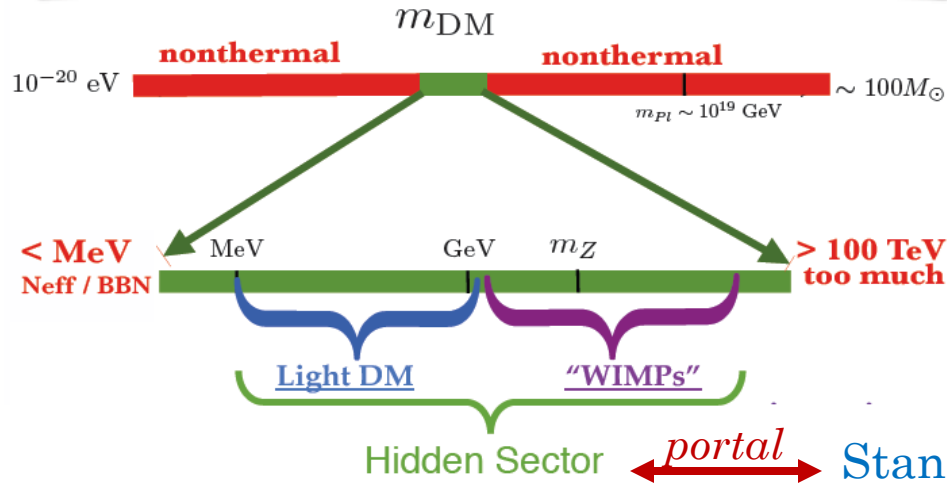
Too small mass  
 ⇒ won't "fit"  
 in a galaxy!



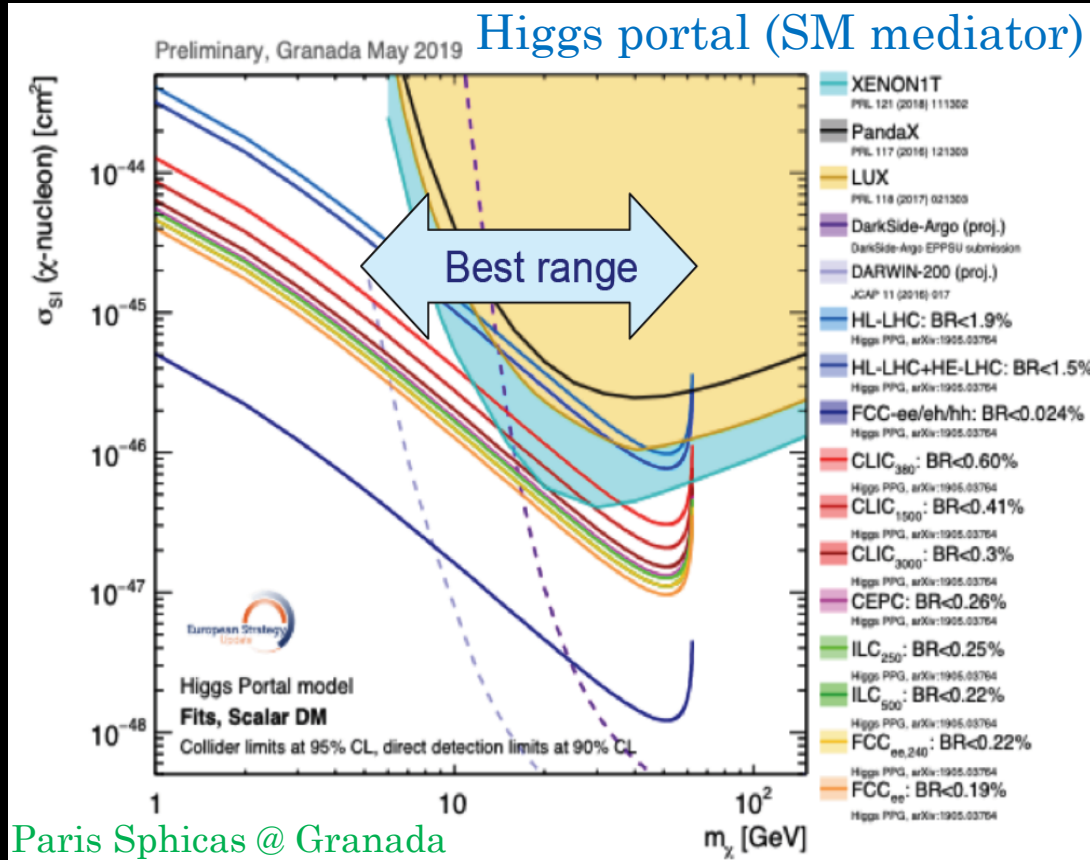
Marcela Carena @ Granada

The assumption of Thermal Equilibrium in the early Universe narrows the viable mass range.

Interesting phenomena like long-lived particles and feebly interacting particles.



# Complementarity between Direct Detection and Collider

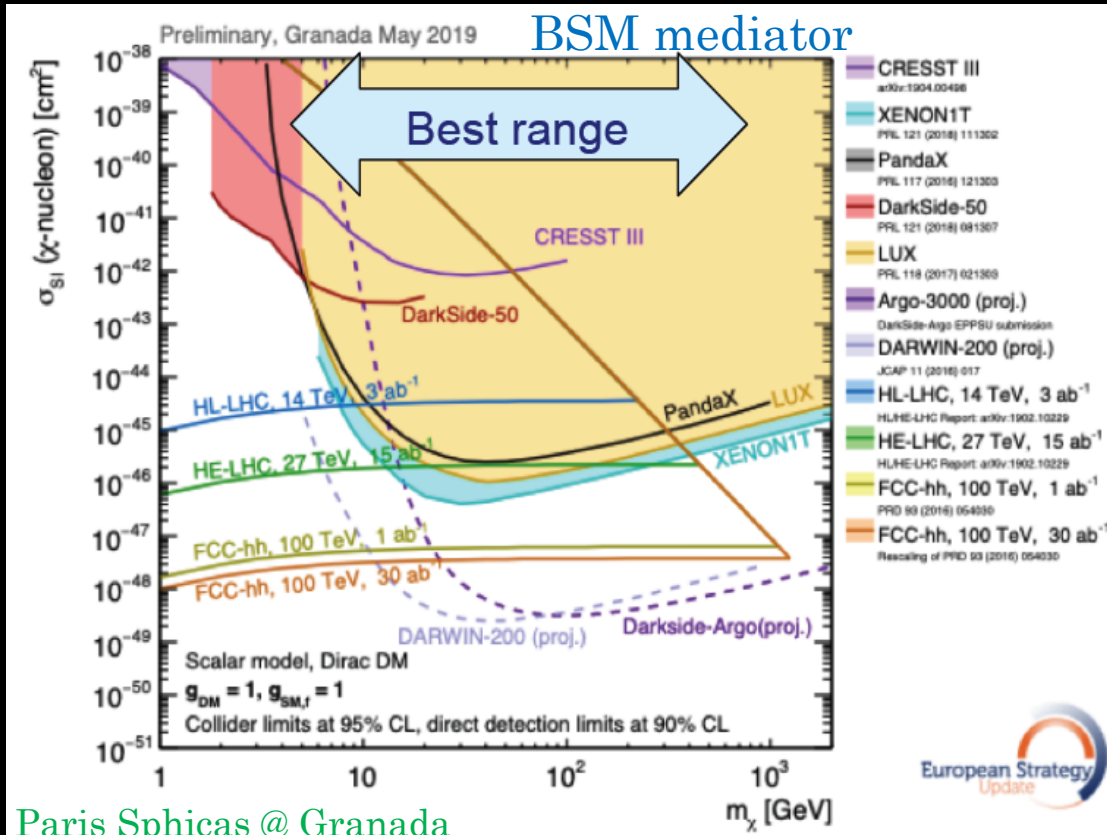


A collider discovery will need confirmation from DD/ID for cosmological origin

A DD/ID discovery will need confirmation from colliders to understand the nature of the interaction

A future collider program that optimizes sensitivity to invisible particles coherently with DD/ID serves us well. Need maximum overlap with DD/ID.

# Complementarity between Direct Detection and Collider



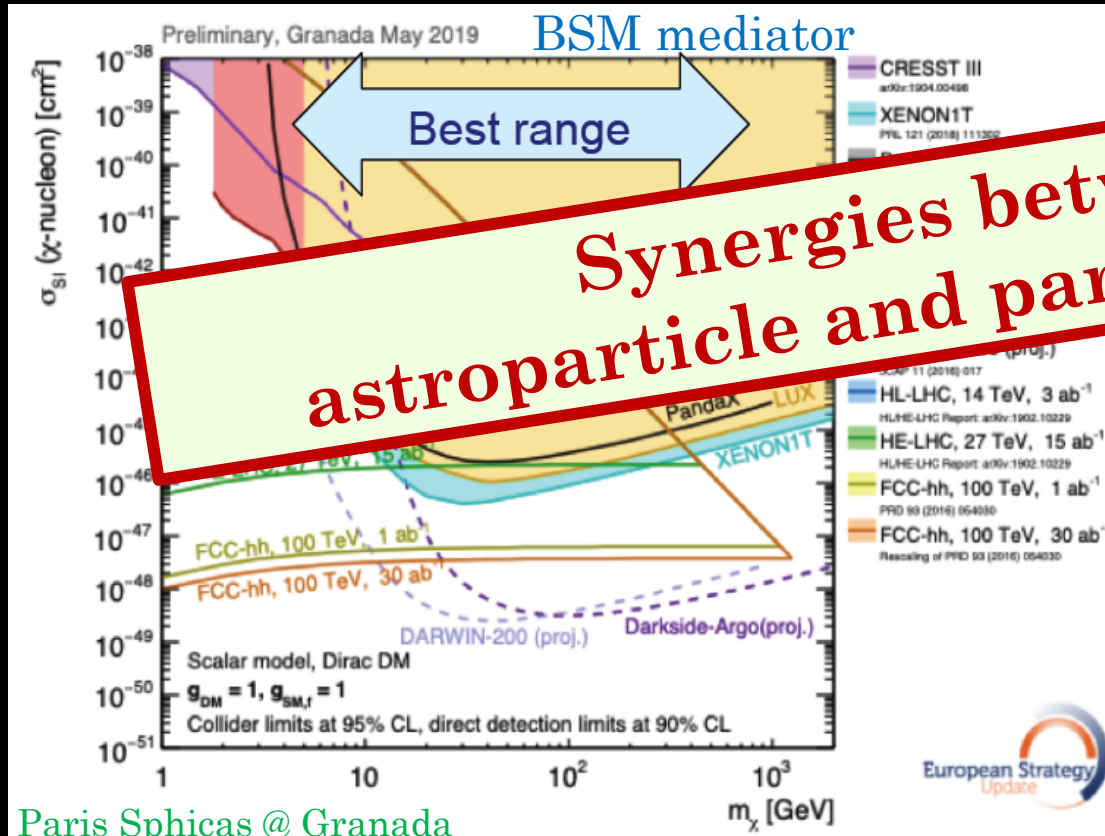
Paris Sphicas @ Granada

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# Complementarity between Direct Detection and Collider



**Synergies between astroparticle and particle physics**

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## Wrapping-up













# JENAS-2019

Joint ECFA-NuPECC-ApPEC Seminar  
jointly organized by LAL, IPNO, IRFU and LPNHE

October 14-16, 2019

Auditorium Pierre Lehmann, bât. 200, Faculté d'Orsay

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Thank you for your attention





