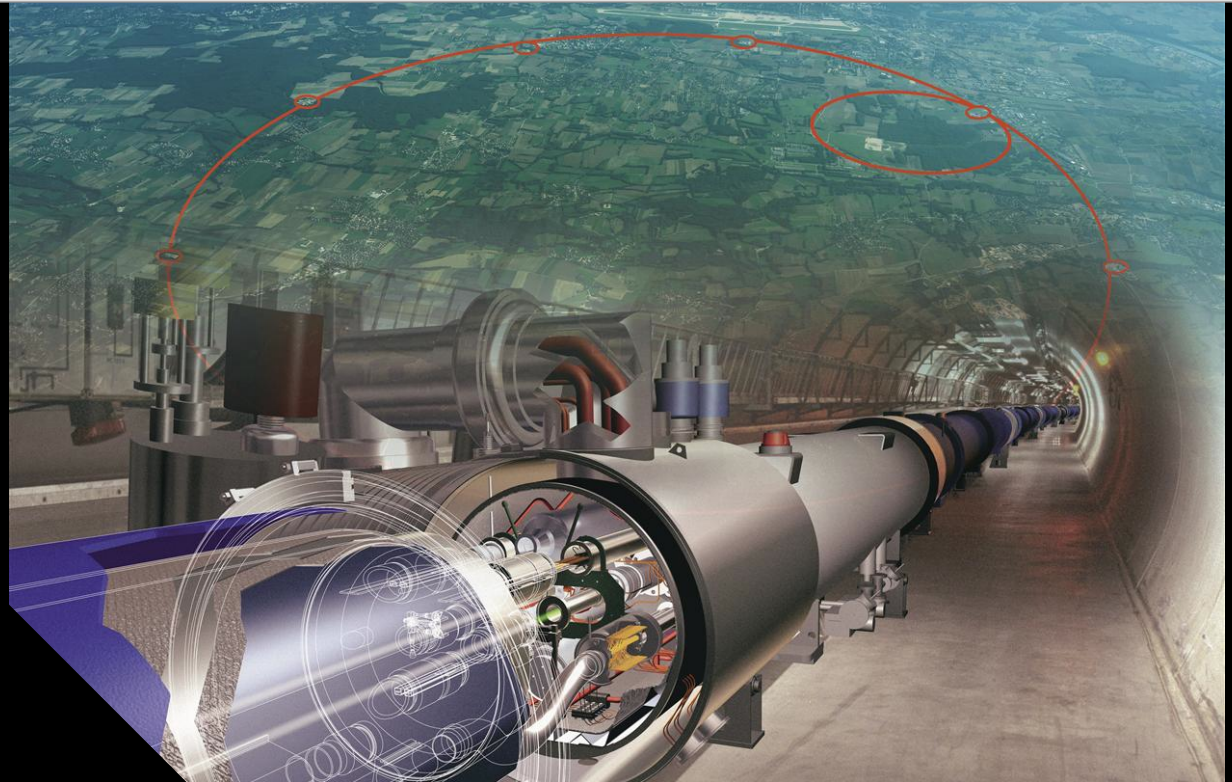


Road to an update of the European HEP Strategy

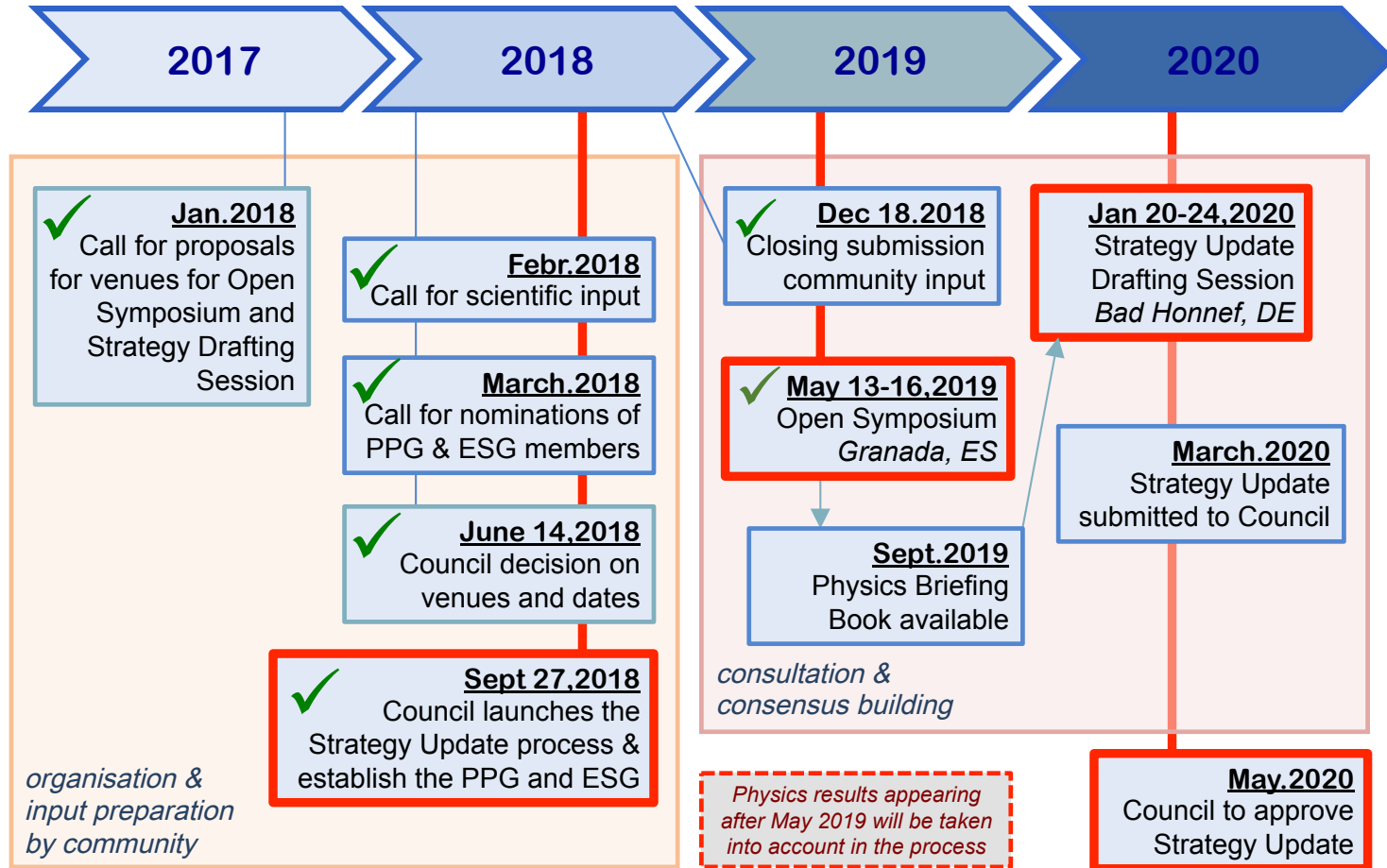
Jorgen D'Hondt
Vrije Universiteit Brussel
ECFA chairperson
[\(<https://ecfa.web.cern.ch>\)](https://ecfa.web.cern.ch)

ICFA meeting
August 7, 2019
Toronto



HEP@VUB
BRUSSELS

VUB
iihe
BRUXELLES BRUSSEL





Open Symposium

Towards updating the European Strategy for Particle Physics

May 13-16, 2019, Granada, Spain

<https://cafpe.ugr.es/epps2019/>

~600 participants

Information captured in 8 thematic summary talks

Long-term strategy for Particle Physics



Organization (2013 update):

<http://europeanstrategygroup.web.cern.ch/europeanstrategygroup/>

UPDATE of the European Particle Physics Strategy (2013)

TODAY

Higgs discovery (2012)

Start data taking at the LHC (2010)

European Particle Physics Strategy (2006)

Organization (2006):

<http://council-strategygroup.web.cern.ch/council-strategygroup/>

The European Particle Physics Strategy 2013

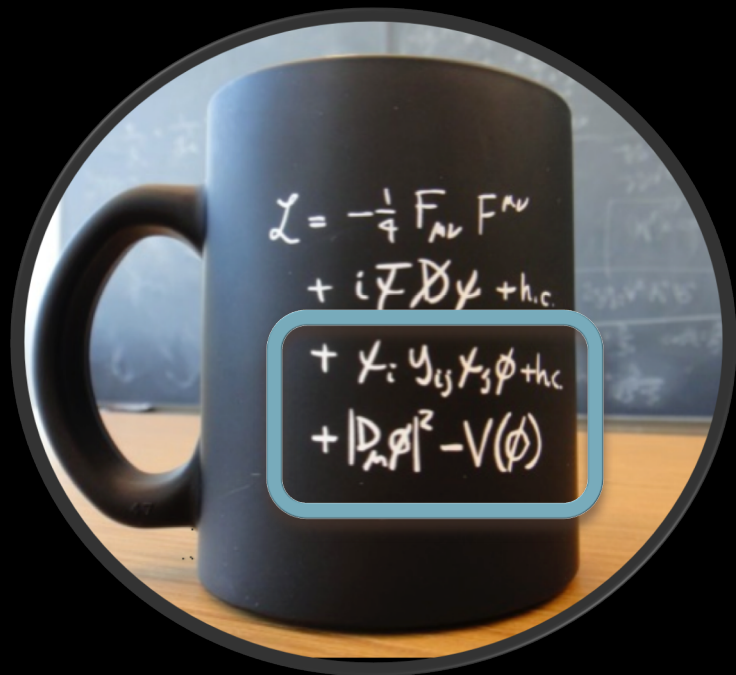
<https://cds.cern.ch/record/1567258/files/esc-e-106.pdf> - with the highest priority

- ① Europe's top priority should be the exploitation of the full potential of the LHC, including the high-luminosity upgrade of the machine and detectors with a view to collecting ten times more data than in the initial design, by around 2030. This upgrade programme will also provide further exciting opportunities for the study of flavour physics and the quark-gluon plasma.
- ② CERN should undertake design studies for accelerator projects in a global context, with emphasis on proton-proton and electron-positron high-energy frontier machines. These design studies should be coupled to a vigorous accelerator R&D programme, including high-field magnets and high-gradient accelerating structures, in collaboration with national institutes, laboratories and universities worldwide.
- ③ Europe looks forward to a [ILC] proposal from Japan to discuss a possible participation.
- ④ CERN should develop a neutrino programme to pave the way for a substantial European role in future long-baseline experiments. Europe should explore the possibility of major participation in leading long-baseline neutrino projects in the US and Japan.

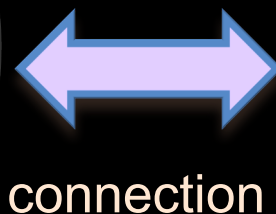
1st priority

LHC and HL-LHC

Initial legacy impact of the LHC



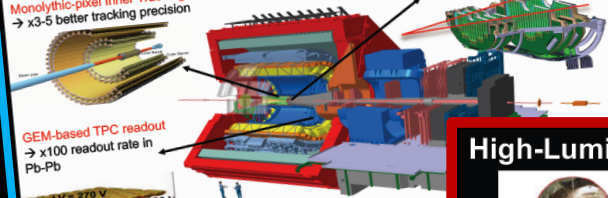
a MORE PRECISE and more COMPLETE description



new physics

ALICE – Upgrade LS2 – study Quark-Gluon Plasma formed in nuclear collisions

Monolithic-pixel Inner Tracking System
→ x3-5 better tracking precision



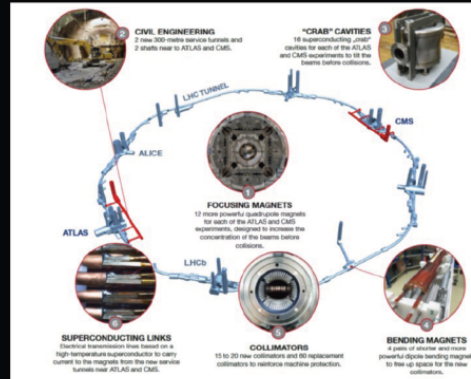
GEM-based TPC readout
→ x100 readout rate in Pb-Pb

$\Delta V = 270\text{ V}$ $\Delta V = 500\text{ V}$
 $\Delta V = 230\text{ V}$ $\Delta V = 50\text{ V}$
 $\Delta V = 280\text{ V}$ $\Delta V = 20\text{ V}$
 $\Delta V = 300\text{ V}$ $\Delta V = 200\text{ V}$

- Low- p_T heavy-flavour mesons/baryons;
- Low- p_T charmonia; c-bar melting and
- Low-mass di-electrons: QGP thermal

Pixel Muon Forward Tracker
→ non-prompt muons from B decays

High-Luminosity LHC: 300/fb (by 2023) → 3000/fb (by 2037)



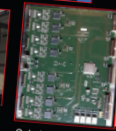
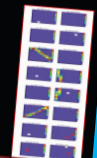
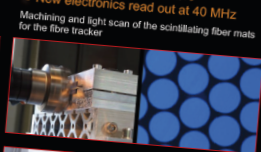
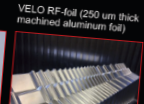
- New IR-quads Nb_3Sn (inner triplets)
- New 11 T Nb_3Sn (short) dipoles
- Collimation upgrade
- Cryogenics upgrade
- Crab Cavities
- Cold powering
- Machine protection
- Civil engineering

Formal approval by CERN Council (June 2016)
Cost to Completion : 950 MCHF (material)

Detector plan

LHCb – Upgrade LS2

Construction well advanced



Will collect 50 fb⁻¹ at instantaneous lumi of 2x10³³cm⁻²s⁻¹
Full software trigger
New tracking detectors
New RICH photon detectors
New electronics read out at 40 MHz

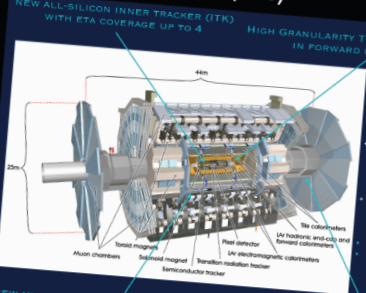
Machining and light scan of the scintillating fiber mats for the fibre tracker

First scintillating fibre modules arriving at CERN

Calorimeter front-end board

Muon system readout ASIC

ATLAS – Upgrade Phase II (LS3)



NEW ALL-SILICON INNER TRACKER (ITK) WITH η COVERAGE UP TO 4

HIGH GRANULARITY TRACKING IN FORWARD REGION

ITDAQ OFF-DETECTOR ELECTRONICS:

- LO HARDWARE TRIGGER
- LO CALORIMETER
- LO TOPOLOGICAL
- LO MUON
- LO GLOBAL
- L1 HARDWARE TRIGGER (OPTIONAL)
- L1 GLOBAL
- L1 TRACK TRIGGER
- READOUT SYSTEM
- HLT

NEW MUON CHAMBERS IN THE INNER BARREL REGION

FORWARD MUON TRACKER (OPTIONAL)

CMS – Upgrade Phase II (LS3)

Trigger/HLT/DAQ (interim TDR submitted)

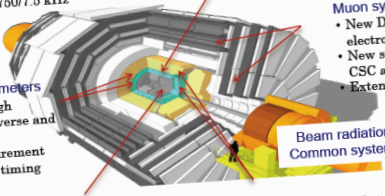
- Track information in trigger at 40 MHz
- 12.5 μs latency
- HLT input/output 750/7.5 kHz

New Endcap Calorimeters

- Rad. tolerant - High granularity transverse and longitudinal
- 4D shower measurement including precise timing capability

New Tracker

- Rad. tolerant - increased granularity - lighter
- 40 MHz selective readout (strips) for Trigger
- Extended coverage to $\eta \approx 3.8$



Barrel EM calorimeter

- New FE/BE electronics for full granularity readout at 40 MHz - with improved time resolution
- Lower operating temperature ($\delta >$)

Muon systems

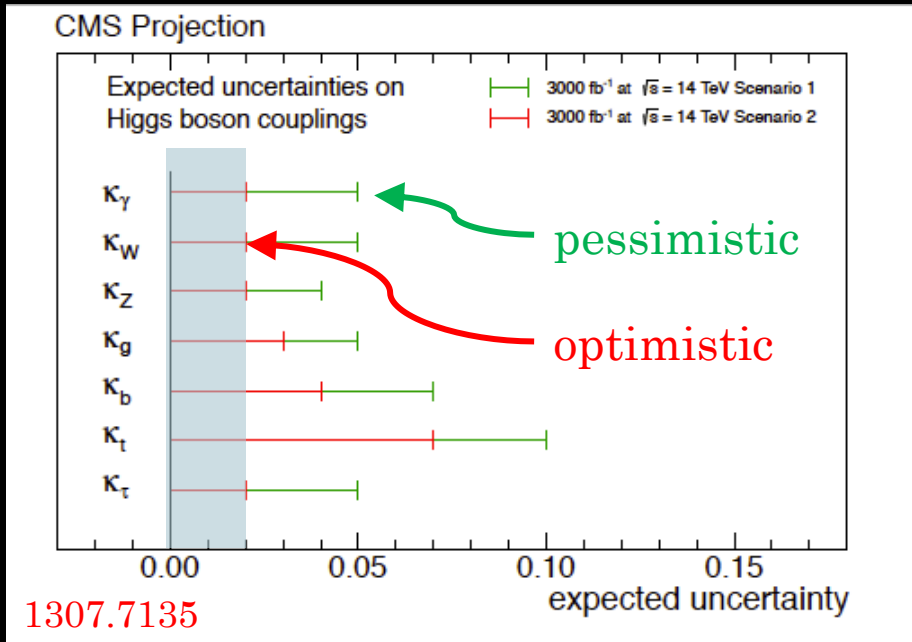
- New DT & CSC FE/BE electronics
- New station to complete CSC at $1.6 < \eta < 2.4$
- Extended coverage to $\eta \approx 3$

Beam radiation and luminosity Common systems and infrastructure

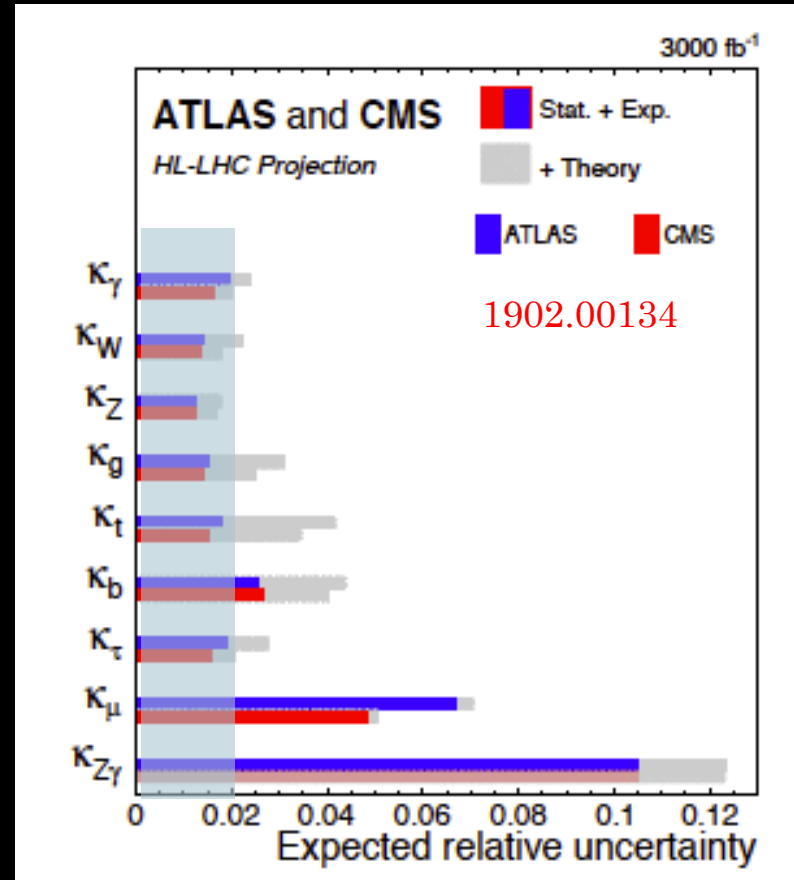
MIP precision Timing Detector

- Barrel layer: Crystal + SiPM
- Endcap layer: Low Gain Avalanche Diodes

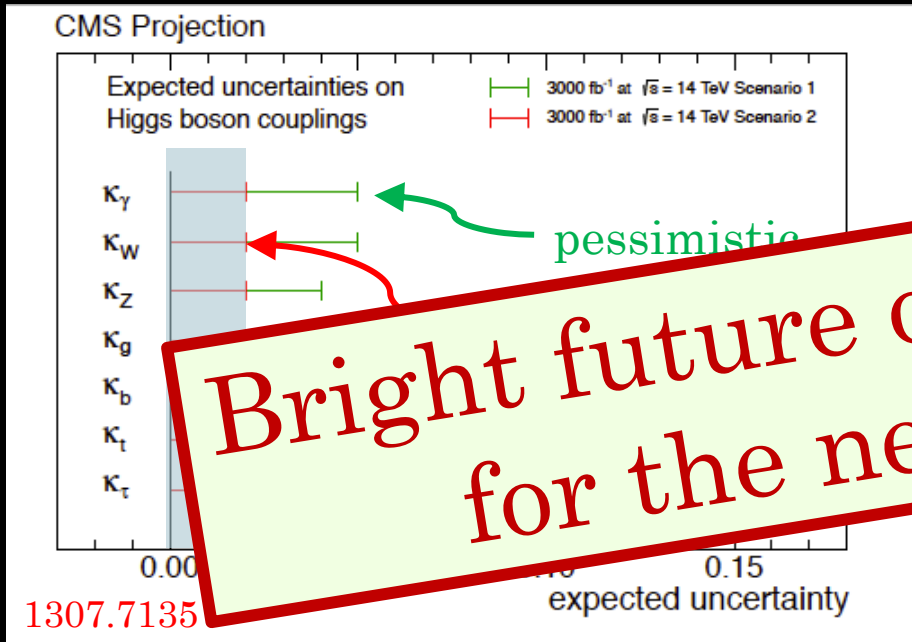
Potential HL-LHC performance in Higgs couplings *anno 2013 versus anno 2019*



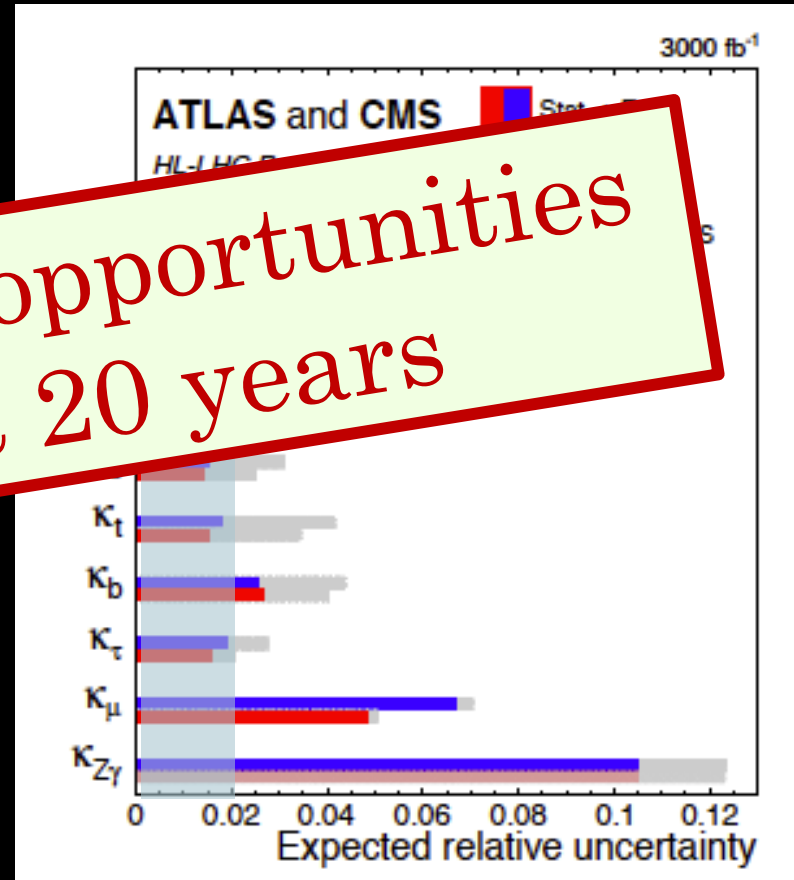
Taking into account innovative thoughts and research experience, what was optimistic in 2013 seems realistic in 2019.



Potential HL-LHC performance in Higgs couplings *anno 2013 versus anno 2019*



Bright future of opportunities
for the next 20 years



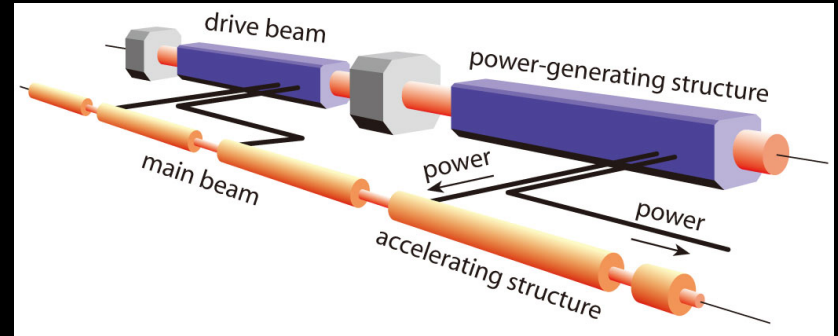
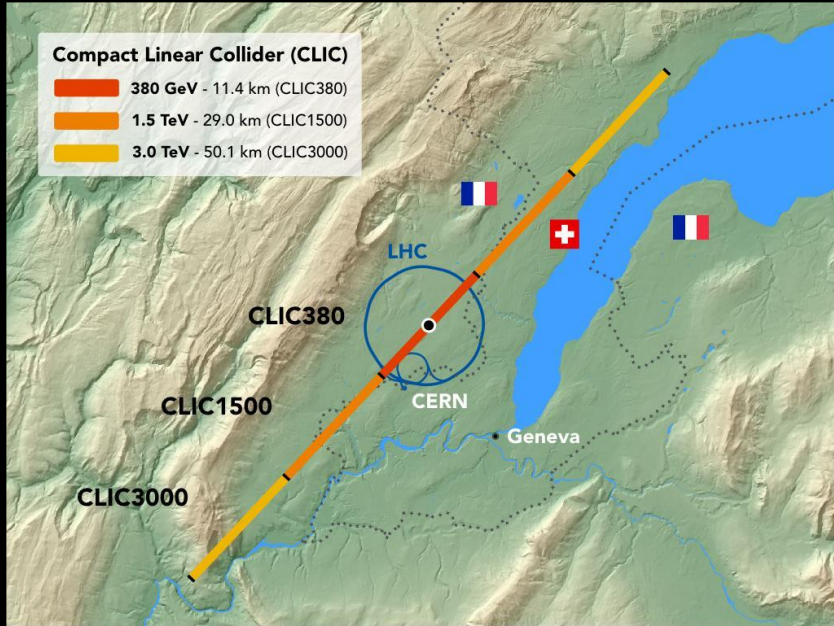
Taking into account innovative thoughts and research experience, what was optimistic in 2013 seems realistic in 2019.

2nd priority

Future colliders at CERN

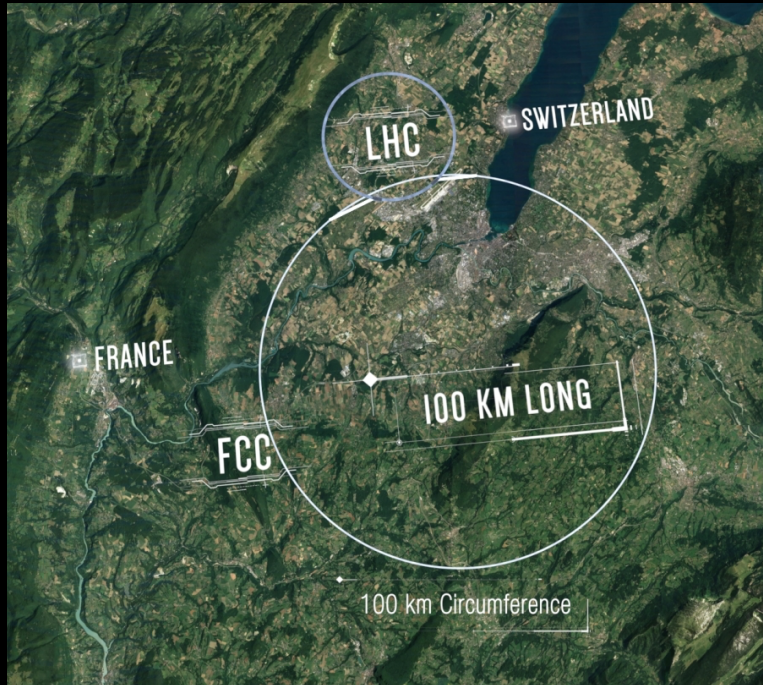
Concrete collider options studied at CERN

CLIC (ee), <http://clic-study.web.cern.ch/>

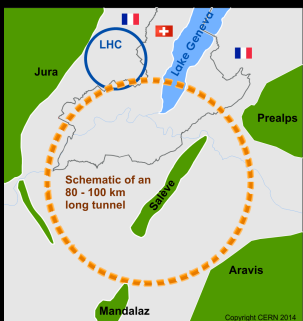


Concrete collider options studied at CERN

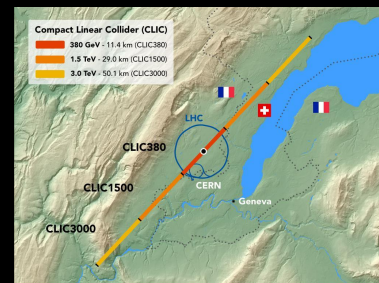
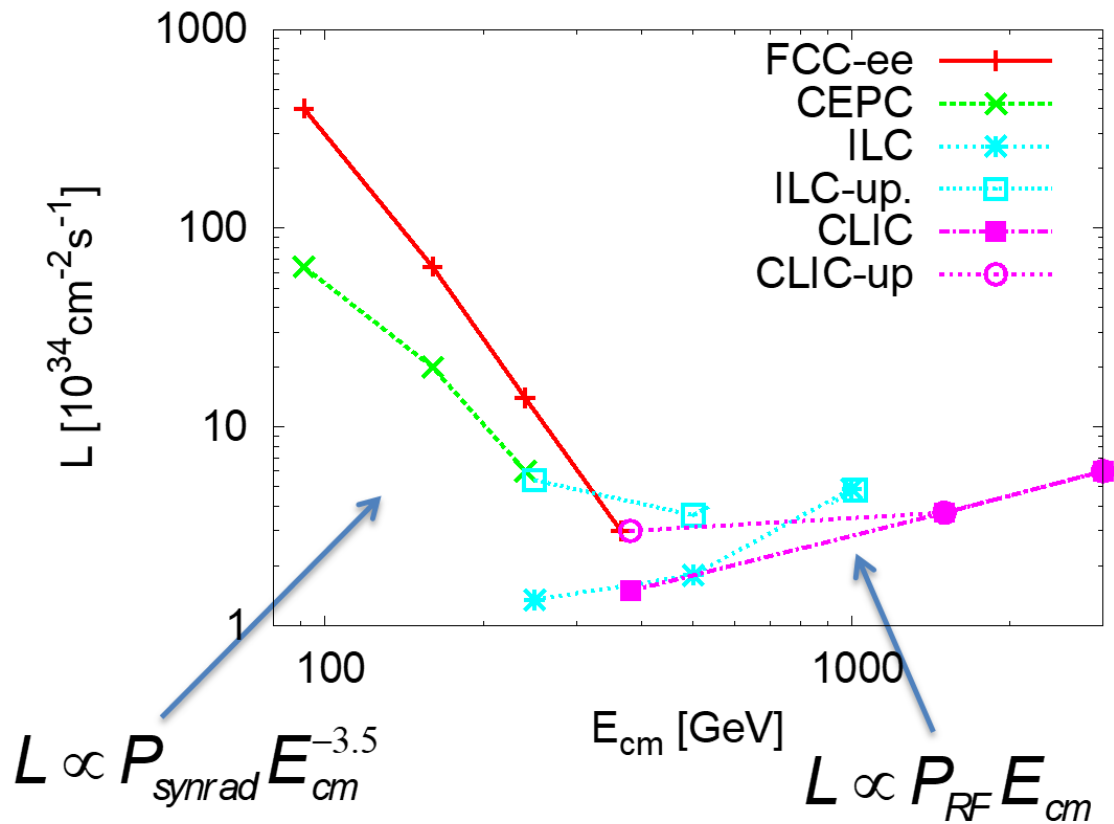
FCC (ee, ep, pp, pA, AA, eA), <https://fcc-cdr.web.cern.ch/>



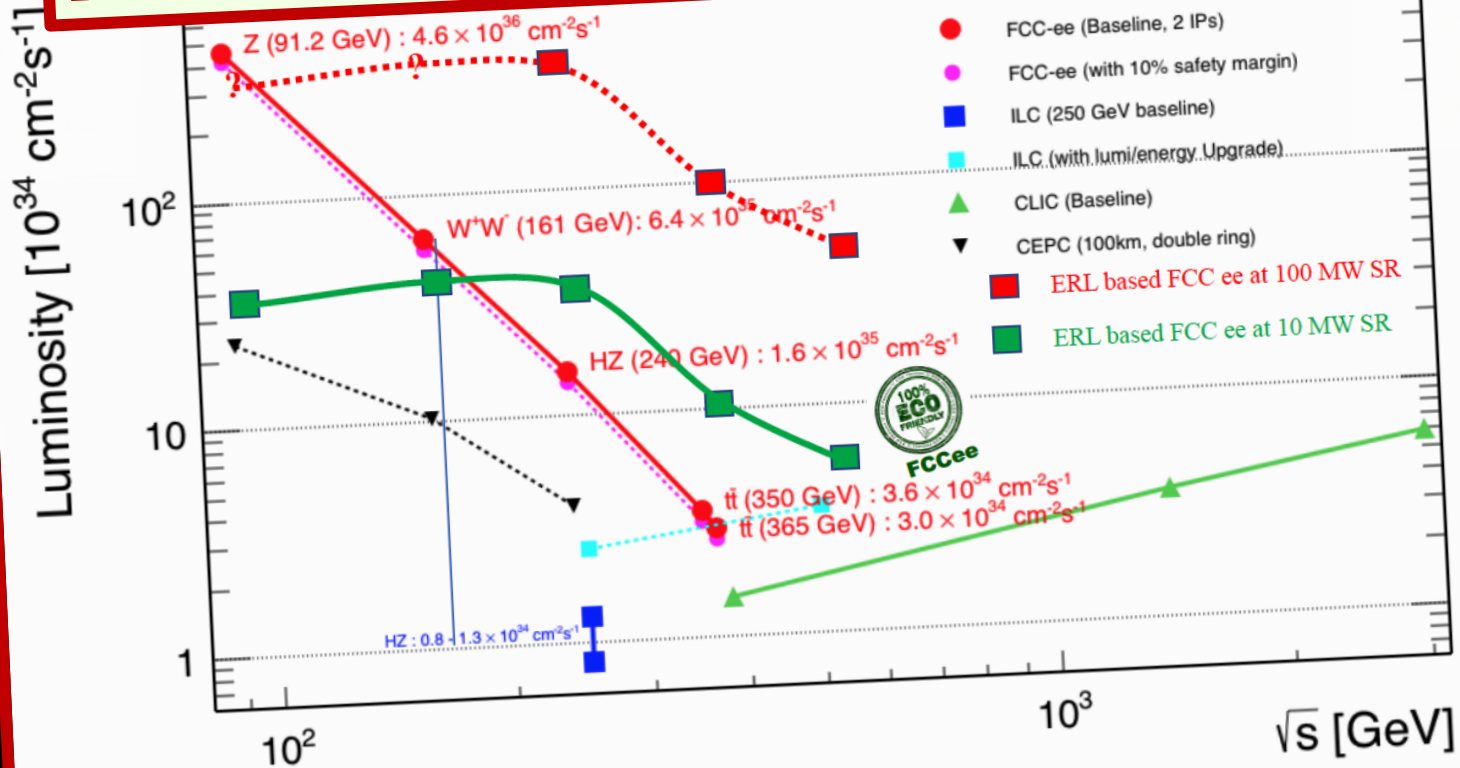
- e^+e^- collider (**FCC-ee**) @ 90-365 GeV as potential first step
(ERL-technology, CLIC injector, ...)
- pp -collider (**FCC-hh**) @ 100 TeV
- p - e collider (**FCC-he**)
- **HE-LHC** with *FCC-hh* magnets
- $\mu\mu$ collider (**FCC- $\mu\mu$**) option
- AA, Ap, Ae options



Luminosity per facility

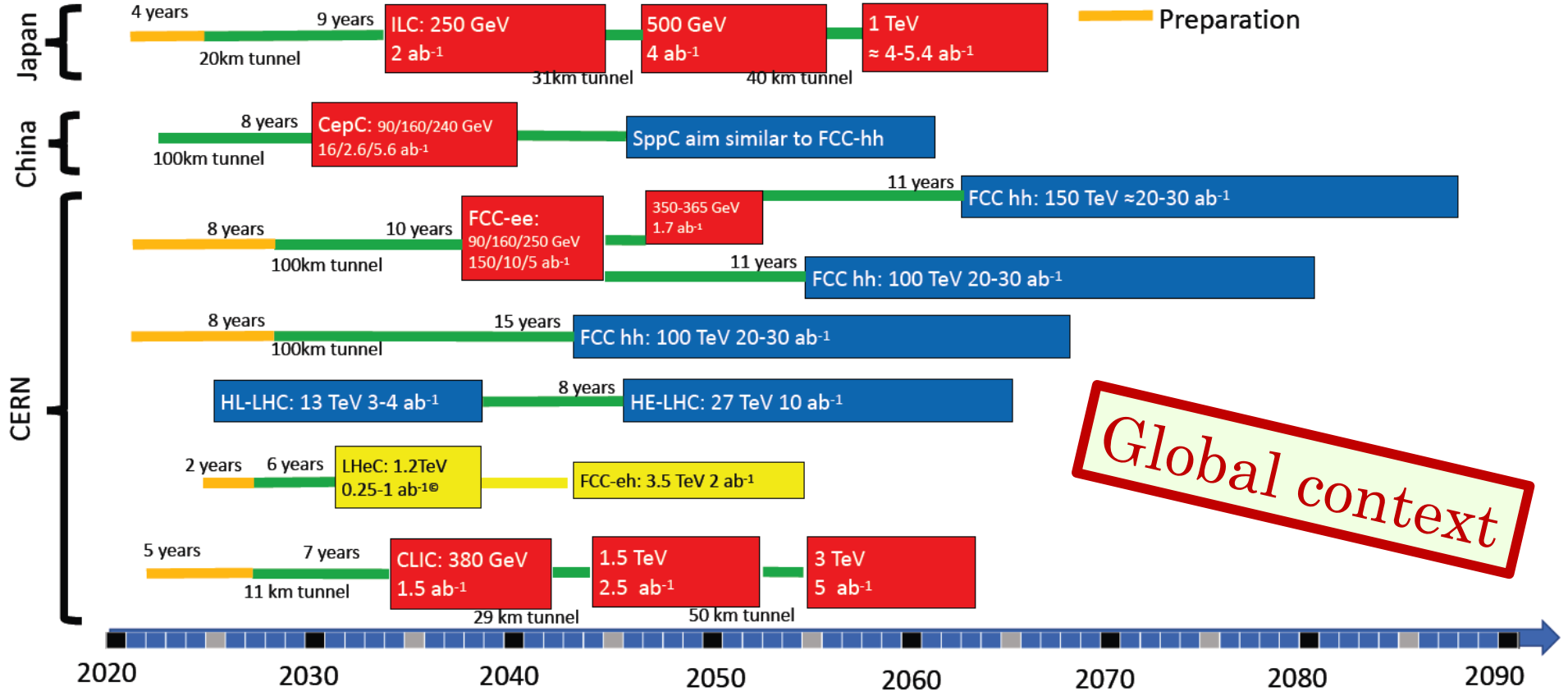


Novel thinking ongoing: ERL-based FCC-ee



Possible scenarios of future colliders

- Proton collider
- Electron collider
- Electron-Proton collider
- Construction/Transformation
- Preparation



Global context

Technology readiness

Akira Yamamoto
@ Granada

Personal View on Relative Timelines

Timeline	~ 5	~ 10	~ 15	~ 20	~ 25	~ 30	~ 35
Lepton Colliders							
SRF-LC/CC	Proto/pre-series	Construction		Operation		Upgrade	
NRF-LC	Proto/pre-series	Construction		Operation		Upgrade	
Hadron Collider (CC)							
8~(11)T NbTi / (Nb ₃ Sn)	Proto/pre-series	Construction		Operation			Upgrade
12~14T Nb ₃ Sn	Short-model R&D		Proto/Pre-series	Construction		Operation	
14~16T Nb ₃ Sn	Short-model R&D			Prototype/Pre-series		Construction	

Technology readiness

Akira Yamamoto
@ Granada

Personal View on Relative Timelines

Timeline				~ 25	~ 30	~ 35
Lepton Collider						
SRF-LC/CC				Operation	Upgrade	
NRF-LC	Proto/pre-series	Construction		Operation	Upgrade	
Hadron Collider (CC)						
8~(11)T NbTi / (Nb3Sn)	Proto/pre-series	Construction		Operation		Upgrade
12~14T Nb ₃ Sn	Short-model R&D	Proto/Pre-series	Construction		Operation	
14~16T Nb ₃ Sn	Short-model R&D		Prototype/Pre-series		Construction	

$\lesssim 8T$ NbTi magnets for a
 “low-energy” 100km *pp* collider
 immediately following HL-LHC ?



Technology readiness

Akira Yamamoto
@ Granada

Personal View on Relative Timelines

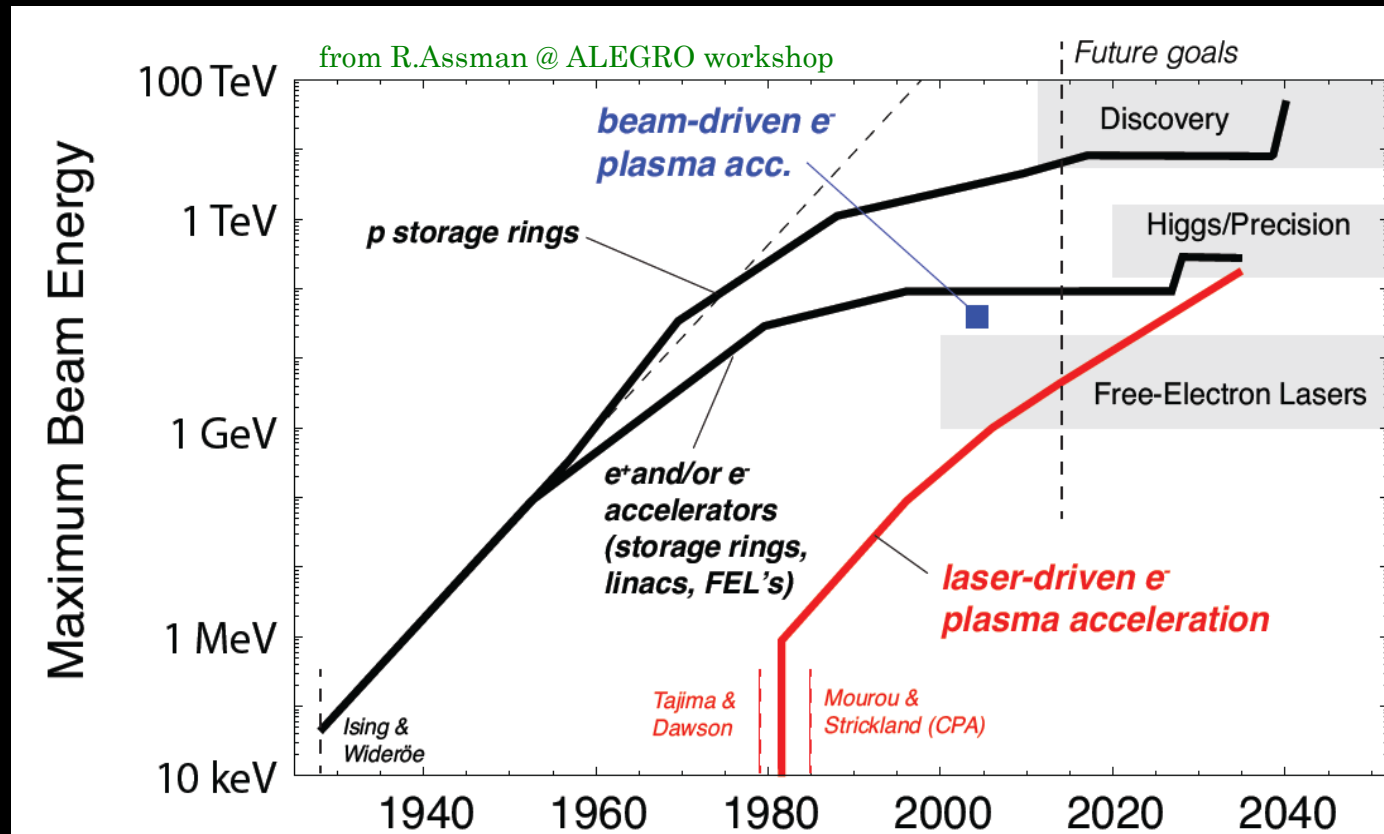
Timeline	~ 5	~ 10	~ 15	~ 20	~ 25	~ 30	~ 35
Lepton Colliders							
SRF-LC/CC	Proto/pre-series					Upgrade	
NRF-LC	Proto/pre-series					Upgrade	
Hadron Collider (CC)							
8~(11)T NbTi/(Nb ₃ Sn)	Proto/pre-series	Construction			Operation		Upgrade
12~14T Nb ₃ Sn	Short-model R&D	Proto/Pre-series		Construction		Operation	
14~16T Nb ₃ Sn	Short-model R&D		Prototype/Pre-series			Construction	

<16T Nb₃Sn magnets ready for a “medium-energy” 100km *pp* collider immediately following HL-LHC ?

Accelerator R&D – Advanced Novel Accelerators (ICFA Panel)

ALEGRO (Advanced LinEar collider study GROup, for a multi-TeV Advanced Linear Collider)

ALEGRO delivered a document detailing the international roadmap and strategy of Advanced Novel Accelerators (ANAs).

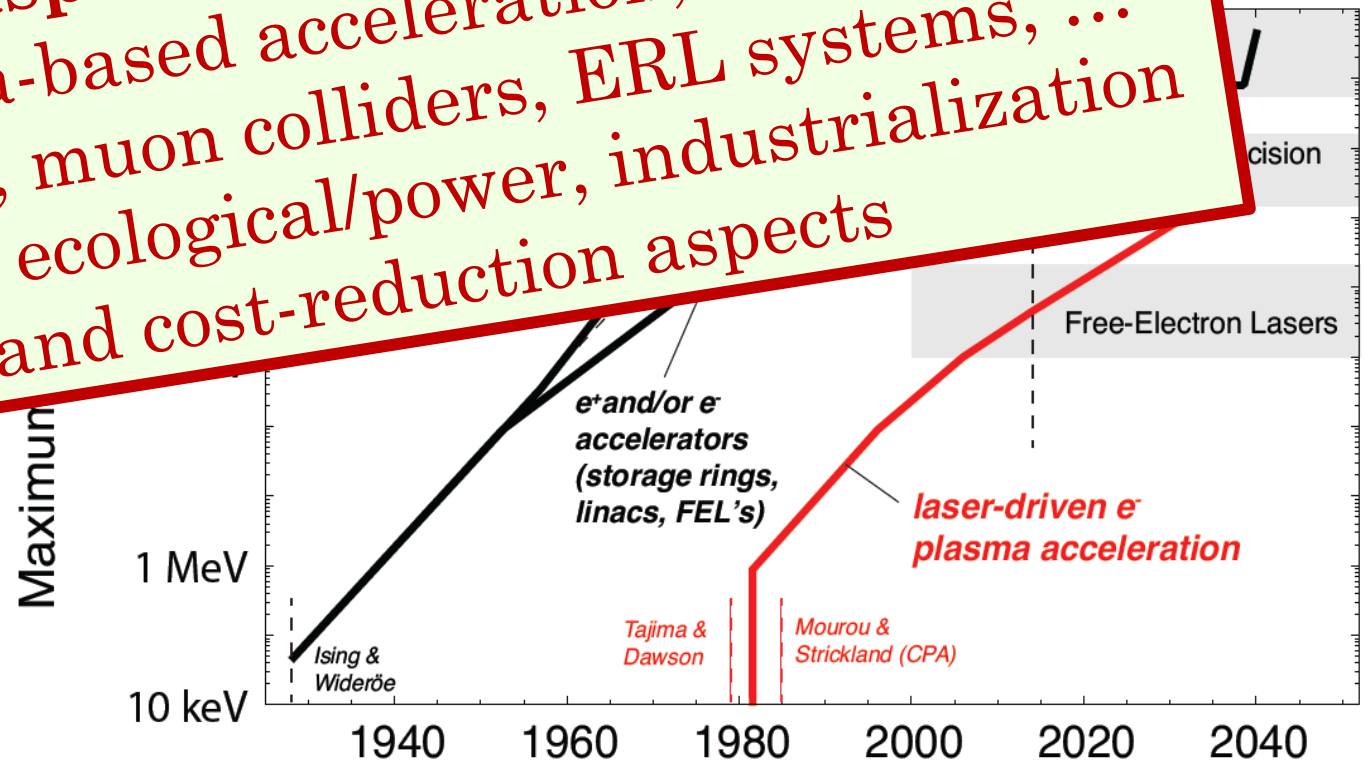


Accelerator R&D – Advanced Novel Accelerators (ICFA Panel)

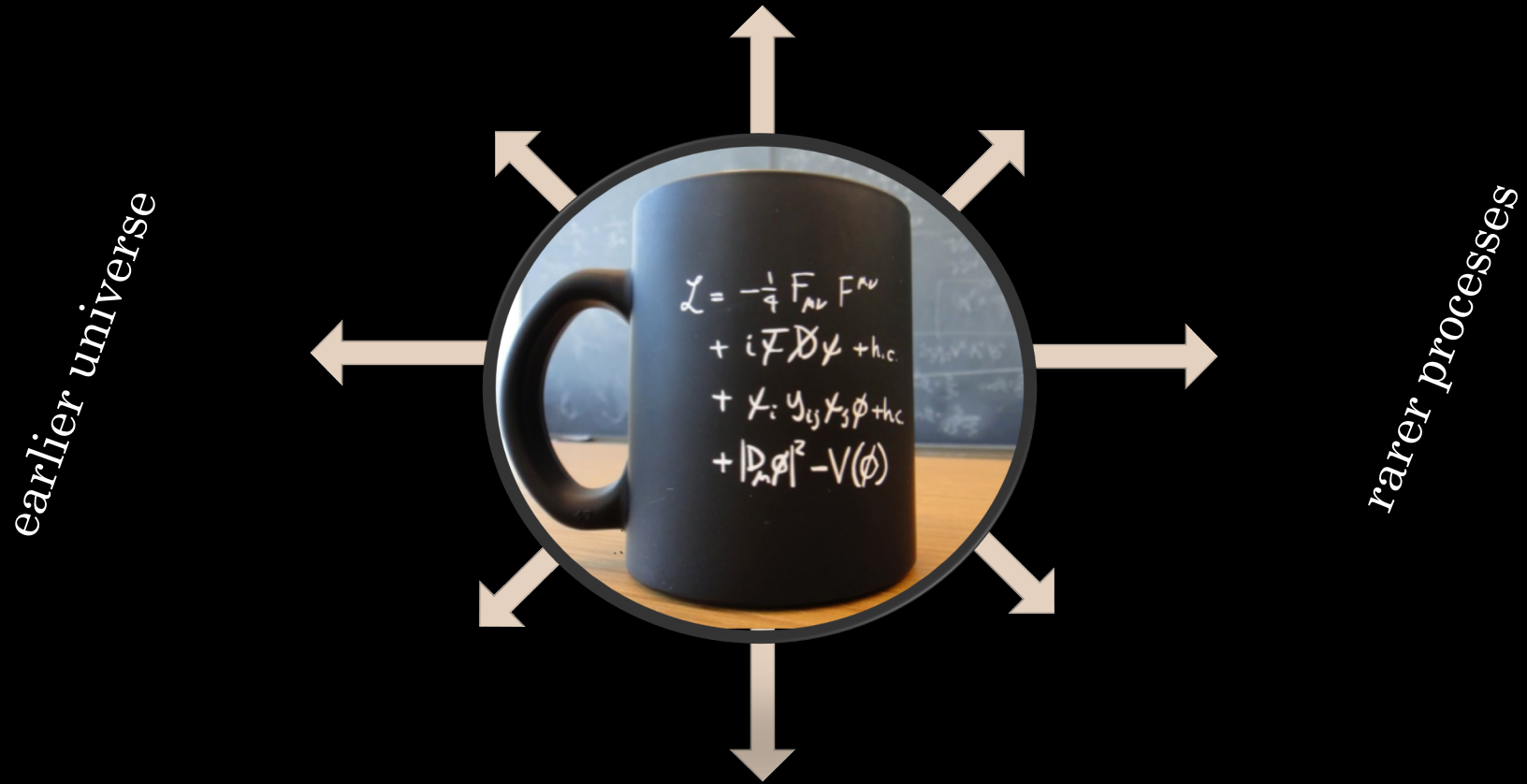
ALEGRO (Advanced LinEar collider study GROUp for ...) (r)

ALEGRO
docum
intern
and str
Novel A
(ANAs).

Strong aspiration to pursue R&D for:
plasma-based acceleration, high-field magnets, muon colliders, ERL systems, ...
including ecological/power, industrialization and cost-reduction aspects

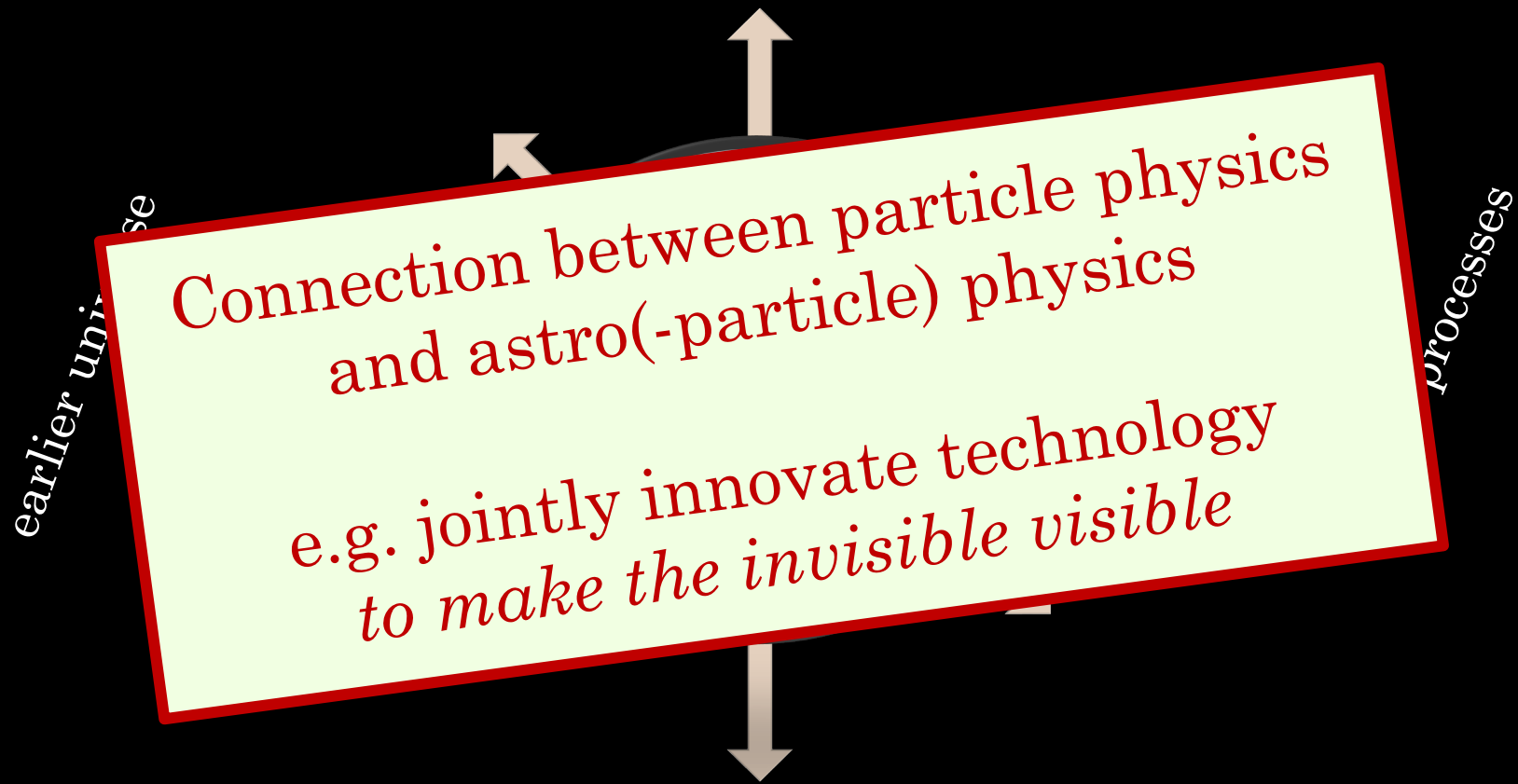


higher energy interactions in the lab



higher energetic phenomena in the universe

higher energy interactions in the lab



higher energetic phenomena in the universe

Long-term strategy for Particle Physics



Organization (2013 update):

<http://europeanstrategygroup.web.cern.ch/europeanstrategygroup/>

UPDATE of the European Particle Physics Strategy (2013)

Higgs discovery (2012)

Start data taking at the LHC (2010)

European Particle Physics Strategy (2006)

Organization (2006):

<http://council-strategygroup.web.cern.ch/council-strategygroup/>

TODAY

UPDATE of the European Particle Physics Strategy (2020)

<https://europeanstrategy.cern>

Major facility after HL-LHC

Start data taking HL-LHC (2026)

Key open questions for particle physics?

Riccardo Rattazzi
@ Granada

Problems

vs

Mysteries

- Dark Matter
- Baryogenesis
- Strong CP
- Fermion mass spectrum & mixing

- Cosmological Constant
- EW hierarchy
- Black Hole information paradox
- very Early Universe

Plausible EFT solutions exist

Challenge or outside EFT paradigm

although there is no lack of novel
theoretical ideas, there are no clear
indications where new physics is hiding

although there is no lack of novel
theoretical ideas, there are no clear
indications where new physics is hiding

*an argument for a strong and diverse,
yet coherent and concerted empirical
exploration*

although there is

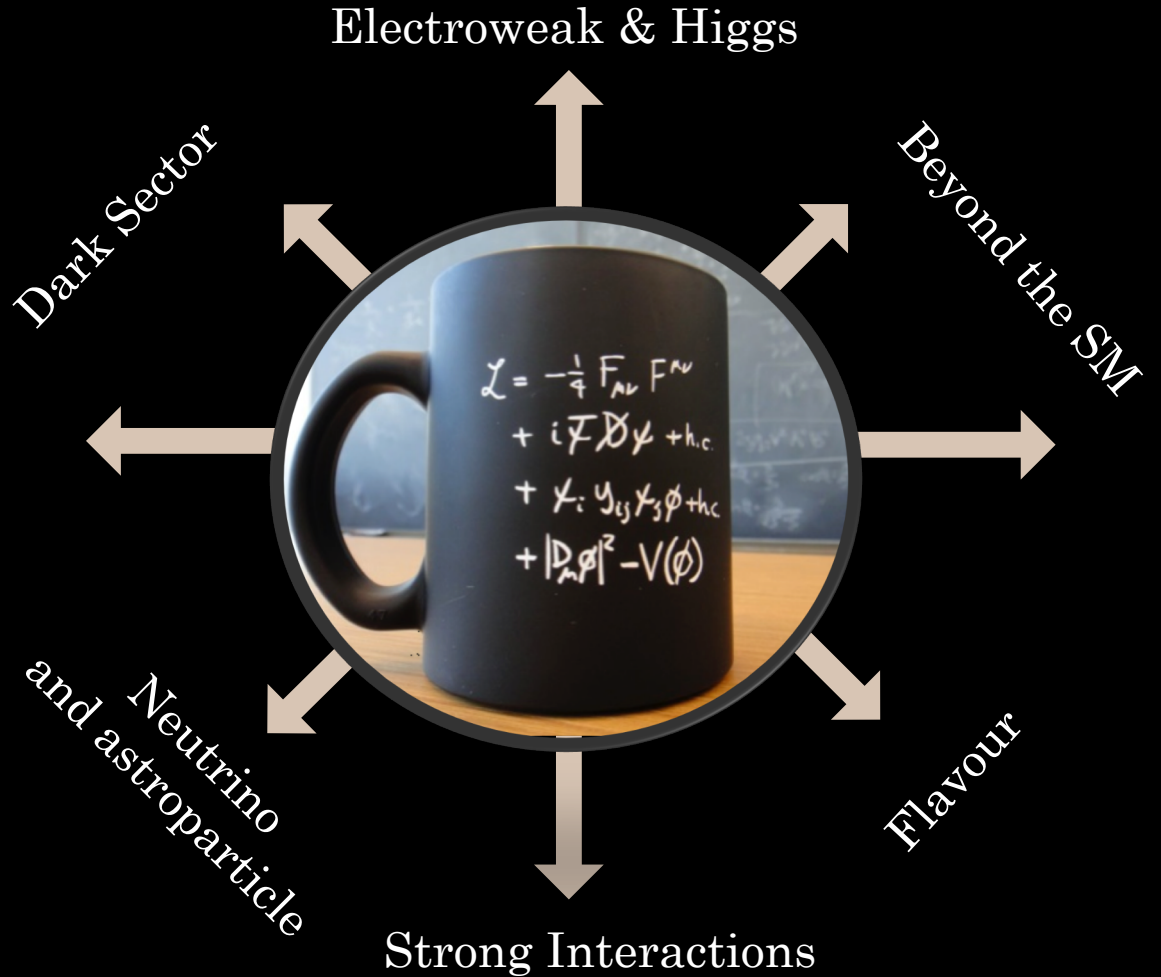
+1

A strong research field needs a strong story

need for a strong and global scientific story how
to make progress in unravelling the smallest and
largest scales of Nature

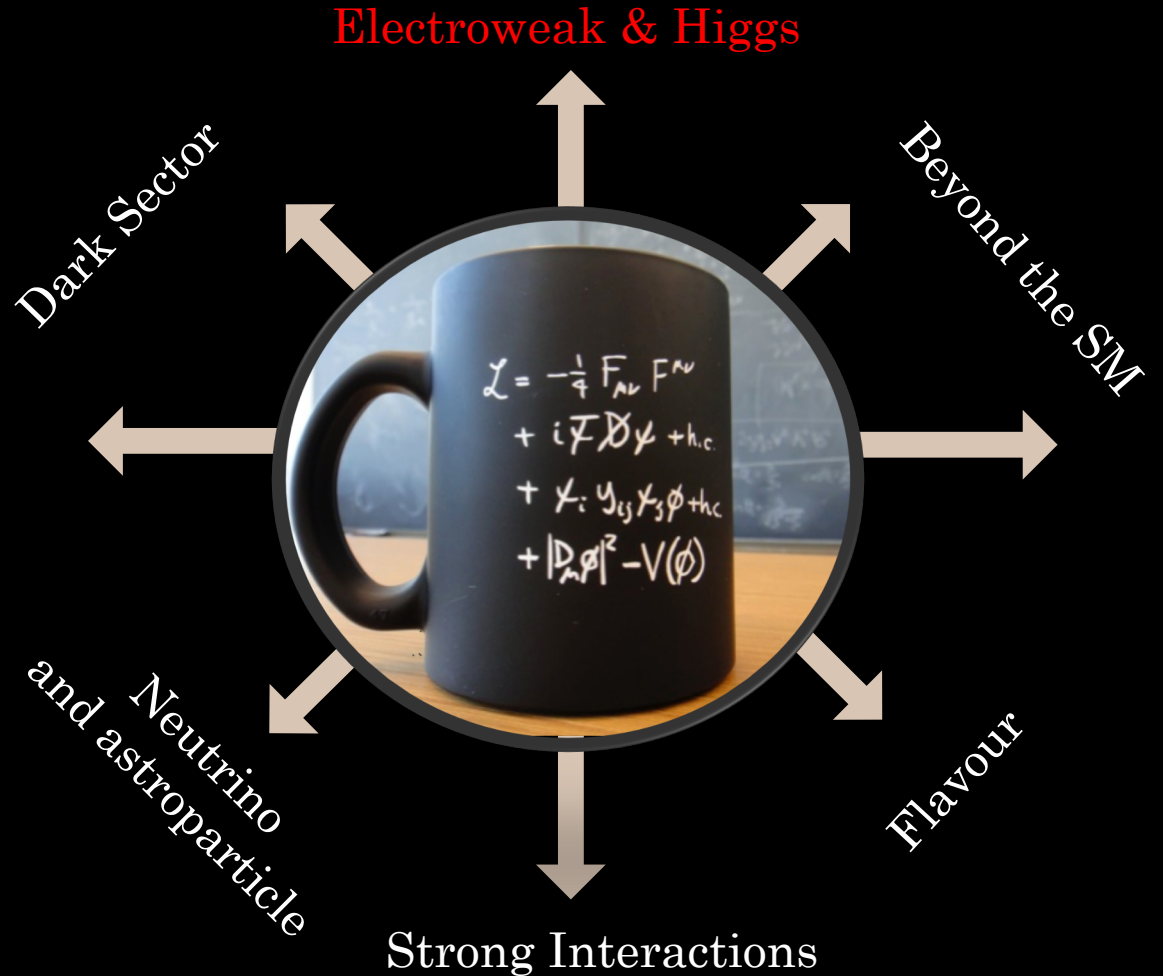
*... for a strong and diverse,
yet coherent and concerted empirical
exploration*

The Granada physics themes



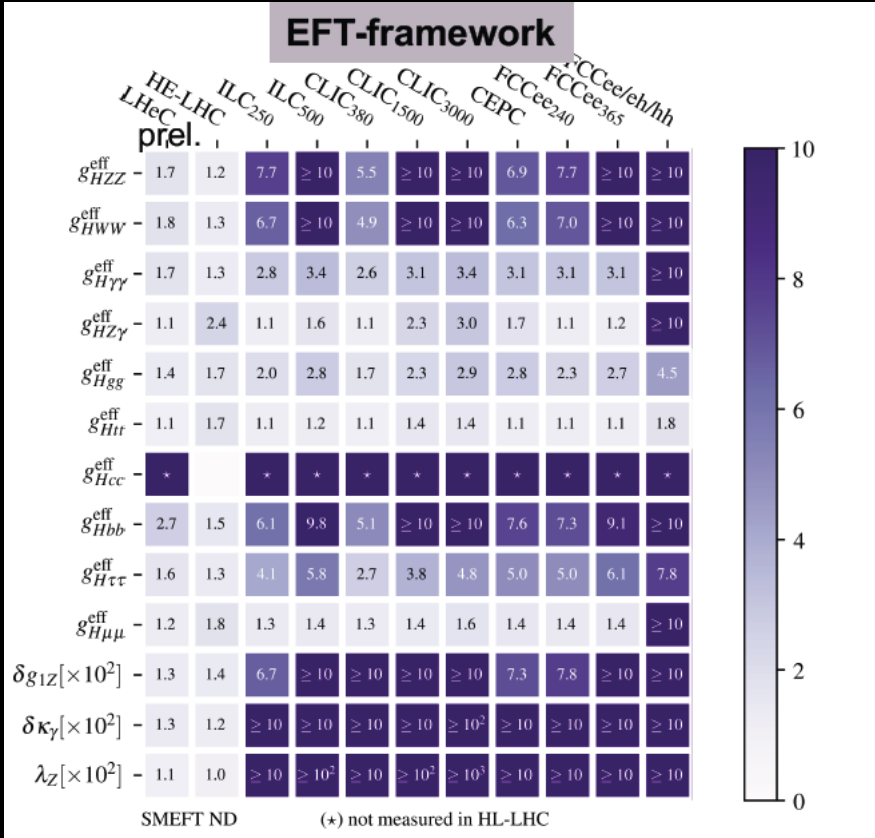
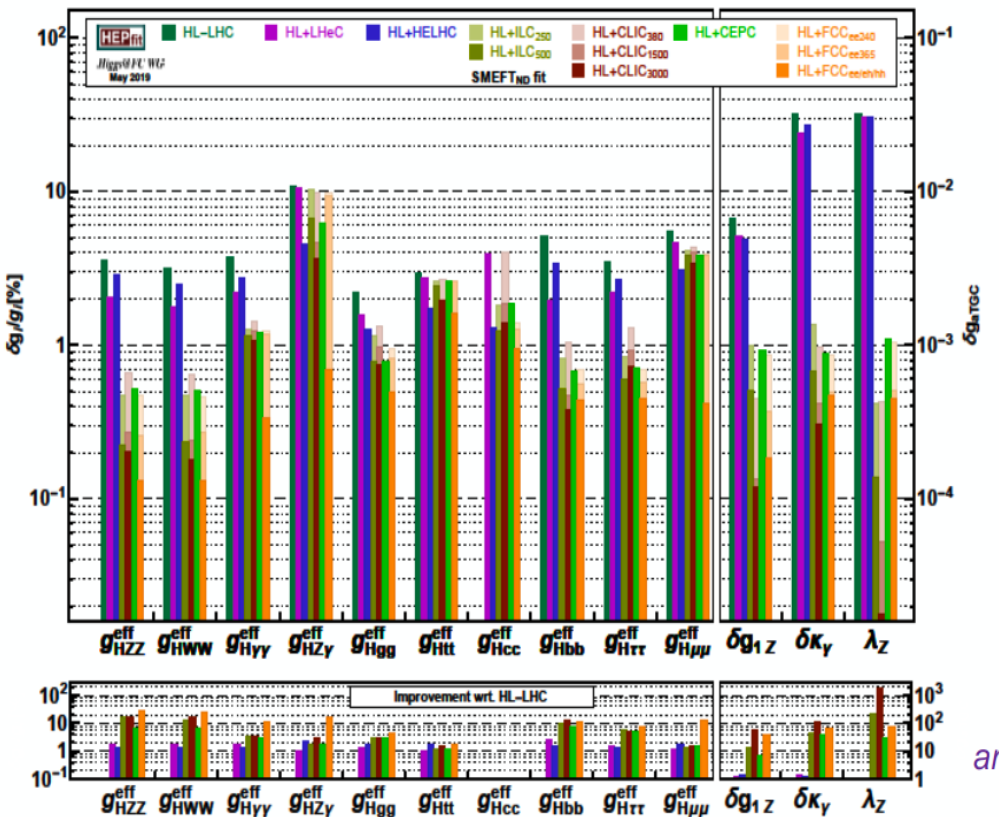
The Granada
physics themes

EW & Higgs



Potential to measure Higgs couplings

improvements wrt HL-LHC



Beate Heinemann @ Granada

of “largely” improved H couplings (EFT)

	Factor ≥ 2	Factor ≥ 5	Factor ≥ 10	Years from T_0	
Initial run	CLIC380	9	6	4	7
	FCC-ee240	10	8	3	9
	CEPC	10	8	3	10
	ILC250	10	7	3	11
2 nd /3 rd Run ee	FCC-ee365	10	8	6	15
	CLIC1500	10	7	7	17
	HE-LHC	1	0	0	20
	ILC500	10	8	6	22
hh	CLIC3000	11	7	7	28
ee,eh & hh	FCC-ee/eh/hh	12	11	10	>50

13 quantities in total

NB: number of seconds/year differs: ILC 1.6×10^7 , FCC-ee & CLIC: 1.2×10^7 , CEPC: 1.3×10^7

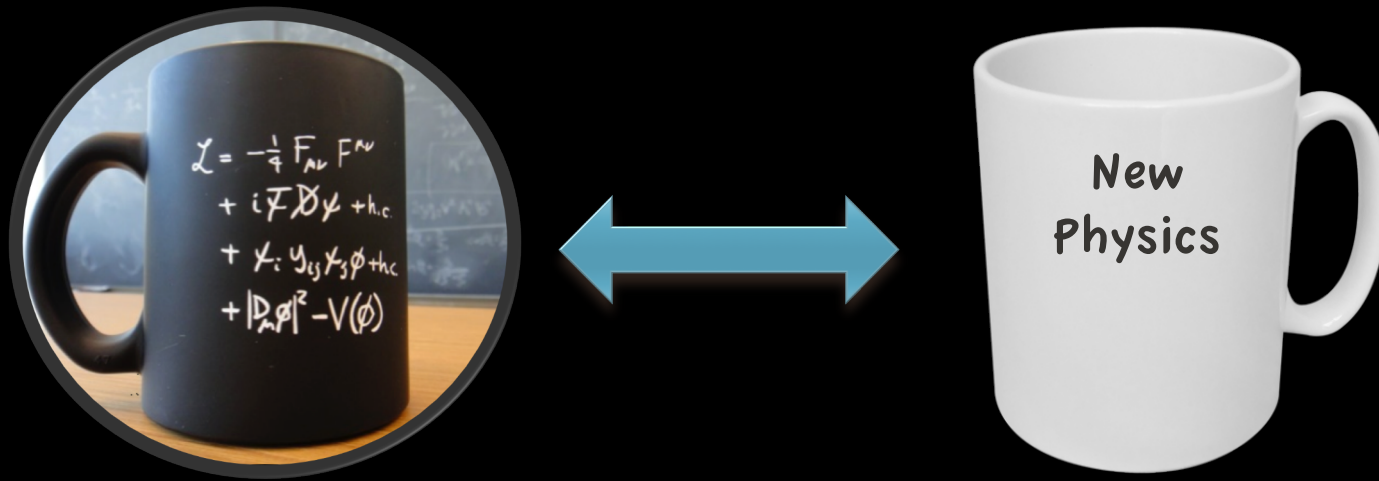
Beate Heinemann @ Granada

The Granada themes

EW & Higgs

- Measuring Higgs couplings is perceived as one of the prime avenues in our search for new physics
- 1) With the HL-LHC one can probe many Higgs couplings to the few percent level
- 2) Additional to the HL-LHC sensitivity, all proposed first generation e^+e^- colliders can achieve major and comparable improvements
- 3) In a second stage, a higher energy e^+e^- collider or hadron collider are important to reach the ultimate sensitivity

There is new physics out there!
and it should be our main objective to discover it



**The exploration of the scalar sector with colliders
is only one avenue to search for new physics**

some (personal) thoughts

Not written in stone, but on the collider front we might identify three eras

- the *immediate future* (2020-2040), e.g. the HL-LHC era
- the *mid-term future* (2040-2060), e.g. the Z/W/H/top-factory era
- the *long-term future* (2060-2080), e.g. the energy frontier era

2020-2040
HL-LHC era

2040-2060
Z/W/H/top-factory era

2060-2080
energy frontier era

our
technology

SCRF ~ 30 MV/m
B ~ 11 T

SCRF ~ 50 MV/m
B ~ 14 T
plasma demo
muon demo

SCRF ~ 70 MV/m
B > 16 T (HTS?)
plasma collider
muon collider

other
technology

AI for new physics
quasi-online analysis
digital imaging

quantum computing
self-learning
simulation

...

societal
threats

eco friendly gases
careers at mega-
research facilities

energy consumption
long-term engagement
global vs sustained
collaboration

human vs machine

Not writing in stone, but on the collider front we might identify three eras

- the *immediate future* (2020-2040), e.g. the HL-LHC era
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- the *long-term future* (2060-2080), e.g. the energy frontier era

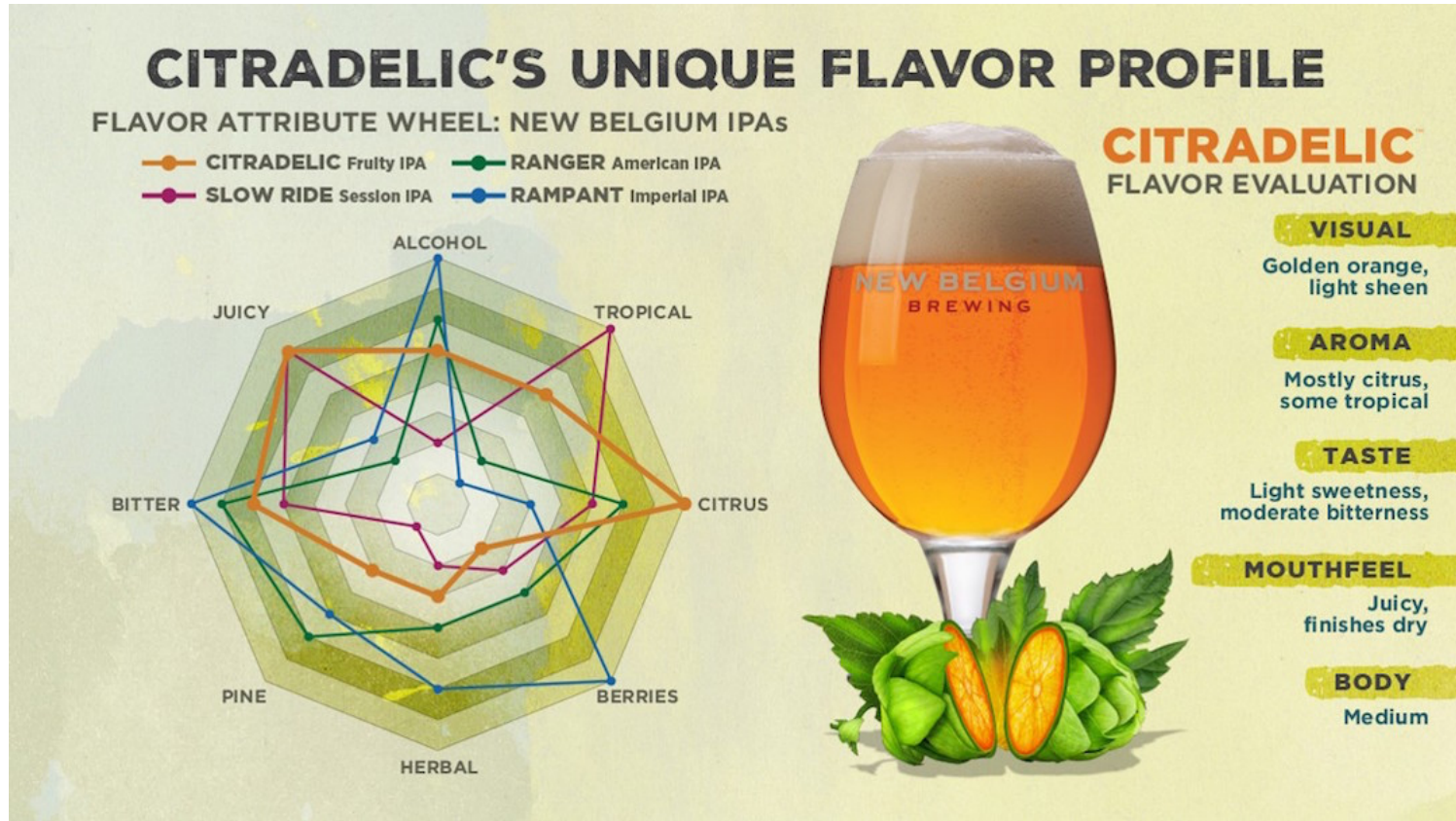
Several avenues towards the discovery of new physics

- *indirect exploration at the precision frontier*
- *breaking the Standard Model*
- *direct searches of hidden & visible sectors*
- ...

	2020-2040 <i>HL-LHC era</i>	2040-2060 <i>Z/W/H/top-factory era</i>	2060-2080 <i>energy frontier era</i>
precision frontier	<p>H couplings to few % ν mass/mixing/nature QGP phase-transition b/c-physics</p>	<p>H couplings to % EW & QCD & top QGP vs Lattice QCD b/c/τ-physics</p>	<p>H couplings to ‰ H self-coupling to ‰ proton structure di-boson processes</p>
breaking the SM	<p>next-gen K-beams proton precision e & n EDM lepton flavor ($\mu \rightarrow e$)</p>	<p>p EDM storage rings</p>	<p>rare top decays small-x physics</p>
direct searches	<p>SHiP / beam dump Long-Lived Signals DM vs neutrino floor axions/ALPs</p>	<p>eSPS for Light DM heavy neutral lepton</p>	<p>new high-mass part. next-gen hidden exp. low-mass DM</p>

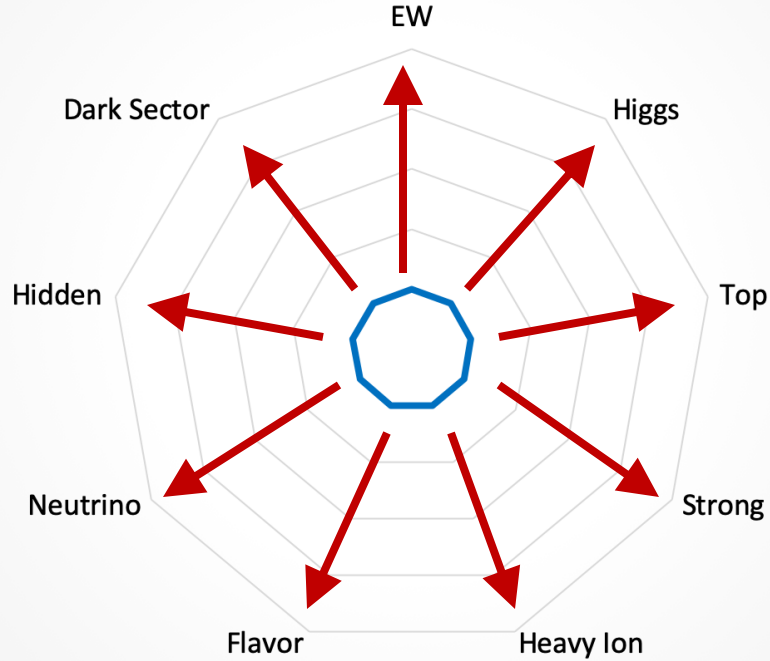
There is new physics to be discovered, but no guaranteed discovery path

There is new physics to be discovered, but no guaranteed discovery path

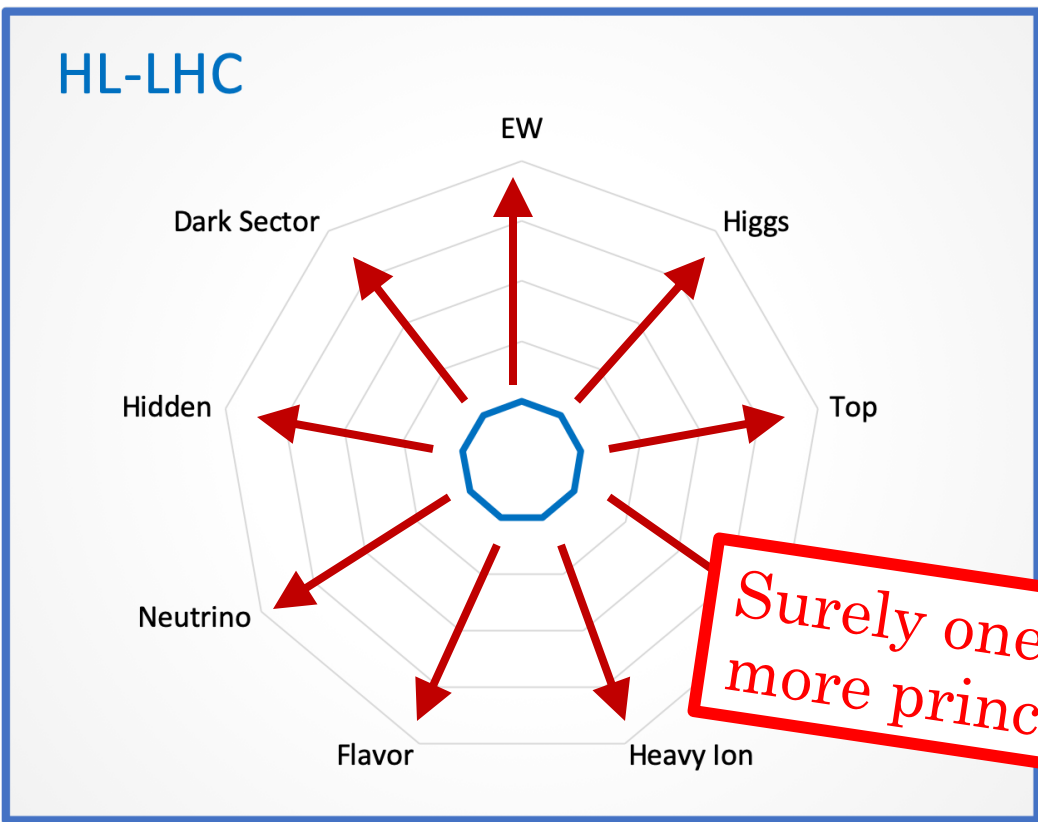


If you want to discover a great taste, you will have to sample several

HL-LHC

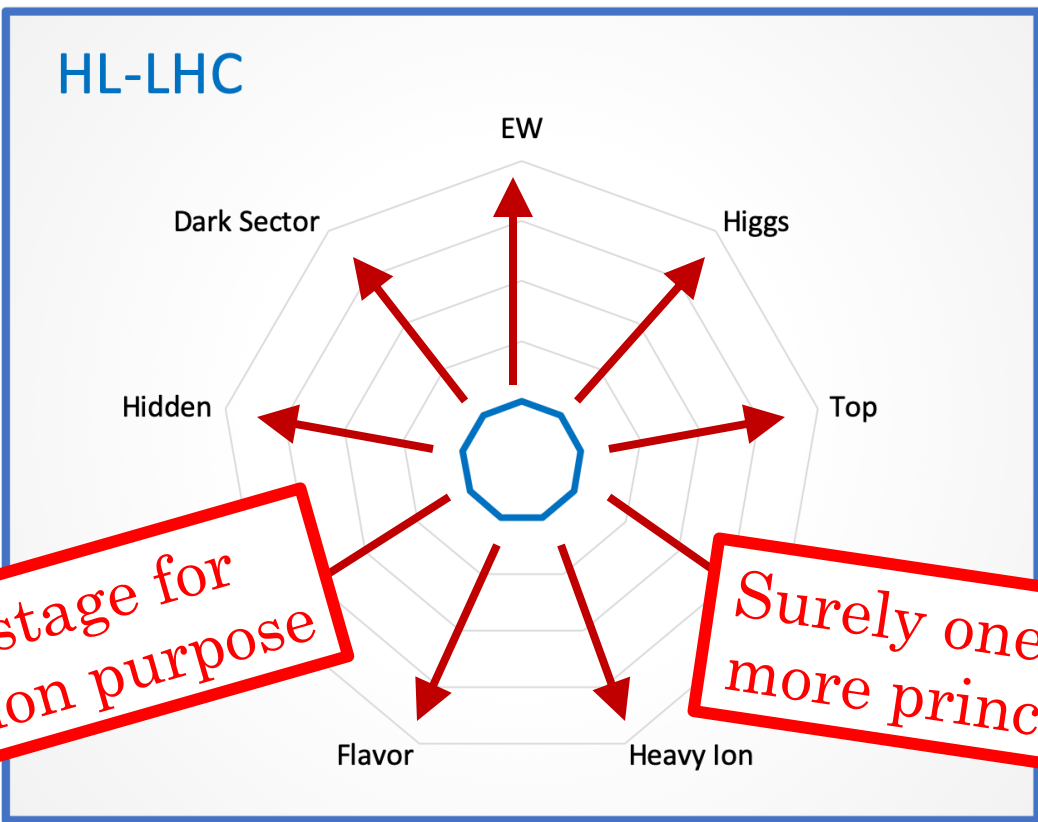


Progress relative to today's knowledge and including the expected performance of the HL-LHC



Progress relative to today's knowledge and including the expected performance of the HL-LHC

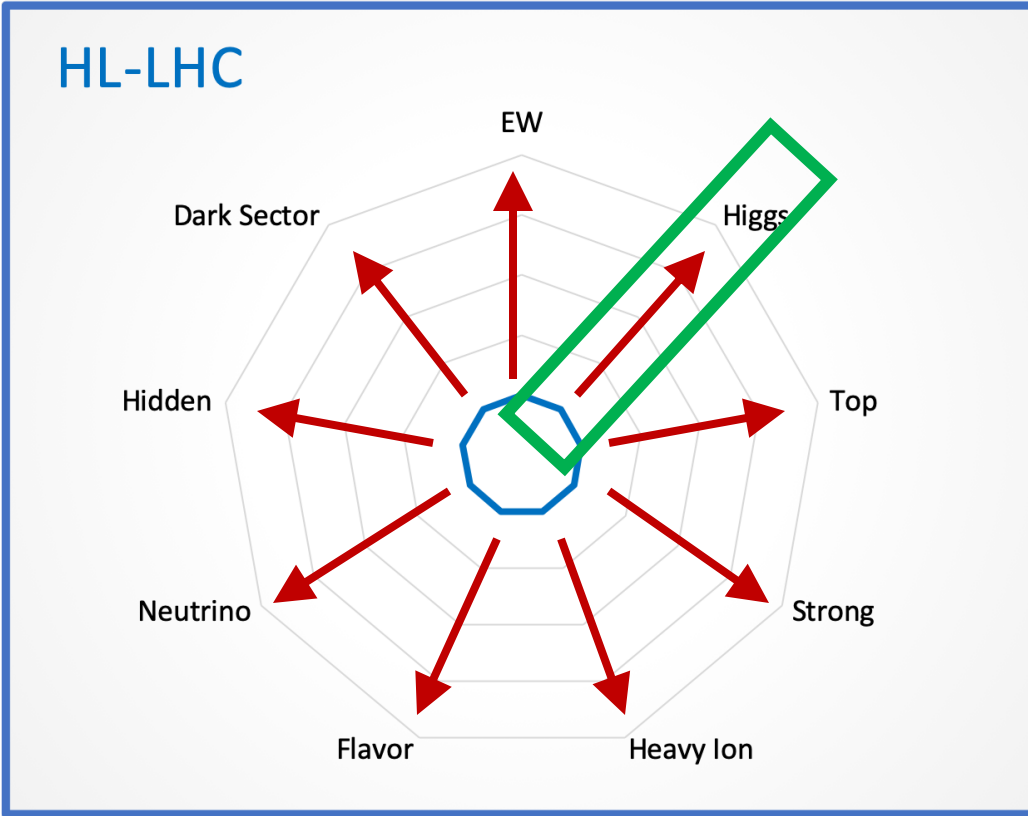
Surely one can think about more principle components



Progress relative to today's knowledge and including the expected performance of the HL-LHC

At this stage for illustration purpose

Surely one can think about more principle components



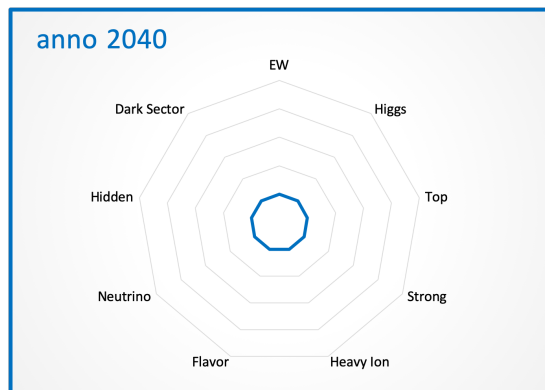
Progress relative to today's knowledge and including the expected performance of the HL-LHC

The Higgs-direction was explicitly quantified by the H@FC working group (arXiv:1905.03764)

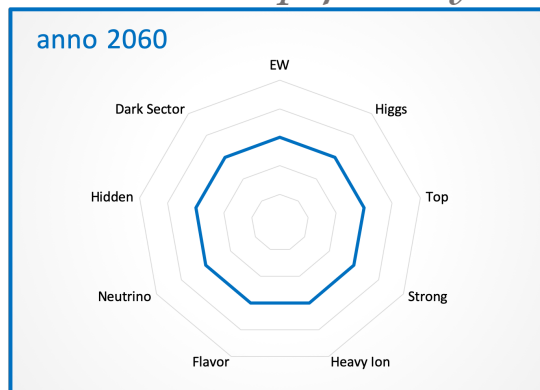
One can debate, but with a granularity of 20 years and in the absence of clear indications for new physics, the following general principle is probably wise:

in each era you would want to take important steps forward for the largest variety of directions where new physics can be found

2020-2040
HL-LHC era



2040-2060
Z/W/H/top-factory era



2060-2080
energy frontier era



HL-LHC era

1st generation: at least include an exploration of the Higgs sector (very few major colliders)

2nd generation: the options might depend on choices made for the 1st generation (one major global collider)

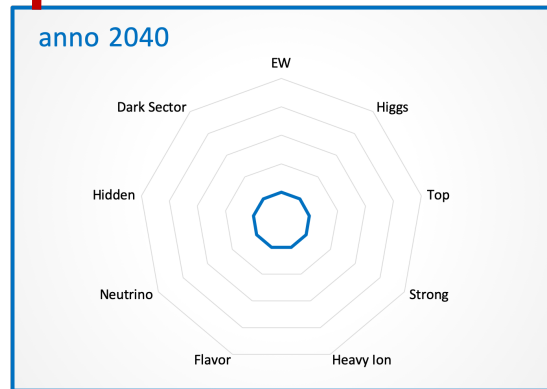
Choices for 1st gen collider(s) beyond the HL-LHC have to be made without knowing the HL-LHC results & choices for the 2nd gen without knowing the results of the 1st gen experiments

choice for 1st gen

choice for 2nd gen

2020-2040

HL-LHC era



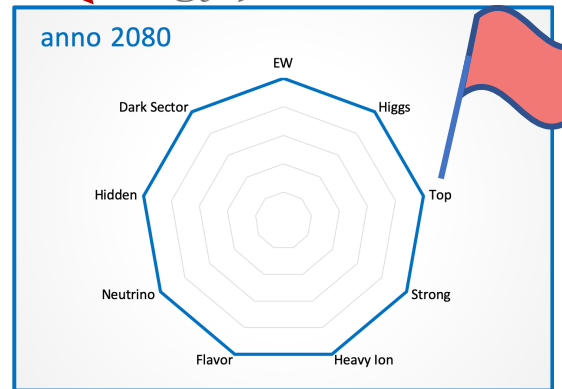
2040-2060

Z/W/H/top-factory era



2060-2080

energy frontier era



HL-LHC era

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Choices for 1st gen collider(s) beyond the HL-LHC have to be made without knowing the HL-LHC results & choices for the 2nd gen without knowing the results of the 1st gen experiments

choice for 1st gen

choice for 2nd gen

With the input from the Physics Briefing Book, the next step is to define some overall long-term scenarios (incl options and with an eye on evolutions in the global landscape) and discuss within the European Strategy Group their coverage, feasibility and community support

HL-LHC era

at least include an exploration of the Higgs sector (very few major colliders)

2nd generation: the options might depend on choices made for the 1st generation (one major global collider)

Some
(Personal)
Key Thoughts

- CERN: CLIC vs FCC, i.e. strategy to prepare the strongest and most concrete project proposal (administrative, technical, organizational) for a final decision by the next strategy update such that a project can be launched timely, i.e. the late 2020'ies
- Europe & CERN: verify the status of ILC, CEPC, EIC, etc. to include the information in the final decision potentially at the next strategy update
- Make strategic choices for the most competitive and complementary non-collider programme in Europe
- Strong supporting statements for technology R&D (e.g. towards demonstrator facilities for novel accelerator technologies in the “*energy frontier era*”)
- *Confrontation between aspirations of scientists and constraints of funding bodies: challenge to entangle both in a bottom-up strategy process*