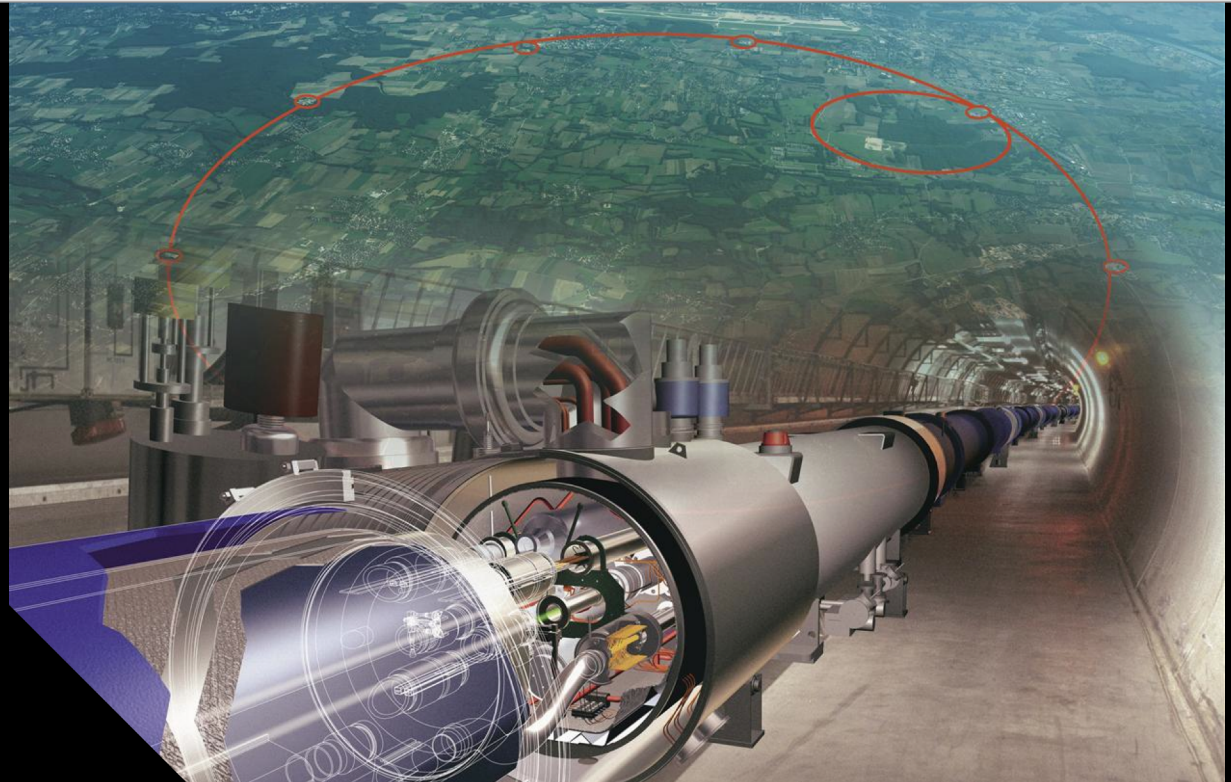


Road to an update of the European HEP Strategy

Jorgen D'Hondt
Vrije Universiteit Brussel
ECFA chairperson
(<https://ecfa.web.cern.ch>)

FCC week
24-28 June 2019
Brussels, Belgium



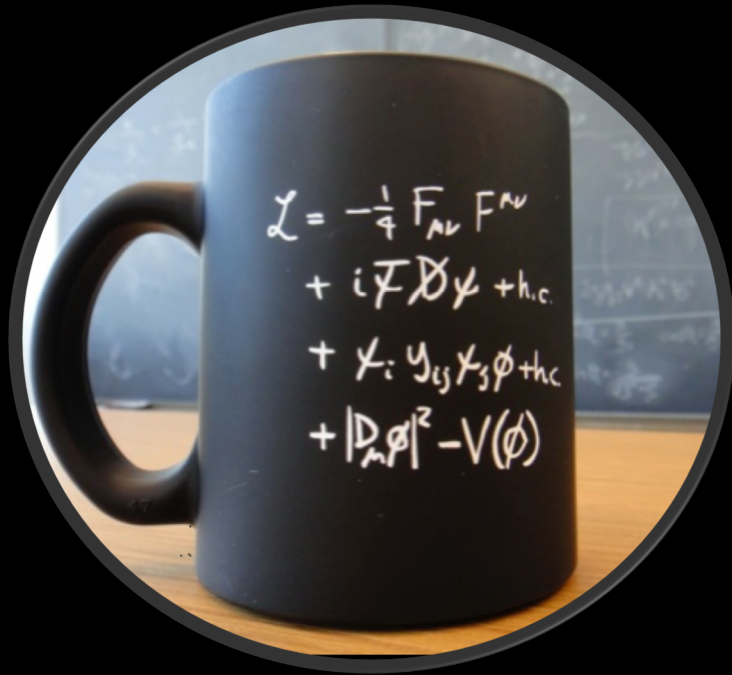
HEP@VUB
BRUSSELS

VUB
iihe
BRUXELLES BRUSSEL

understand nature at the
largest and the smallest scales

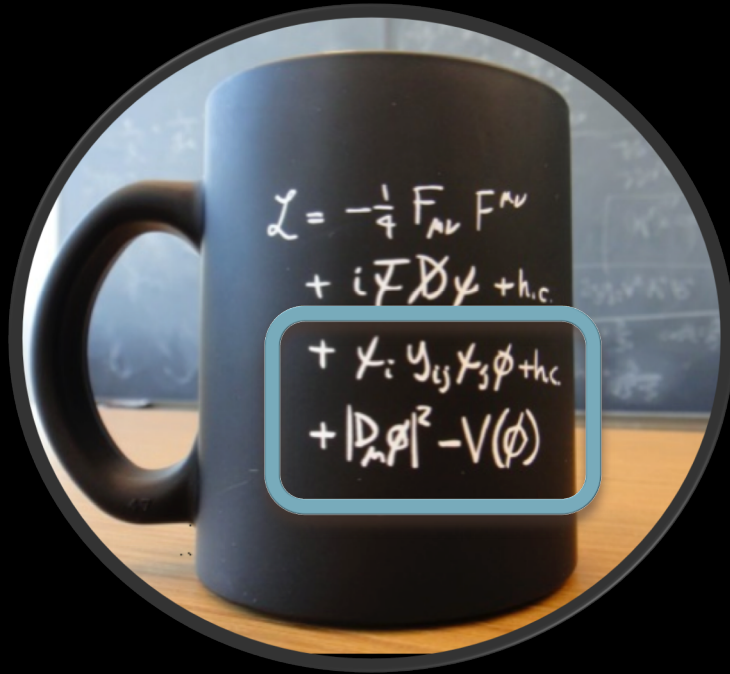
Particle Physics today

enormous success in
describing matter at the
smallest scales

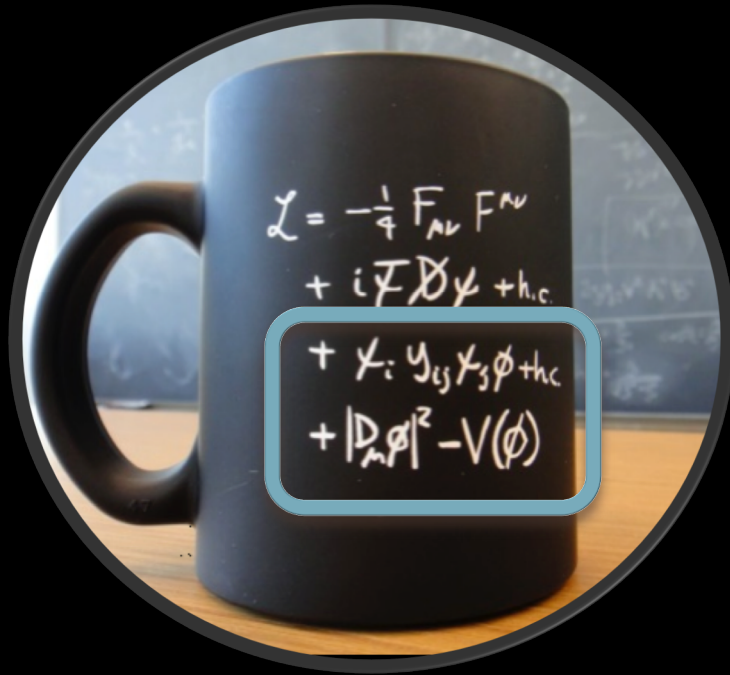


Particle Physics today

enormous success in
describing matter at the
smallest scales



Particle Physics today



enormous success in
describing matter at the
smallest scales

describing \neq understanding

Key open questions for particle physics?

Riccardo Rattazzi
@ Granada

Problems

vs

Mysteries

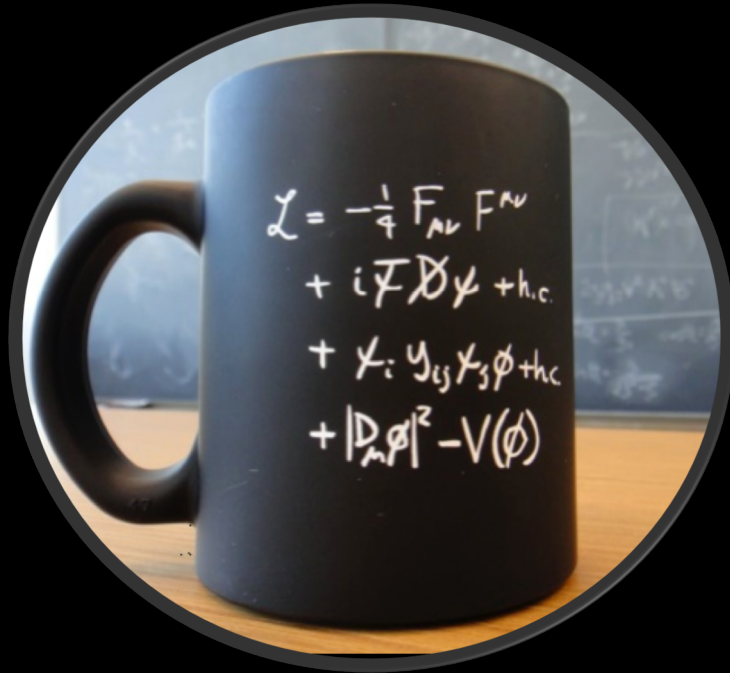
- Dark Matter
- Baryogenesis
- Strong CP
- Fermion mass spectrum & mixing

- Cosmological Constant
- EW hierarchy
- Black Hole information paradox
- very Early Universe

Plausible EFT solutions exist

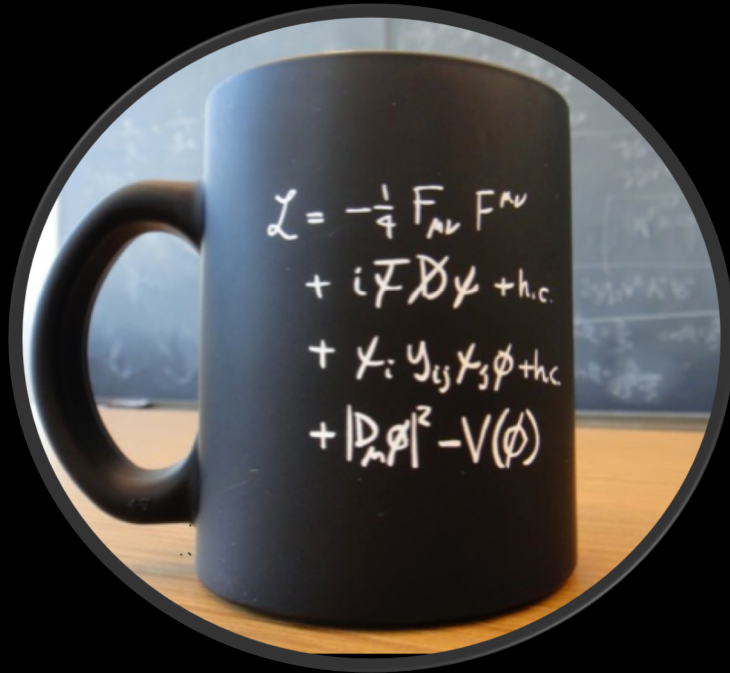
Challenge or outside EFT paradigm

Particle Physics today



new physics

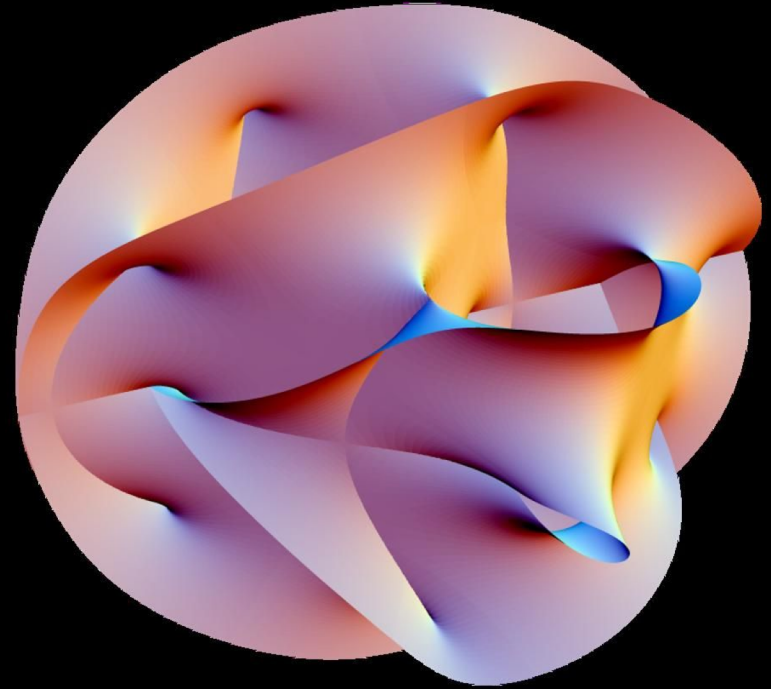
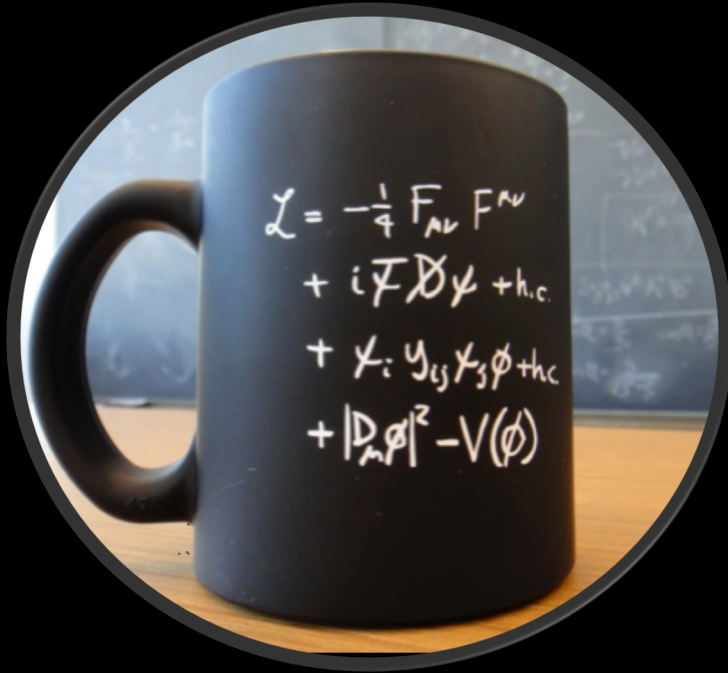
Particle Physics today



new physics

Particle Physics today

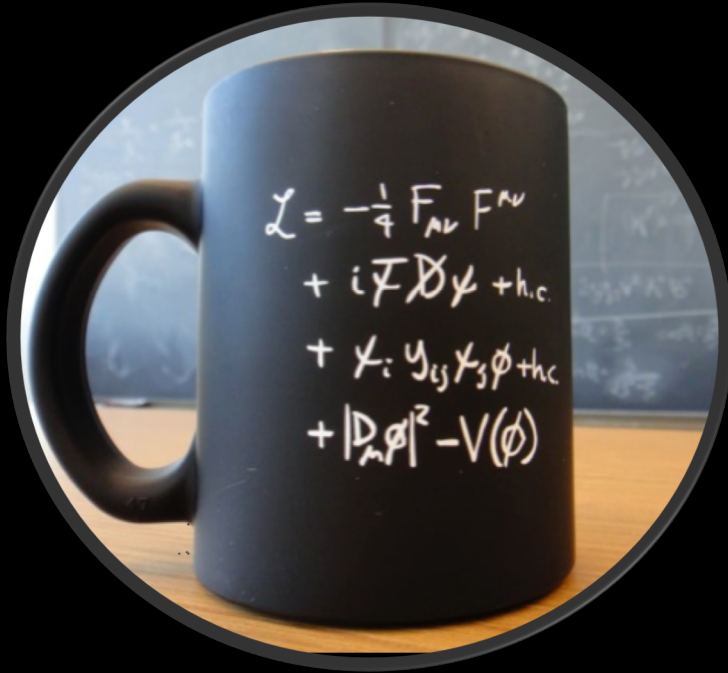
or more elegant ?



new physics

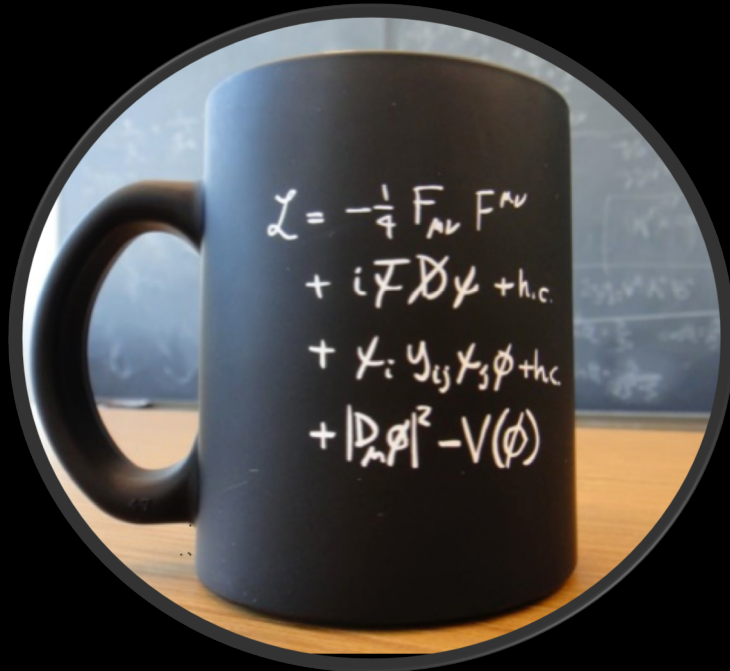
Particle Physics today

or more surreal?



new physics

Particle Physics today



connection



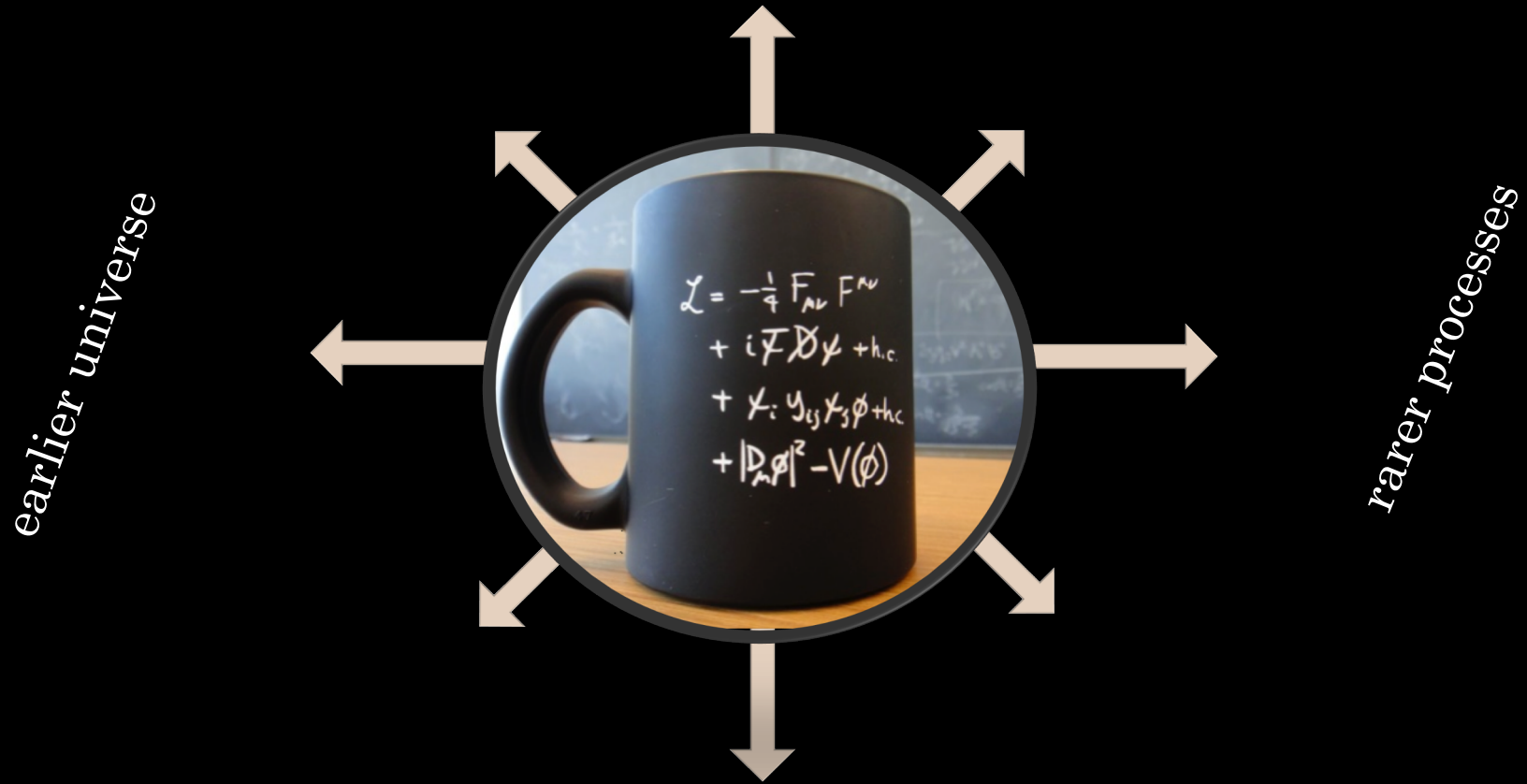
new physics

although there is no lack of novel
theoretical ideas, there are no clear
indications where new physics is hiding

although there is no lack of novel
theoretical ideas, there are no clear
indications where new physics is hiding

*an argument for a strong and diverse,
yet coherent and concerted empirical
exploration*

higher energy interactions in the lab



higher energetic phenomena in the universe

higher energy interactions in the lab



higher energetic phenomena in the universe

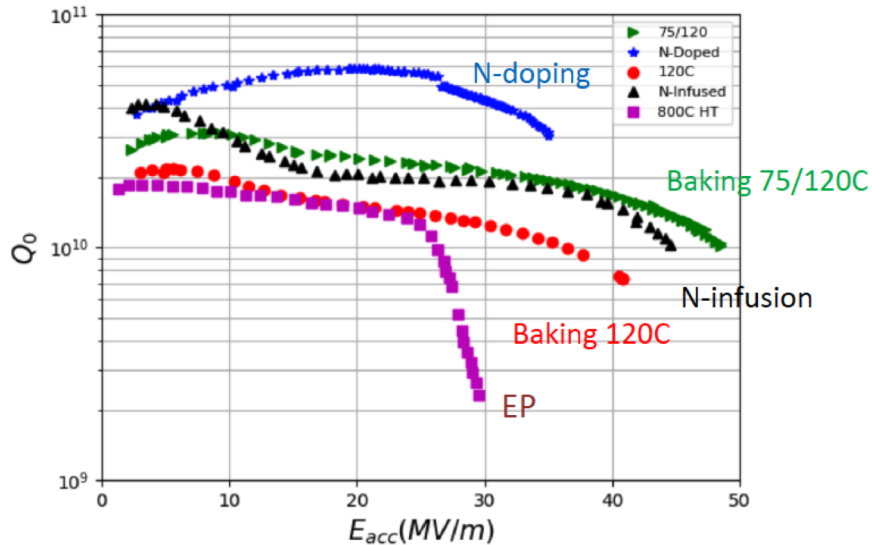
*What is out there on our
accelerator/collider technology front?
(only a very brief snapshot)*

RF cavity R&D – $\sim 50\text{MV/m}$ within reach while XFEL@DESY has $\sim 30\text{MV/m}$

Akira Yamamoto
@ Granada

Courtesy: Anna Grassellino
- TTC Meeting, TRIUMF, Feb., 2019

State of the Art in High-Q and High-G (1.3 GHz, 2K)



- **N-doping** (@ 800C for \sim a few min.)
 - $Q > 3E10$, $G = 35$ MV/m
- **Baking w/o N** (@ 75/120C)
 - $Q > 1E10$, $G = 49$ MV/m (Bpk-210 mT)
- **N-infusion** (@ 120C for 48h)
 - $Q > 1E10$, $G = 45$ MV/m
- **Baking w/o N** (@ 120C for xx h)
 - $Q > 7E9$, $G = 42$ MV/m
- **EP** (only)
 - $Q > 1.3E10$, $G = 25$ MV/m

- **High-Q** by **N-Doping** well established, and
- **High-G** by N-infusion and **Low-T baking** still to be understood and reproduced, worldwide.

SC Magnet R&D – *16 T magnets would allow to reach much higher pp collision energies*



FRESCA2 @ CERN



Test new superconductive cables (Nb_3Sn)

Dipole magnet

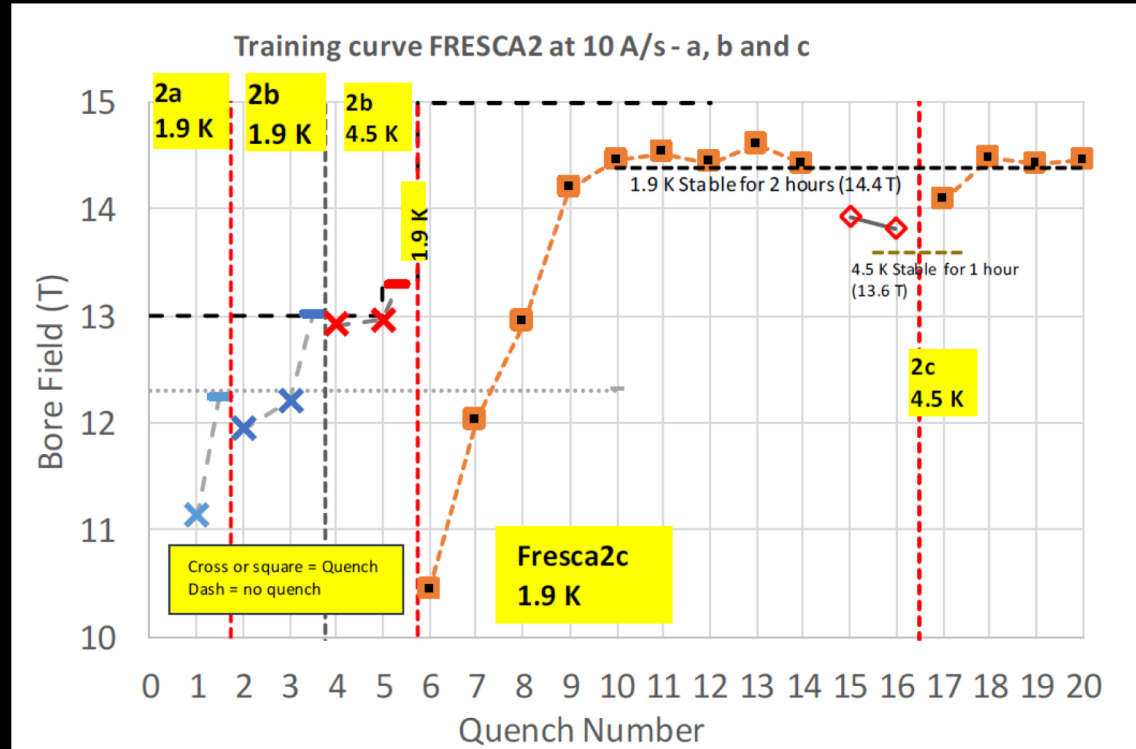
1.5 m long, 1 m diameter, 10 cm aperture

Nominal 13 T design, with an ultimate goal of 15 T, and reached 14.6 T (April 2018), a record for a magnet with a “free” aperture, and with only few quenches

SC Magnet R&D – 16 T magnets would allow to reach much higher pp collision energies

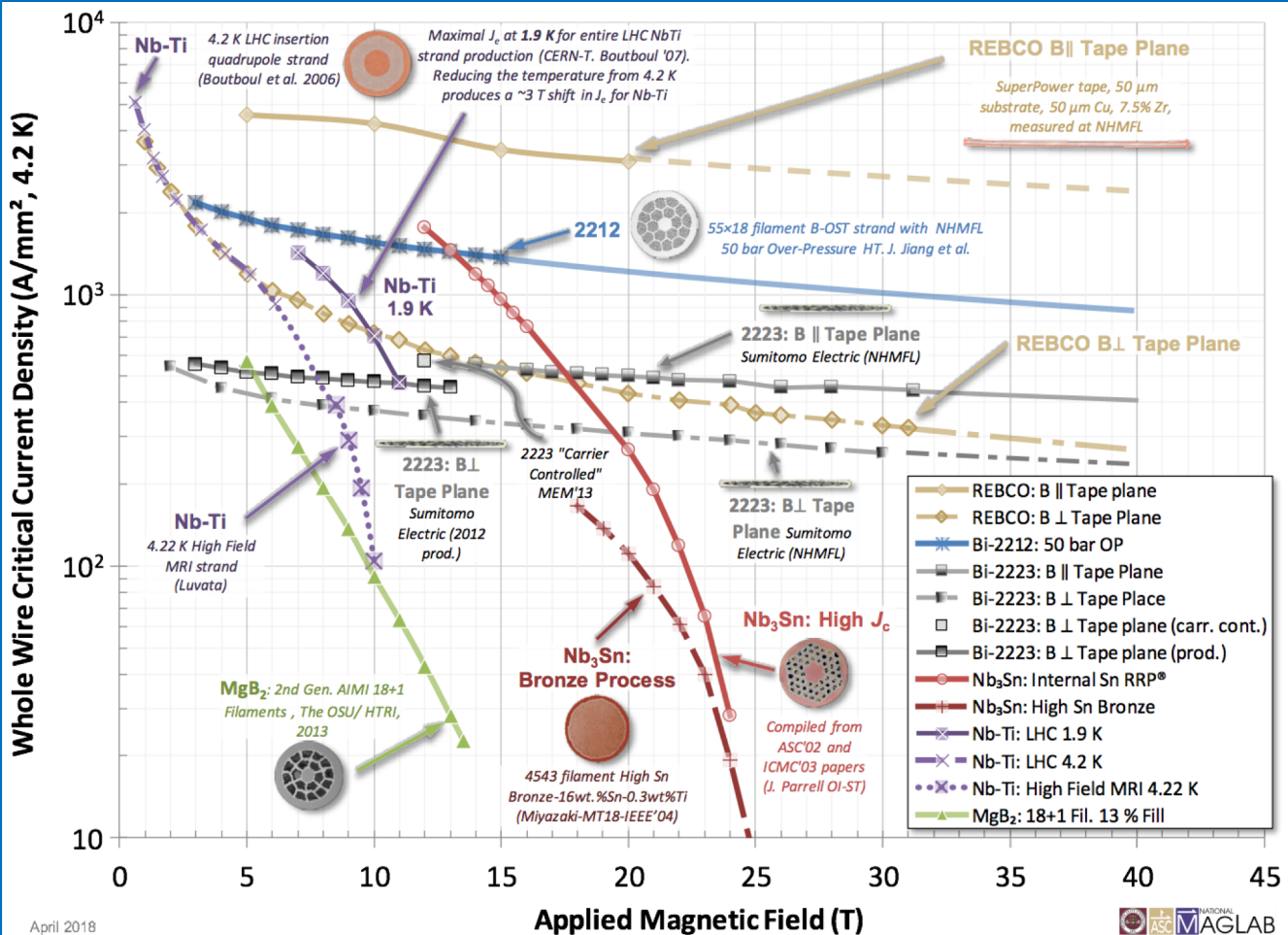


FRESCA2 @ CERN



F. Toral @ Plenary ECFA meeting Nov 2018

SC Magnet R&D – alternative materials for high- J_c at high magnetic field



HTS-Insert
3~5 T

FRESCA-2
13-14 T

Eucard2: HTS-insert to be tested in 2019
(3-5) + (13-14) T : > 16 T

Timelines

Akira Yamamoto
@ Granada

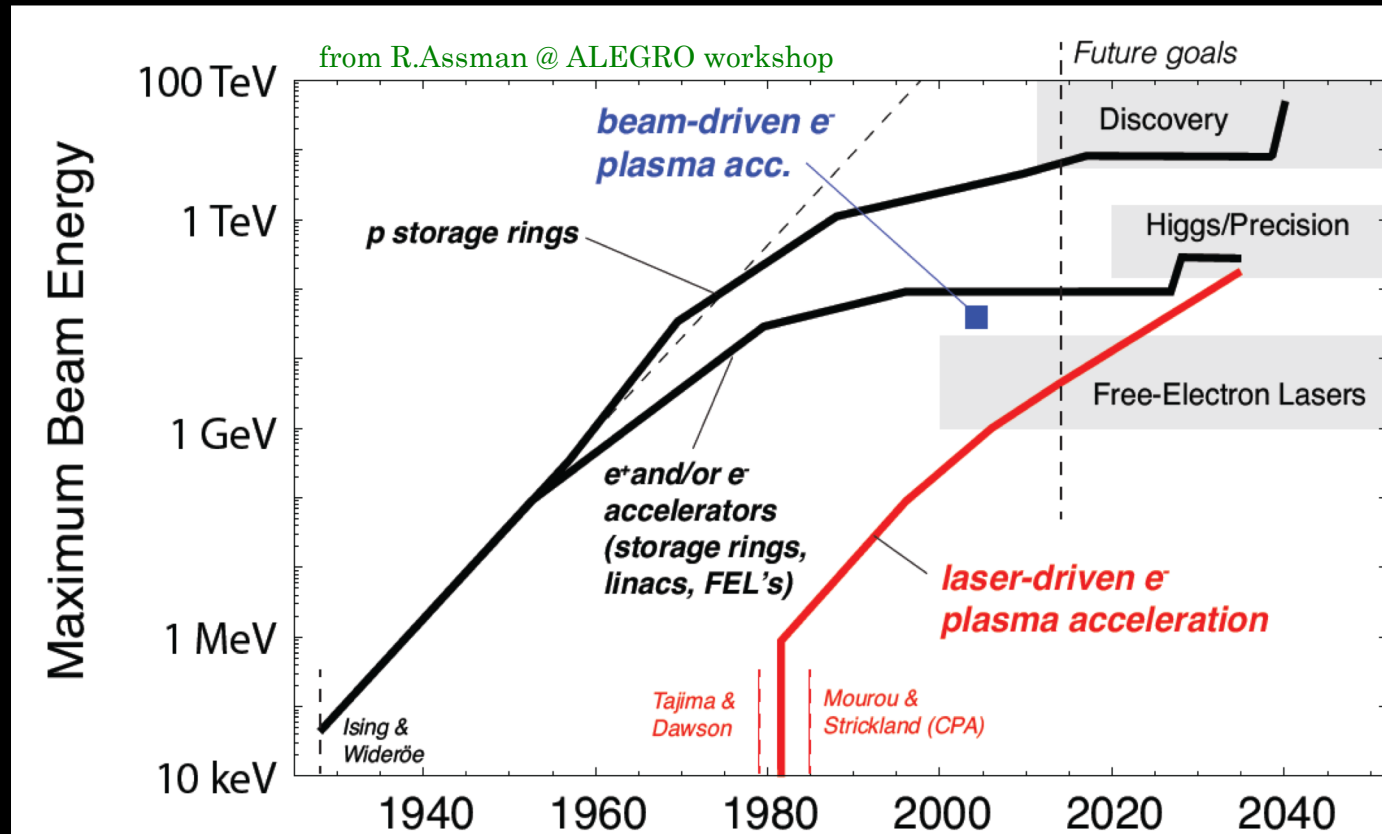
Personal View on Relative Timelines

Timeline	~ 5	~ 10	~ 15	~ 20	~ 25	~ 30	~ 35
Lepton Colliders							
SRF-LC/CC	Proto/pre-series	Construction		Operation		Upgrade	
NRF-LC	Proto/pre-series		Construction	Operation		Upgrade	
Hadron Collider (CC)							
8~(11)T NbTi / (Nb ₃ Sn)	Proto/pre-series	Construction		Operation			Upgrade
12~14T Nb ₃ Sn	Short-model R&D		Proto/Pre-series	Construction		Operation	
14~16T Nb ₃ Sn	Short-model R&D			Prototype/Pre-series		Construction	

Accelerator R&D – Advanced Novel Accelerators (ICFA Panel)

ALEGRO (Advanced LinEar collider study GROup, for a multi-TeV Advanced Linear Collider) Workshop (March 2018 in Oxford): <http://www.physics.ox.ac.uk/confs/alegro2018/index.asp>

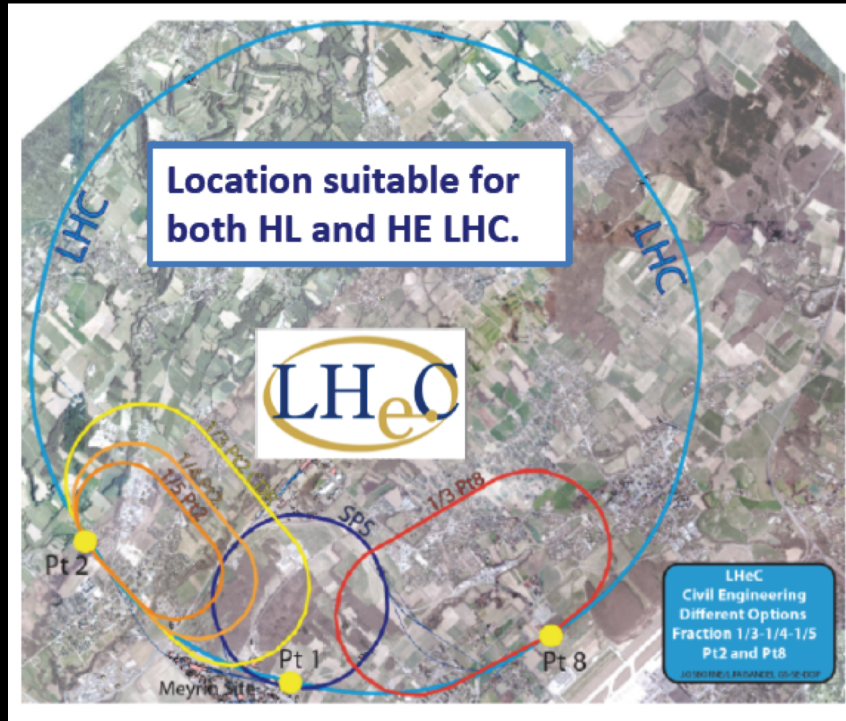
ALEGRO delivered a document detailing the international roadmap and strategy of Advanced Novel Accelerators (ANAs).



Concrete collider options studied at CERN

LHeC (ep), <http://lhec.web.cern.ch>

J. Phys. G: Nucl. Part. Phys. 39 (2012) 075001 [arXiv:1206.2913]

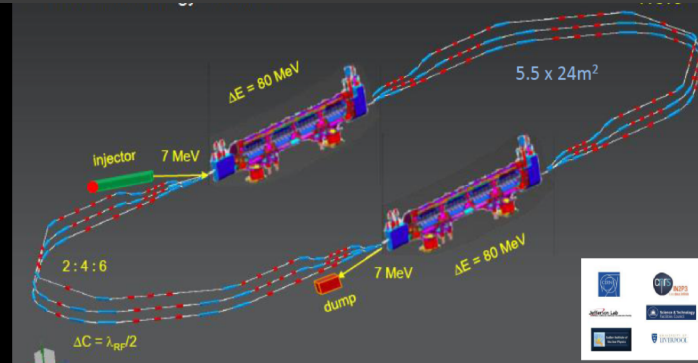


LHeC (60 GeV e- from ERL)

$E_{cms} = 0.2 - 1.3 \text{ TeV}$

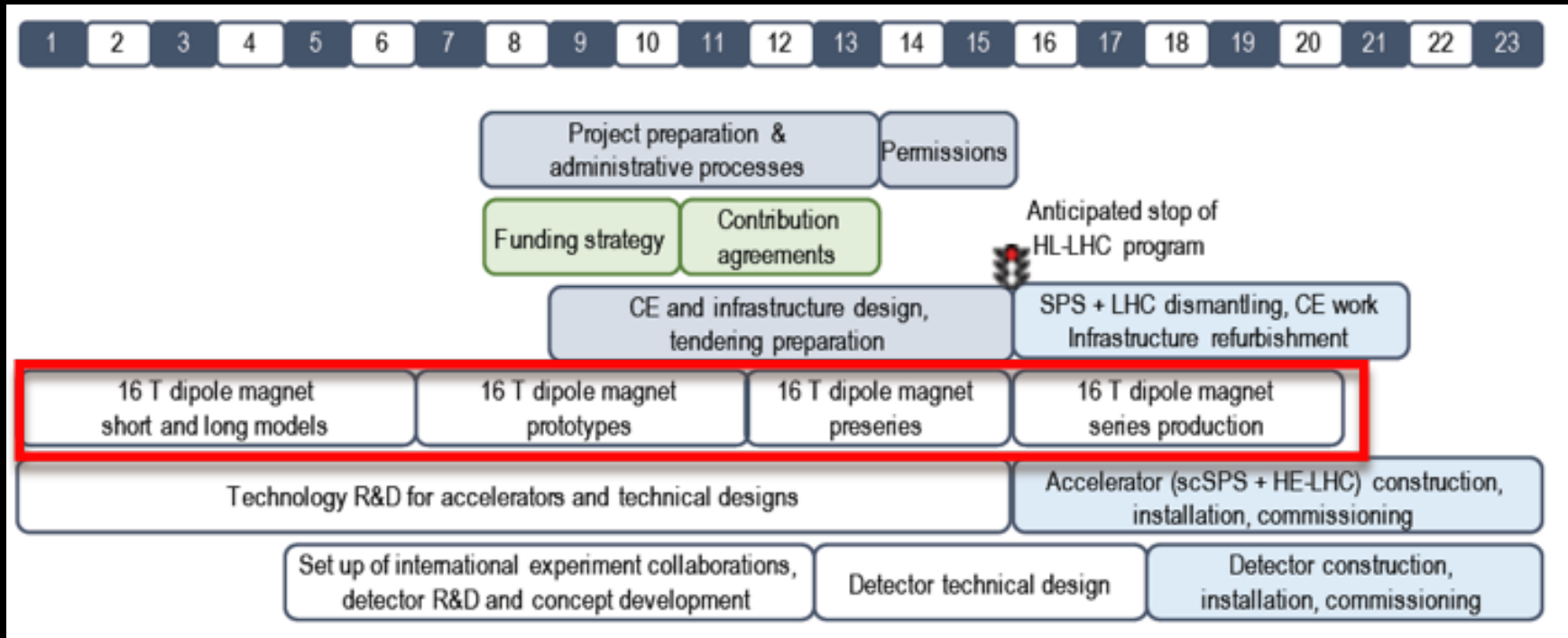
run with the HL-LHC (\gtrsim Run5)

Energy Recovery Linac (ERL)
R&D demonstrator at Orsay, PERLE



Concrete collider options studied at CERN

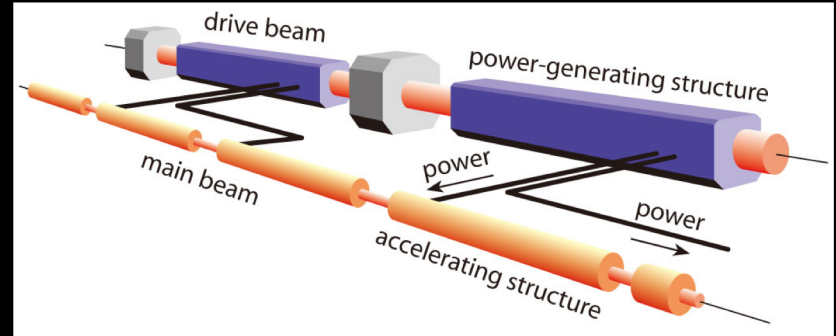
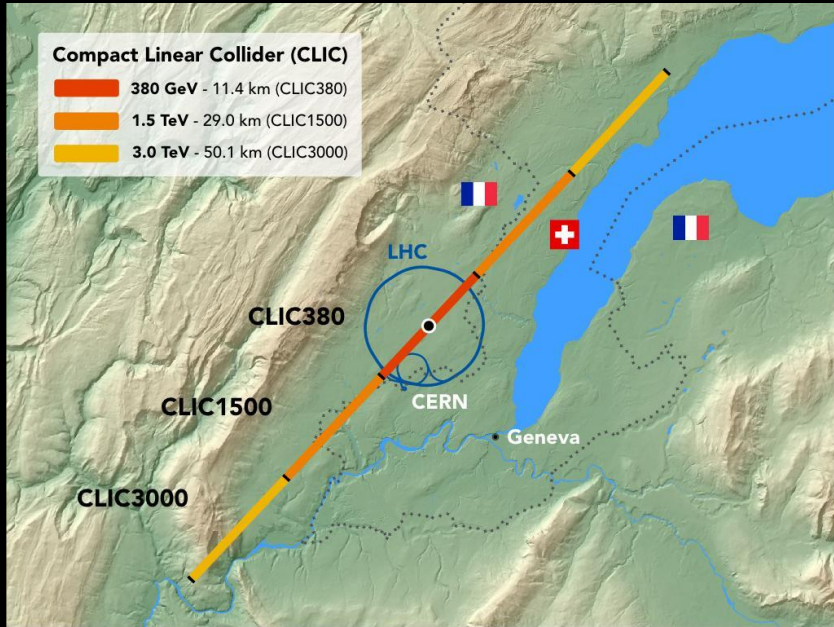
HE-LHC (pp, pA, AA, ep), <https://fcc-cdr.web.cern.ch/>



Technical schedule for HE-LHC with 16 T magnets

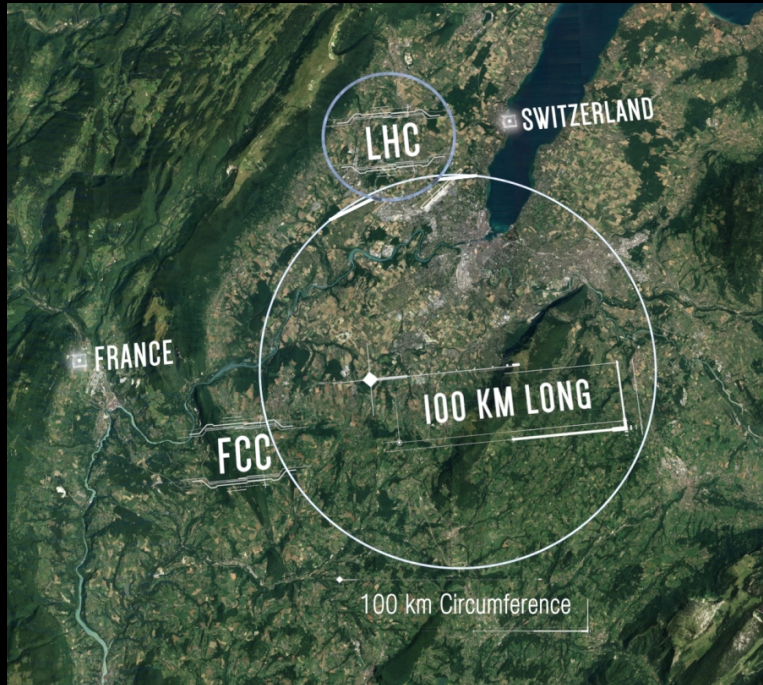
Concrete collider options studied at CERN

CLIC (ee), <http://clic-study.web.cern.ch/>



Concrete collider options studied at CERN

FCC (ee, ep, pp, pA, AA, eA), <https://fcc-cdr.web.cern.ch/>

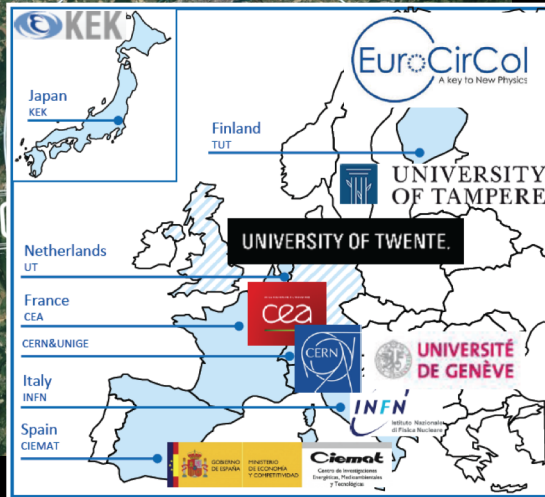


- e^+e^- collider (**FCC-ee**) @ 90-365 GeV as potential first step
- pp -collider (**FCC-hh**) @ 100 TeV
- p - e collider (**FCC-he**)
- **HE-LHC** with *FCC-hh* magnets
- $\mu\mu$ collider (**FCC- $\mu\mu$**) option
- AA, Ap, Ae options

Concrete collider options studied at CERN

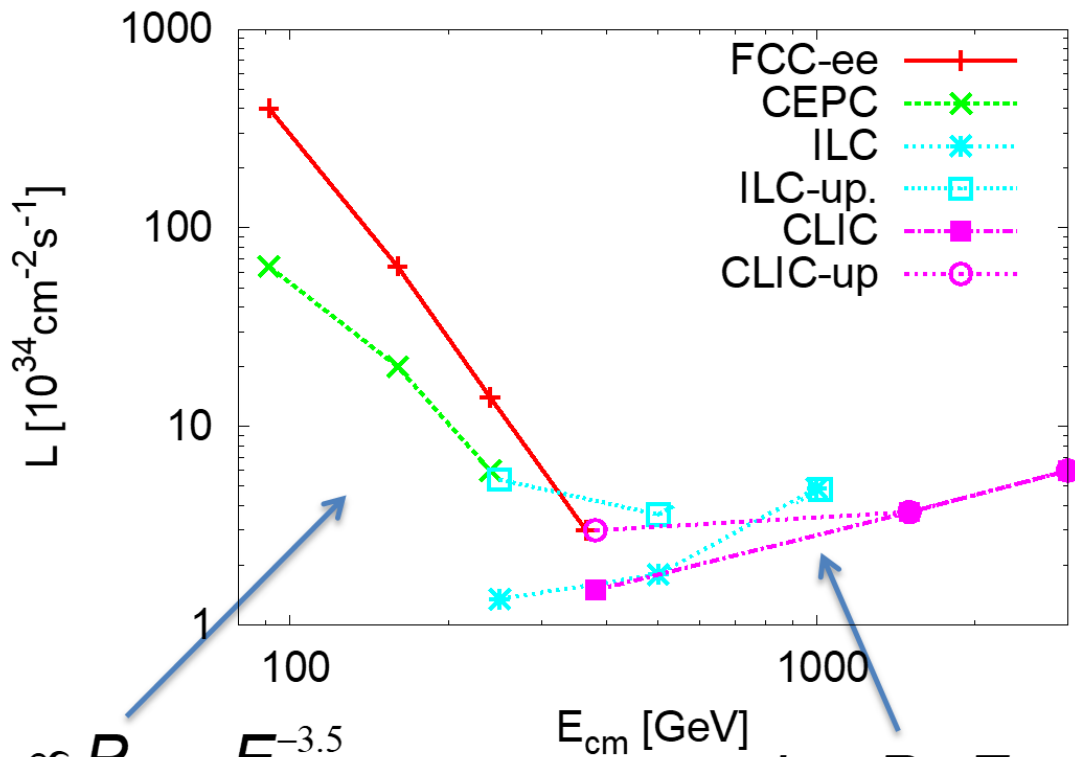
FCC (ee, ep, pp, pA, AA, eA), <https://fcc-cdr.web.cern.ch/>

H2020 EuroCirCol Study
provide a baseline design and a cost model for 16 T magnets



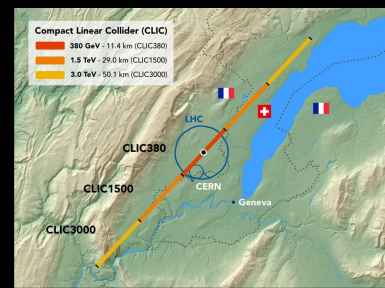
- e^+e^- collider (**FCC-ee**) @ 90-365 GeV as potential first step
- pp -collider (**FCC-hh**) @ 100 TeV
- p - e collider (**FCC-he**)
- **HE-LHC** with *FCC-hh* magnets
- $\mu\mu$ collider (**FCC- $\mu\mu$**) option
- AA, Ap, Ae options

Luminosity per facility



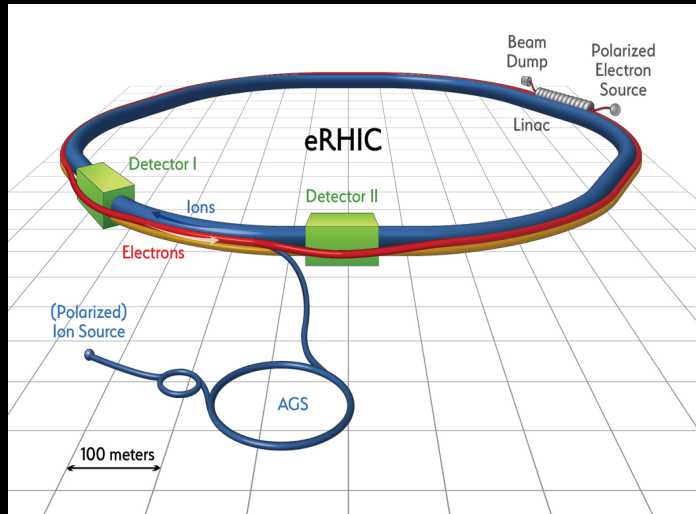
$L \propto P_{\text{synrad}} E_{cm}^{-3.5}$

$L \propto P_{RF} E_{cm}$

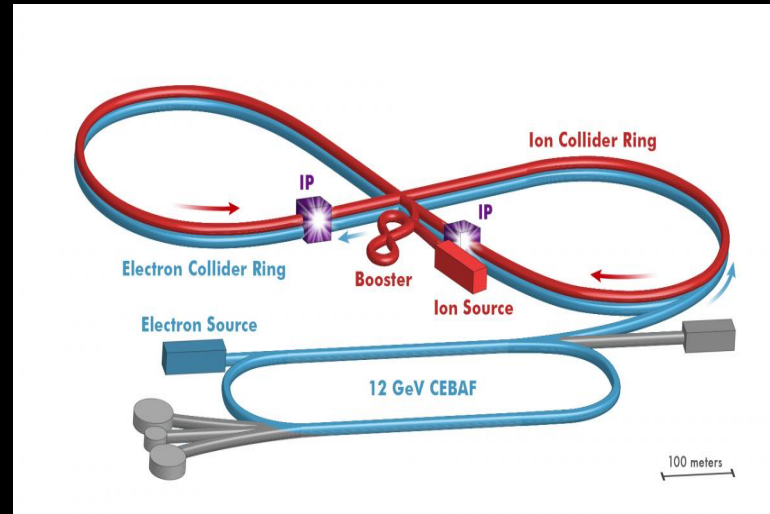


Other concrete collider options

EIC (eA, ep), <http://www.eicug.org>



Brookhaven NL



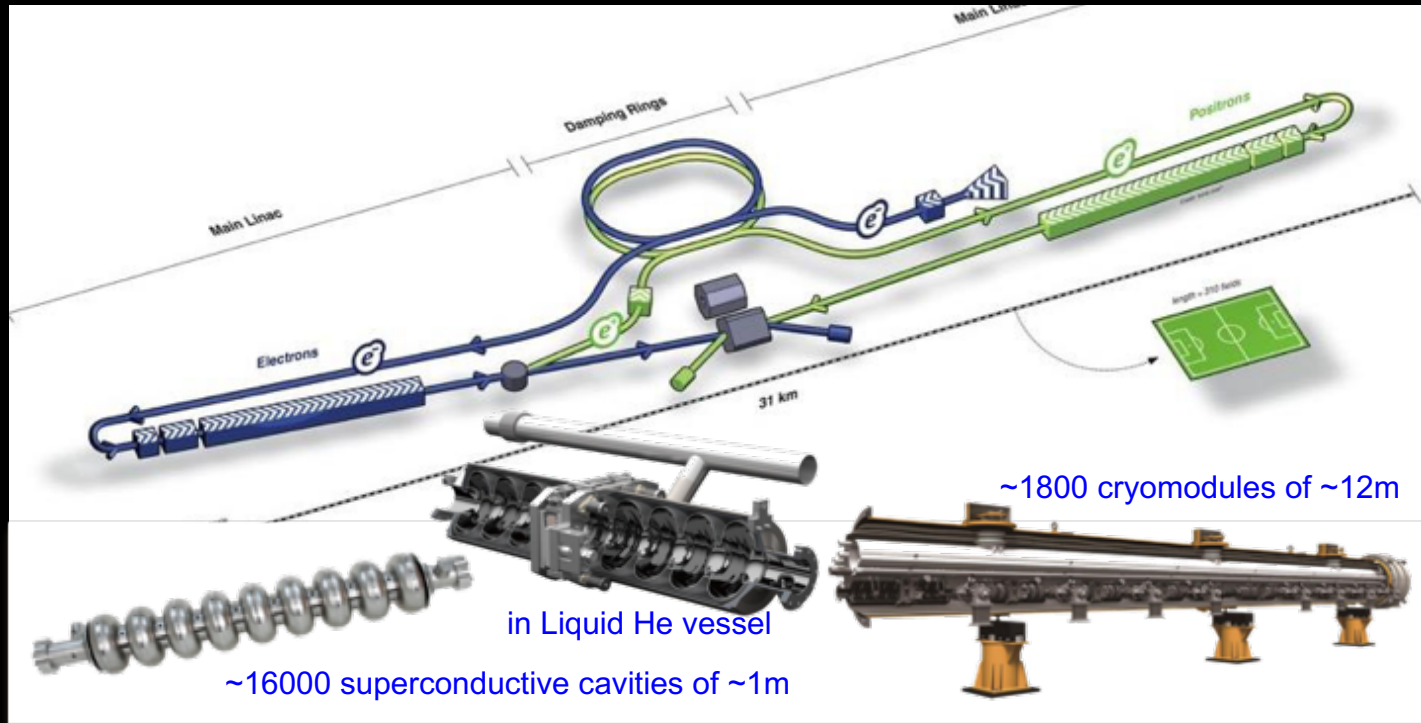
Jefferson Lab

EIC (3-20 GeV e⁻)

$E_{cms} = 0.02 - 0.13 \text{ TeV}$

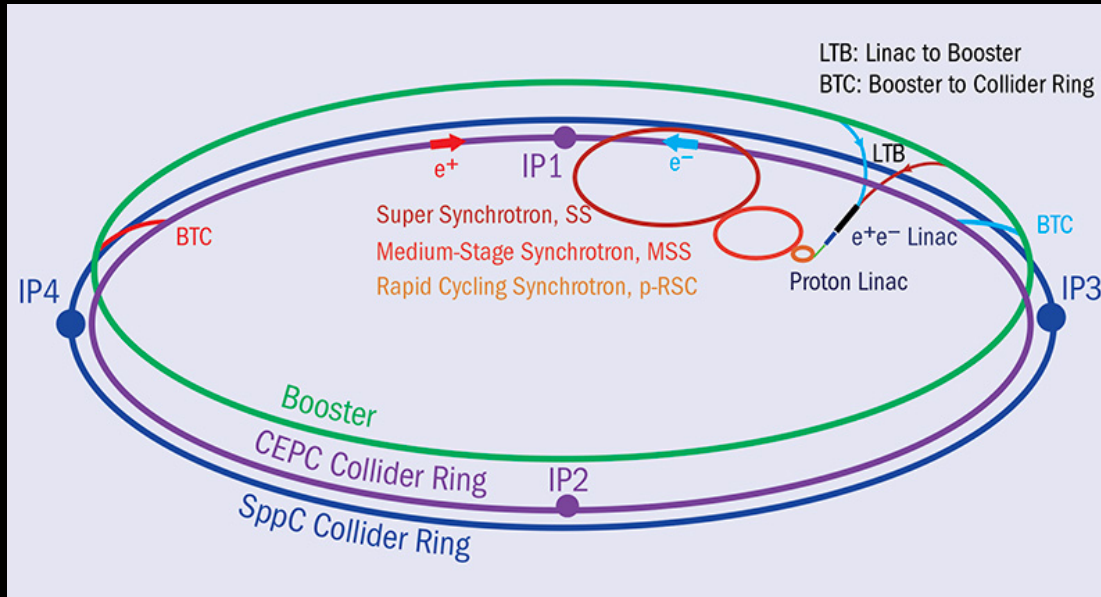
Other concrete collider options

ILC (ee), <http://newline.linearcollider.org>



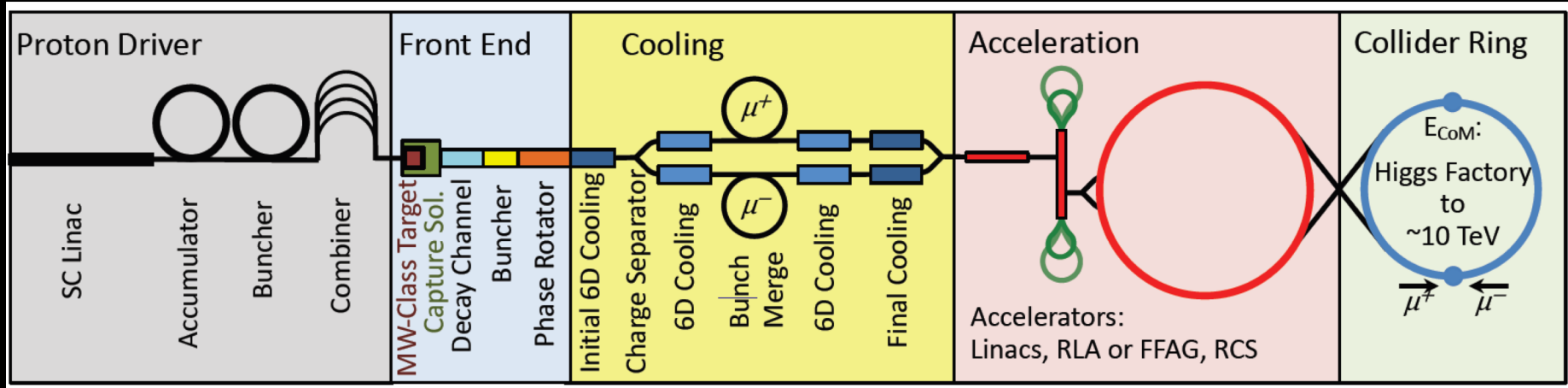
Other concrete collider options

CEPC (ee), <http://cepc.ihep.ac.cn>



Other concrete collider options

Muon Collider, <https://indico.cern.ch/event/801616/>
need for a strong, concerted and global R&D effort



Short, intense proton bunches to produce hadronic showers

Muon are captured, bunched and then cooled

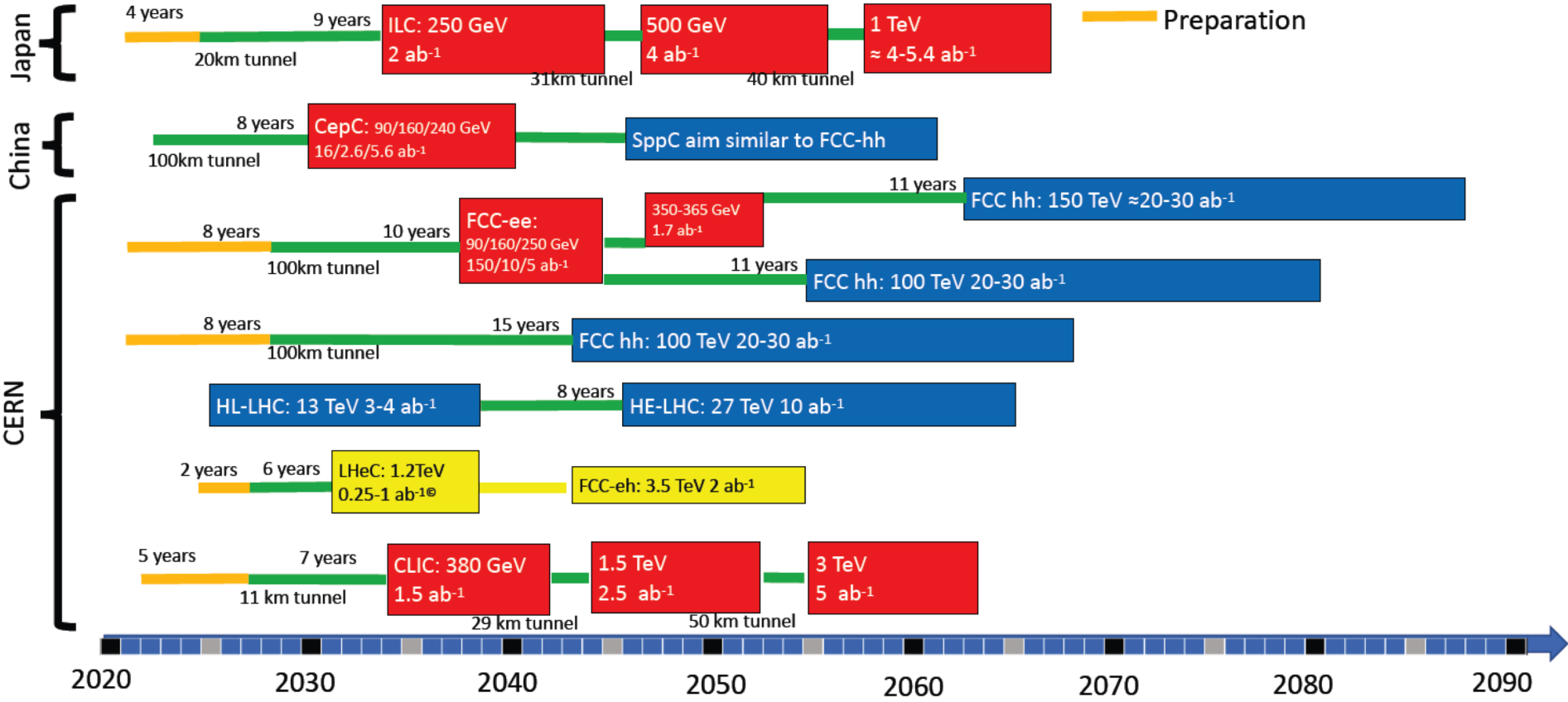
Acceleration to collision energy

Collision

Pions decay into muons that can be captured

Possible scenarios of future colliders

- Proton collider
- Electron collider
- Electron-Proton collider
- Construction/Transformation
- Preparation



we can only explore our aspirations
when we innovate technology

we can only explore our aspirations
when **we** innovate technology

we can only explore our aspirations
when **we** innovate technology

*our field of high-energy physics is
driven by **our** innovations in
technology*

from challenges to opportunities

*foster the most talented researchers
with aspirations in instrumentation,
computing and software*

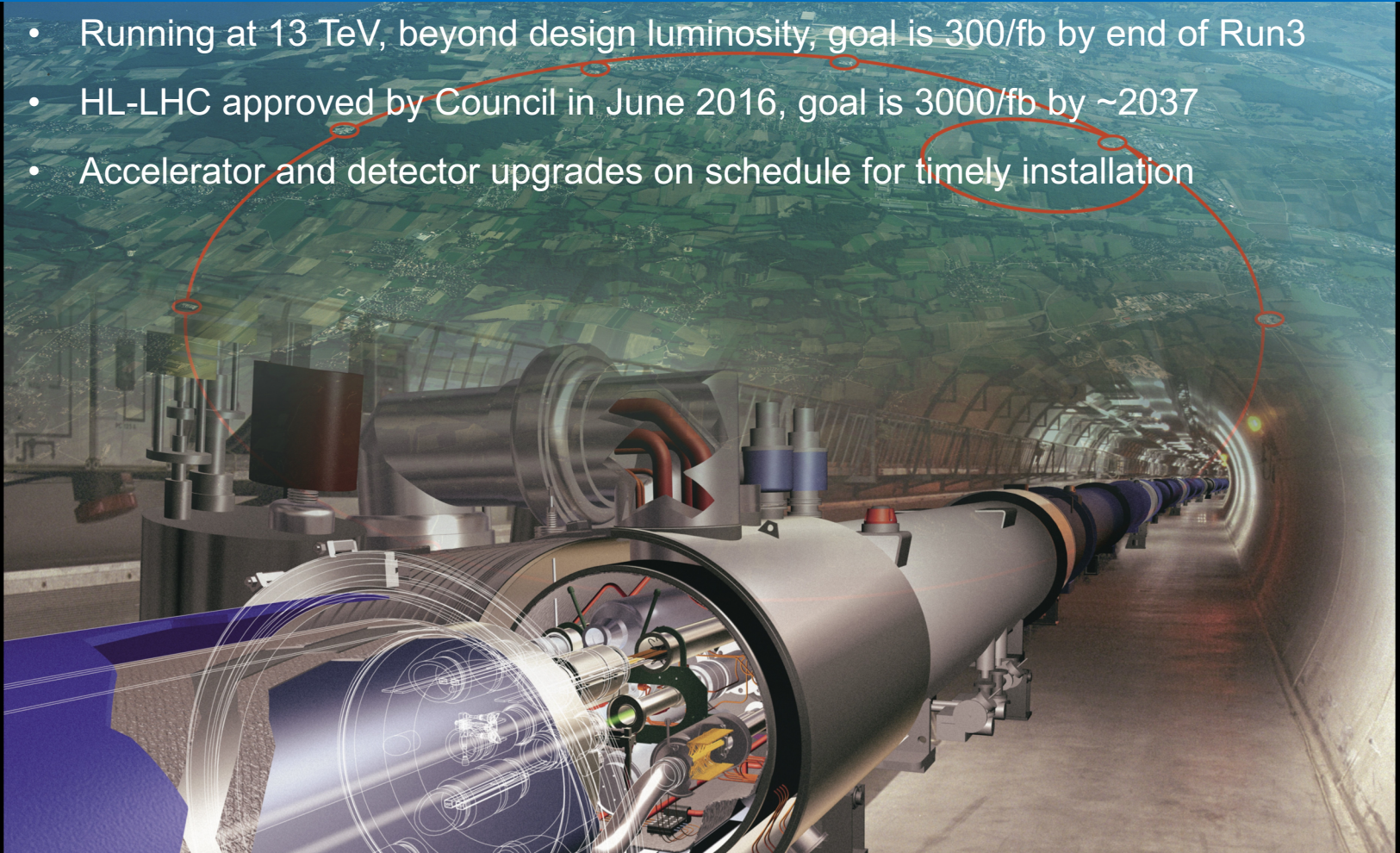
from challenges to opportunities

*foster the most talented researchers
with aspirations in instrumentation,
computing and software*

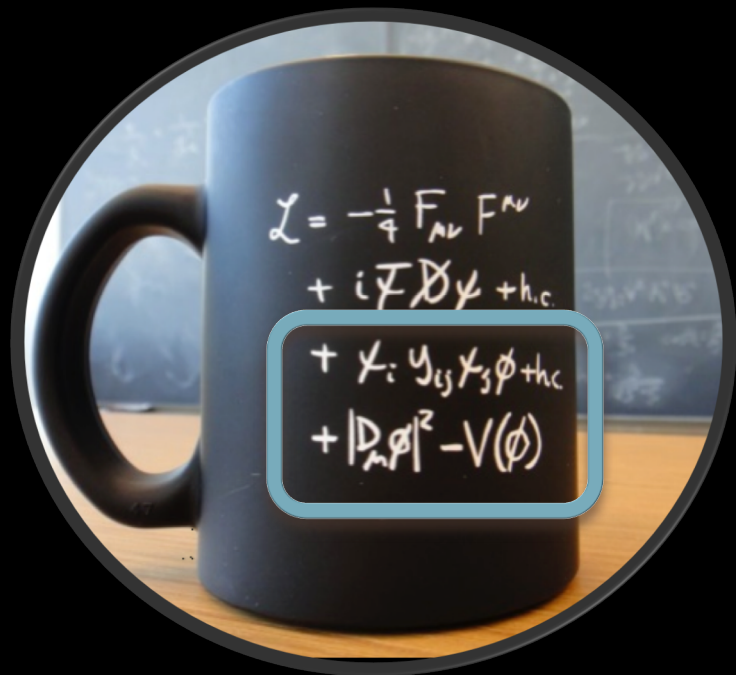
*foster global R&D programs for
technology and synergies with
disciplines facing equivalent
challenges*

The (HL-)LHC at the frontline – colliding protons & ions

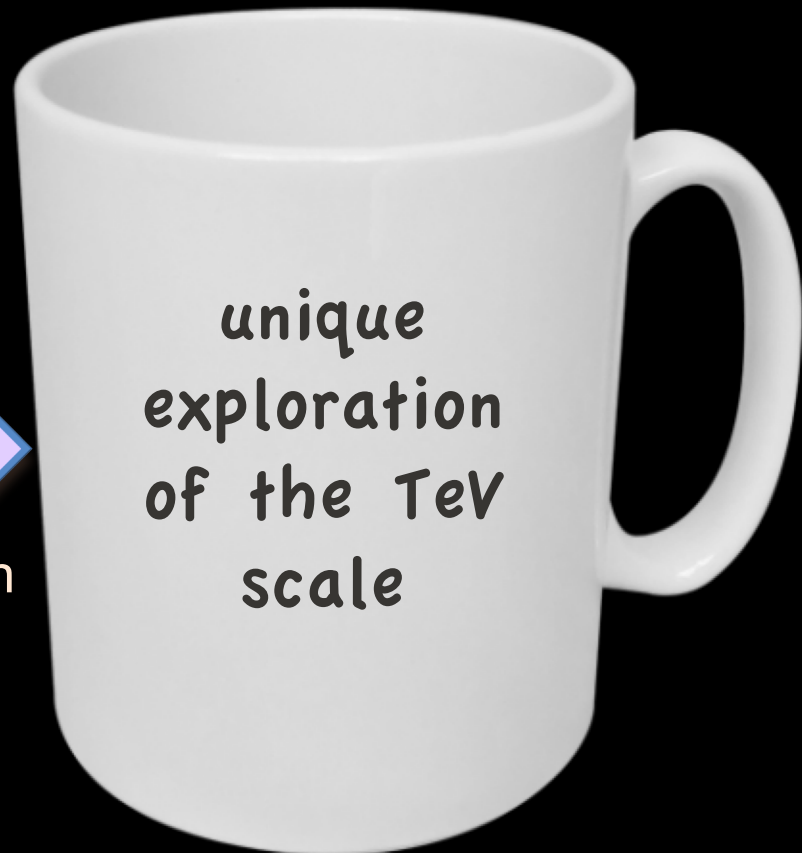
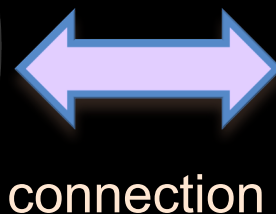
- Running at 13 TeV, beyond design luminosity, goal is 300/fb by end of Run3
- HL-LHC approved by Council in June 2016, goal is 3000/fb by ~2037
- Accelerator and detector upgrades on schedule for timely installation



The impact of the LHC

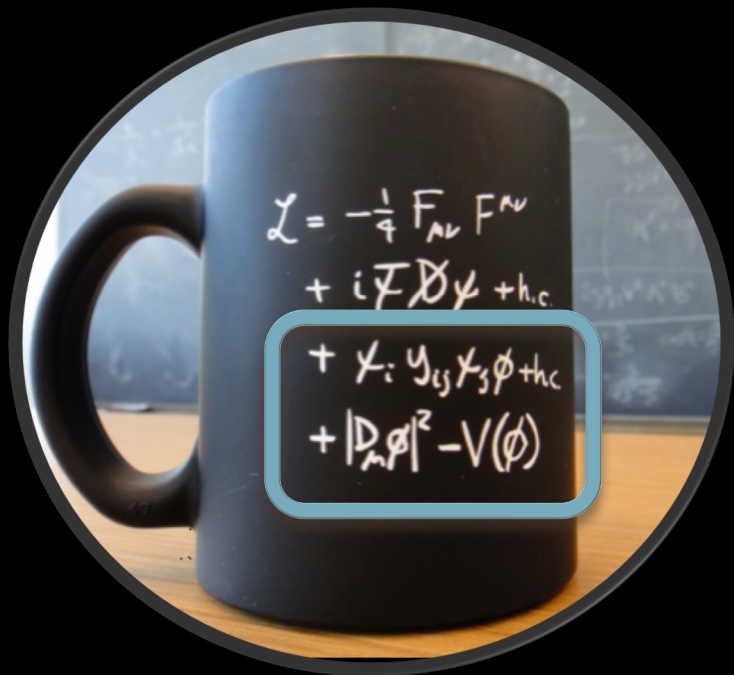


a MORE PRECISE and more COMPLETE description

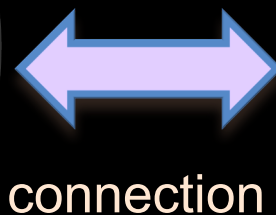


new physics

The impact of the LHC

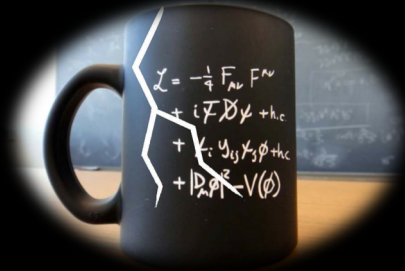


a MORE PRECISE and more
COMPLETE description

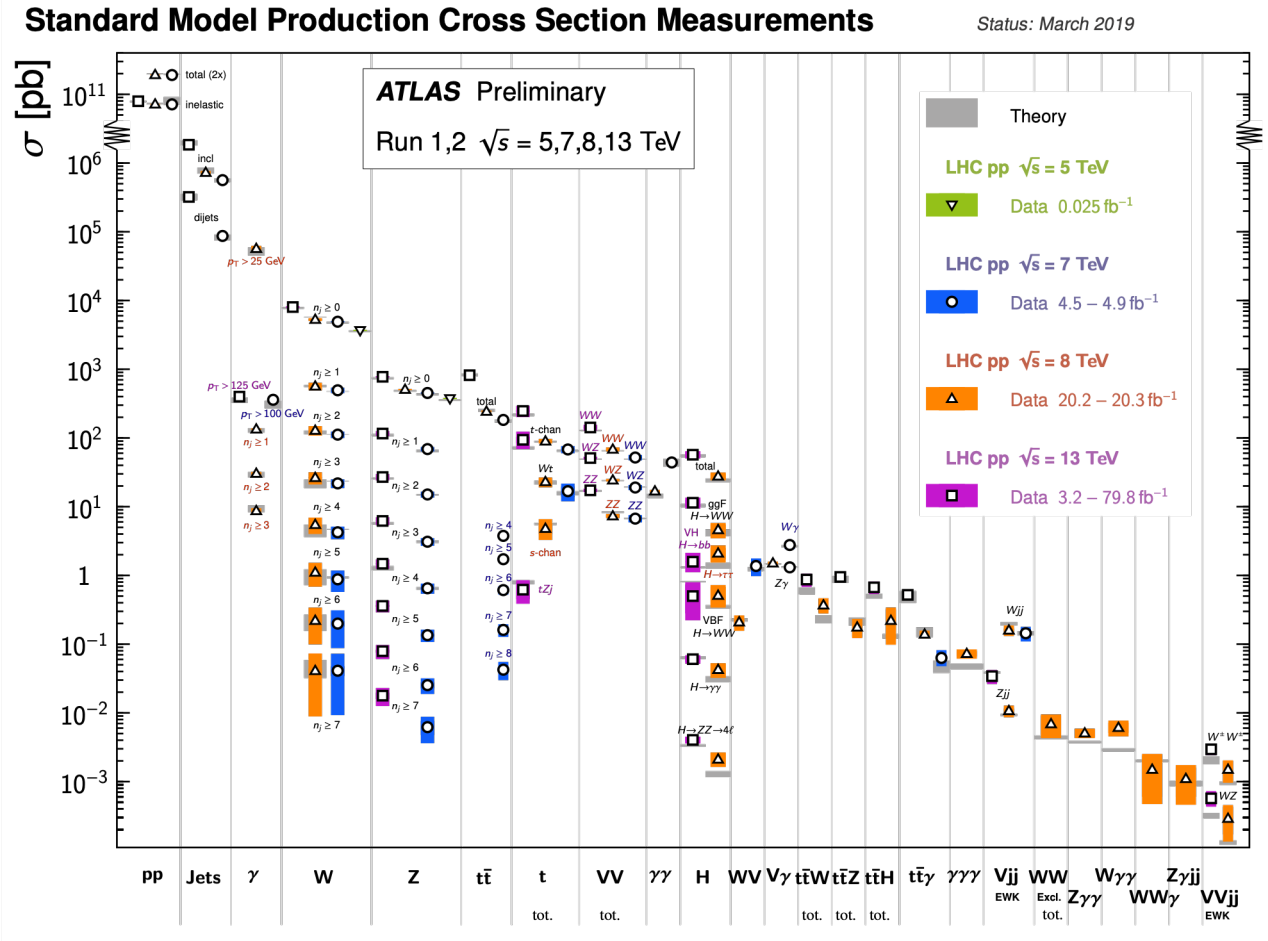


new physics

Some physics results of the LHC – Standard Model



the cup doesn't break over many orders of magnitude



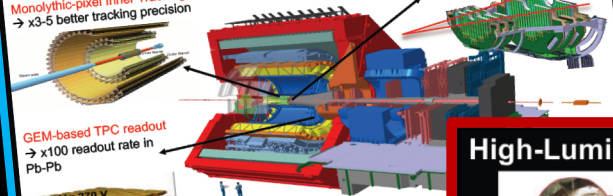
more data is needed

and due to our innovations in technology

more data is coming

ALICE – Upgrade LS2 – study Quark-Gluon Plasma formed in nuclear collisions

Monolithic-pixel Inner Tracking System
→ x3-5 better tracking precision



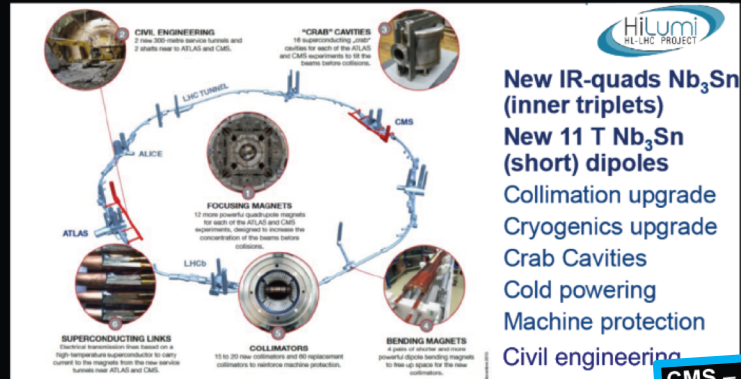
GEM-based TPC readout
→ x100 readout rate in Pb-Pb

$\Delta V = 270\text{ V}$	$\Delta V = 500\text{ V}$
$\Delta V = 230\text{ V}$	$\Delta V = 800\text{ V}$
$\Delta V = 280\text{ V}$	$\Delta V = 20\text{ V}$
$\Delta V = 300\text{ V}$	$\Delta V = 600\text{ V}$

- Low- p_T heavy-flavour mesons/baryons
- Low- p_T charmonia: c-bar melting and
- Low-mass di-electrons: QGP thermal

Pixel Muon Forward Tracker
→ non-prompt muons from B decays

High-Luminosity LHC: 300/fb (by 2023) → 3000/fb (by 2037)



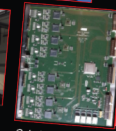
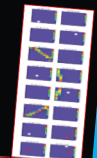
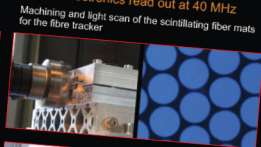
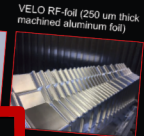
- New IR-quads Nb_3Sn (inner triplets)
- New 11 T Nb_3Sn (short) dipoles
- Collimation upgrade
- Cryogenics upgrade
- Crab Cavities
- Cold powering
- Machine protection
- Civil engineering

Formal approval by CERN Council (June 2016)
Cost to Completion : 950 MCHF (material)

Detector plan

LHCb – Upgrade LS2

Construction well advanced



Will collect 50 fb⁻¹ at instantaneous lumi of 2x10³³cm⁻²s⁻¹
Full software trigger
New tracking detectors
New RICH photon detectors
New electronics readout at 40 MHz

CMS – Upgrade Phase II (LS3)

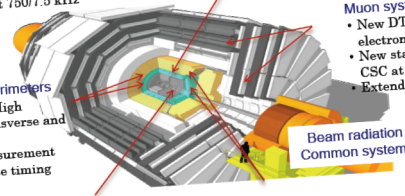
Trigger/HLT/DAQ (interim TDR submitted)
• Track information in trigger at 40 MHz
• 12.5 μs latency
• HLT input/output 750/7.5 kHz

New Endcap Calorimeters
• Rad. tolerant - High granularity transverse and longitudinal
• 4D shower measurement including precise timing capability

New Tracker
• Rad. tolerant - increased granularity - lighter
• 40 MHz selective readout (strips) for Trigger
• Extended coverage to $\eta \approx 3.8$

Barrel EM calorimeter
• New FE/BE electronics for full granularity readout at 40 MHz - with improved time resolution
• Lower operating temperature (8 σ)

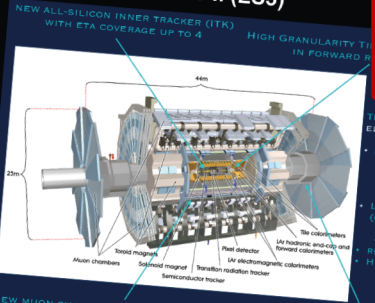
Muon systems
• New DT & CSC FE/BE electronics
• New station to complete CSC at $1.6 < \eta < 2.4$
• Extended coverage to $\eta \approx 3$



Beam radiation and luminosity Common systems and infrastructure

MIP precision Timing Detector
• Barrel layer: Crystal + SiPM
• Endcap layer: Low Gain Avalanche Diodes

ATLAS – Upgrade Phase II (LS3)



- TDQA OFF-DETECTOR ELECTRONICS:
- LO HARDWARE TRIGGER:
 - LO CALORIMETER
 - LO TOPOLOGICAL
 - LO MUON
 - LO GLOBAL
 - LI HARDWARE TRIGGER (OPTION):
 - LI GLOBAL
 - LI TRACK TRIGGER
 - READOUT SYSTEM
 - HLT

FORWARD MUON TAGGER (OPTION)

Beyond the potential of the LHC data (2010-2023), with the
HL-LHC data (2026-2037) important progress can be
expected on

Standard Model physics

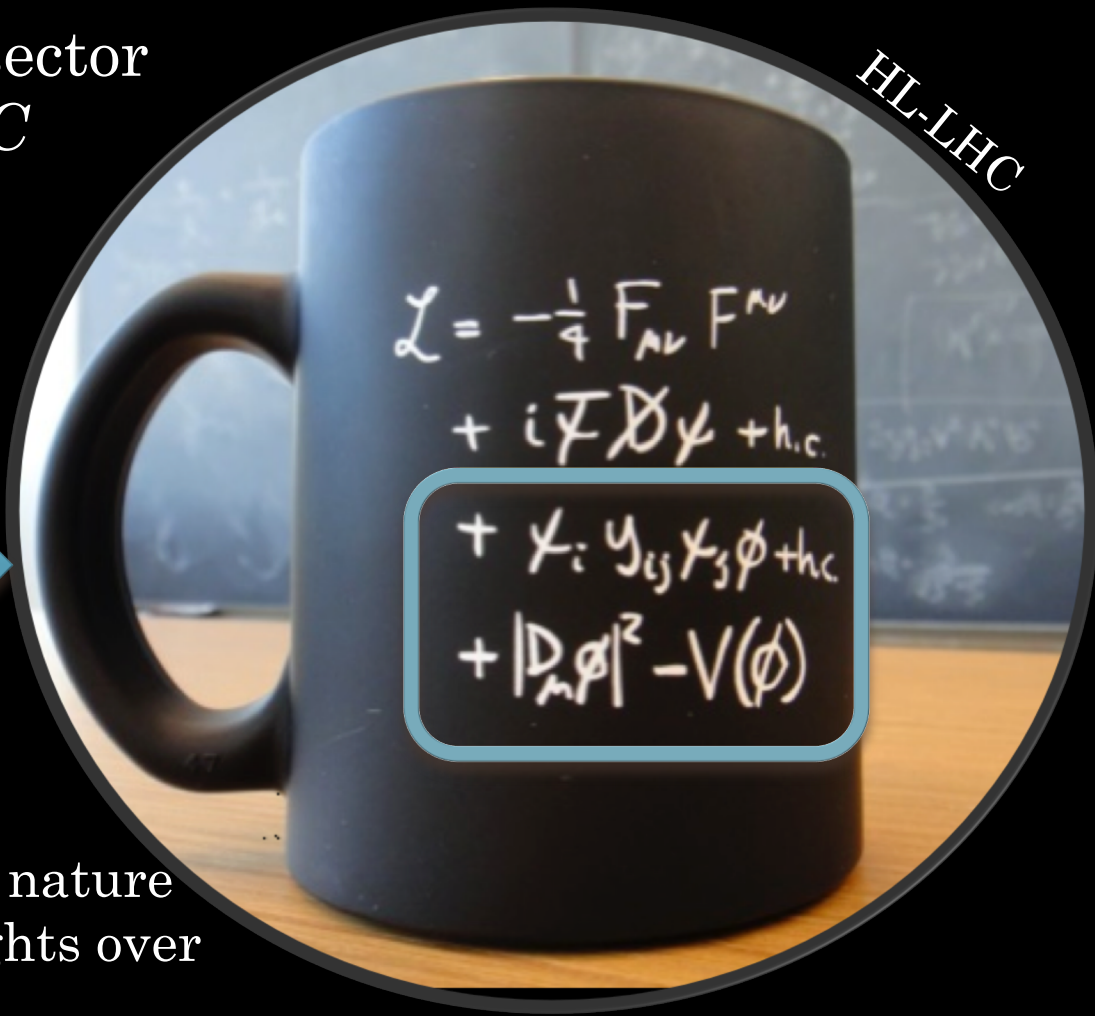
Higgs physics

Beyond the Standard Model physics

Flavour physics

High-density QCD

Zooming into the scalar sector
from *LHC* to *HL-LHC*

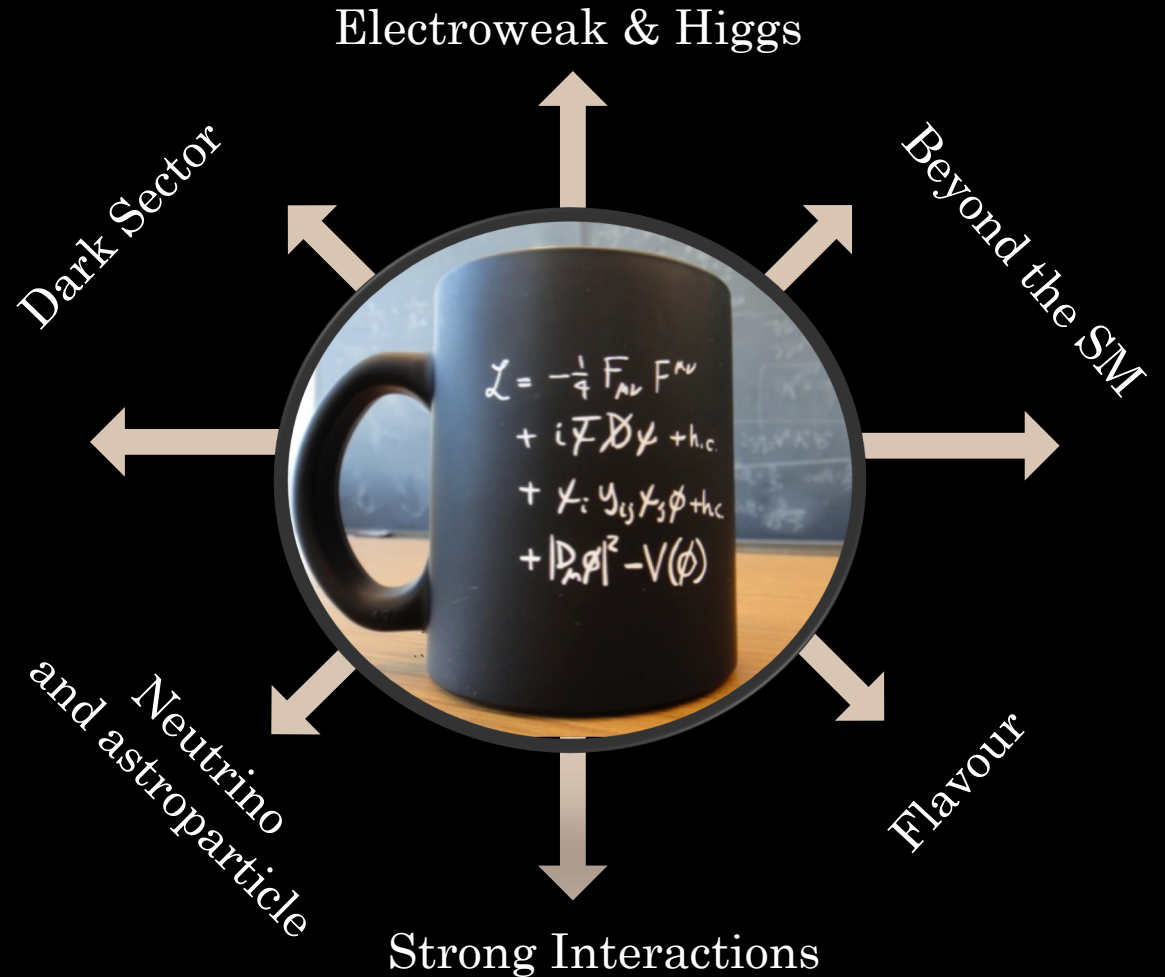


Ample opportunities to explore nature
and to pursue innovative thoughts over
the next 20 years



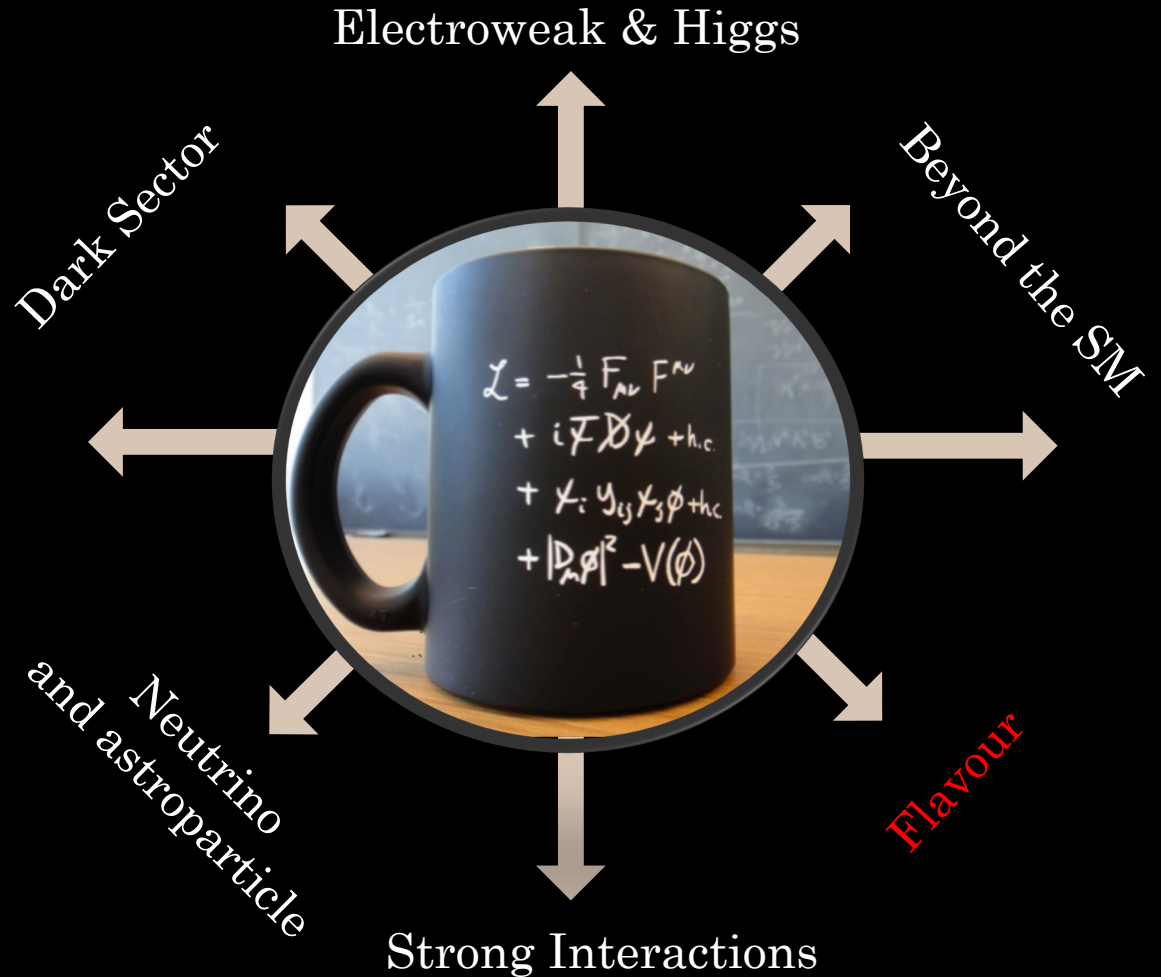
Open Symposium
Towards updating the European Strategy for Particle Physics
May 13-16, 2019, Granada, Spain
<https://cafpe.ugr.es/epps2019/>

The Granada themes



The Granada
themes

Flavour & CP



The Granada themes

Flavour & CP

Quarks

u up	c charm	t top
d down	s strange	b bottom

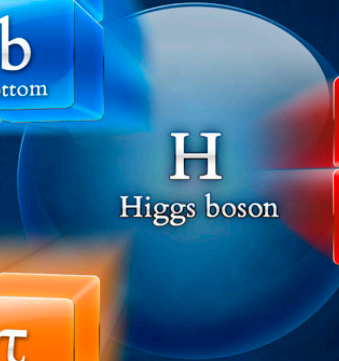
Leptons

e electron	μ muon	τ tau
ν_e electron neutrino	ν_μ muon neutrino	ν_τ tau neutrino

Force Carriers

Z Z boson	γ photon
W W boson	g gluon

H
Higgs boson



The Granada themes

Flavour & CP

Quarks

u up	c charm	t top
d down	s strange	b bottom

Leptons

e electron	μ muon	τ tau
ν_e electron neutrino	ν_μ muon neutrino	ν_τ tau neutrino

I

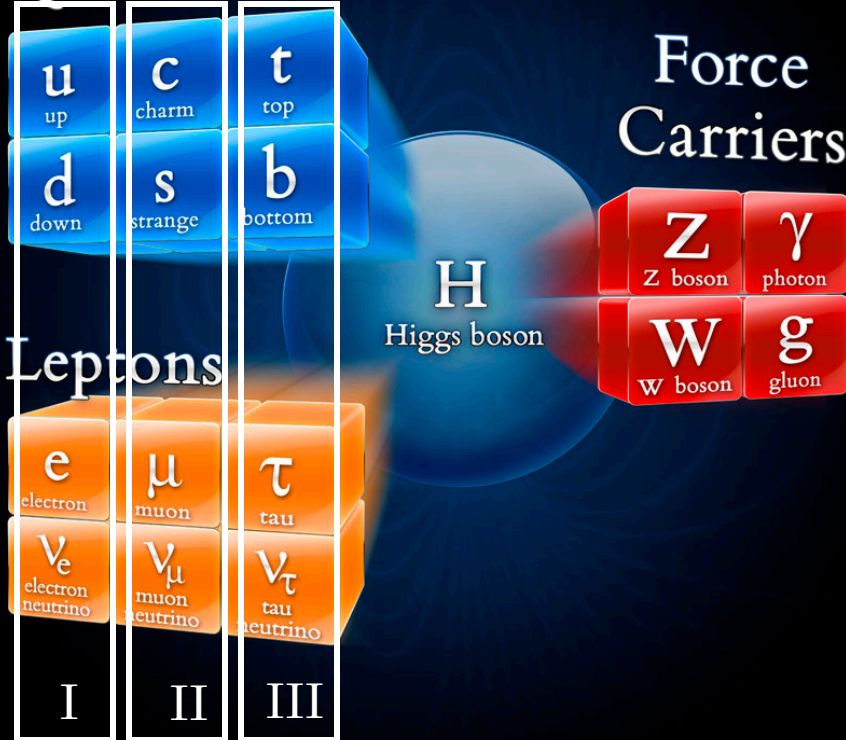
II

III

Force Carriers

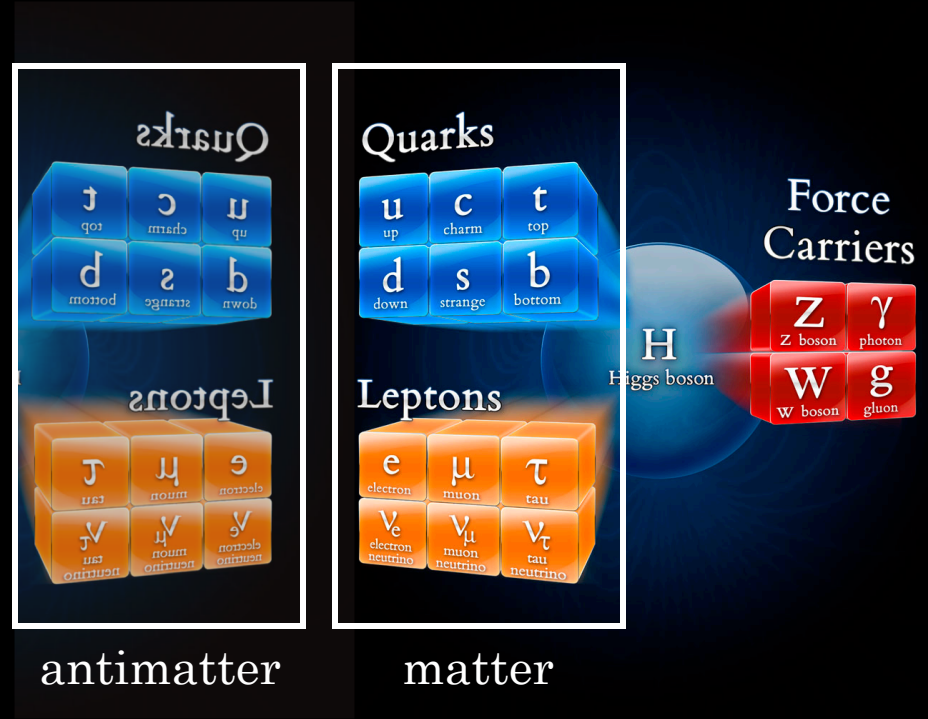
Z Z boson	γ photon
W W boson	g gluon

H
Higgs boson



The Granada themes

Flavour & CP



The light sector (u,d,s + e, μ)

Three “clear” cases calling for diversity in the short/mid-term:

1. EDMs [d_e, d_n, d_N, \dots]

Strong CP

EW CP

new

Storage rings

2. $\mu \rightarrow e$ processes

1 \rightarrow 2 Gen

Lep. Mix.

Intense

μ beams

3. Rare K decays

1 \rightarrow 2 Gen.

Quark Mix.

Intense

K beams

$\Lambda > 10^3$ TeV for O(1) couplings
Storage ring JEDI/CPEDM start construction in 2027

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Mu2e@FNAL, MEG@PSI,
COMET@J-PARC, ...
Sensitivity improvement x10000

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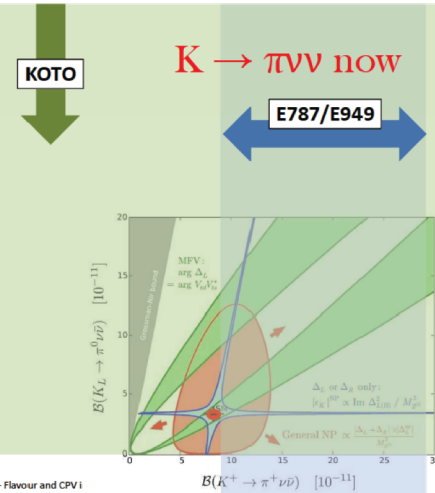
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Mu2e@FNAL, MEG@PSI,
COMET@J-PARC, ...
Sensitivity improvement x10000

Great potential
Difficult experiments

The light sector (u,d,s + e, μ): rare K decay evolution

NA62@SPS & KOTO@J-PARC

$K \rightarrow \pi \nu \nu$



$K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \nu$
 SM BR = $(3.74 \pm 0.72) \times 10^{-11}$
 Exp BR < 3.0×10^{-9}
 Bound: BR < 1.45×10^{-9}
 World sample: 0 events (0.42 bkg)

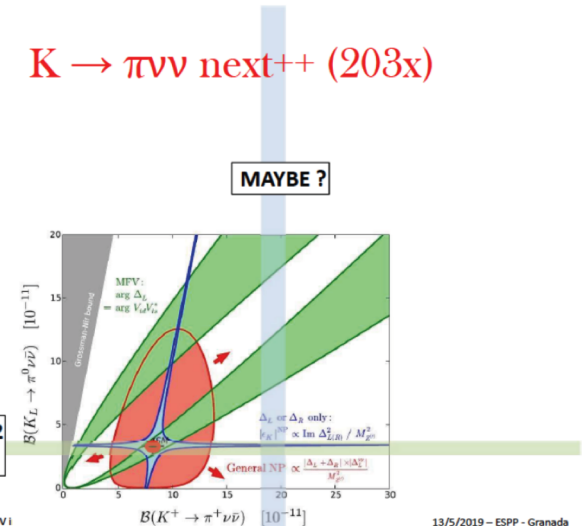
$K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \nu$
 SM BR = $(9.31 \pm 0.76) \times 10^{-11}$
 Exp BR = $17.3^{+11.5}_{-10.5} \times 10^{-11}$
 World sample: 8 events (2.26 bkg)

Flavour and CPV I

13/5/2019 - ESPP - Granada

KOTO-Step2 & KLEVER@CERN

$K \rightarrow \pi \nu \nu$ next++ (203x)



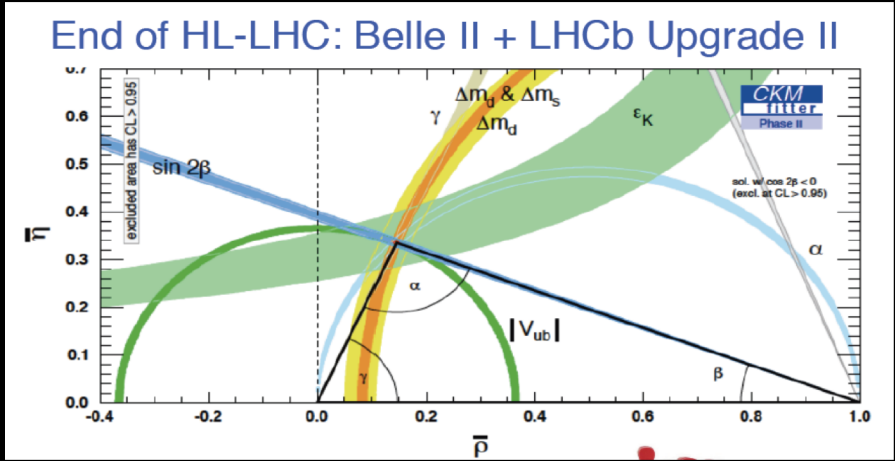
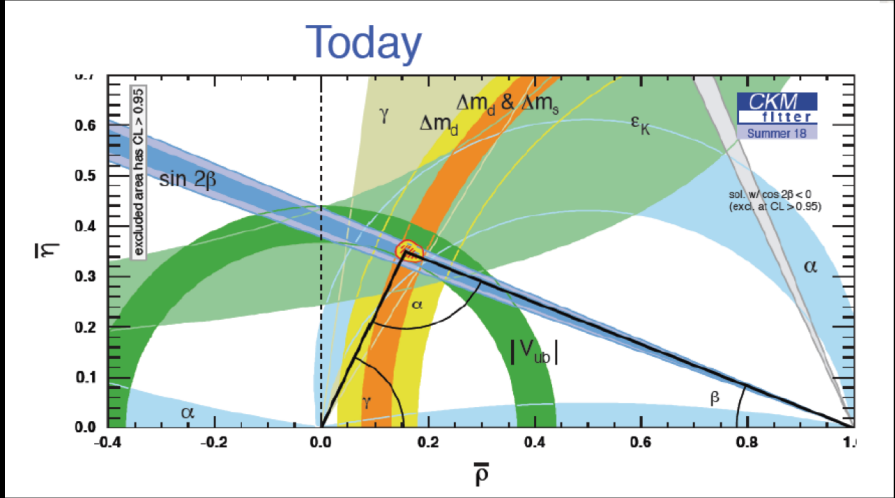
KOTO Step 2
 KLEVER

M. Sozzi - Flavour and CPV I

13/5/2019 - ESPP - Granada

Antonio Zoccoli @ Granada

The heavy sector (b,c,t + τ + h)



Belle II+1 = Belle III

Just started within Belle II

Goal: x5 increase in peak luminosity

- Doable from a machine perspective ?
- Detectors issues running at $4 \cdot 10^{36} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$
- Physics case

Under study, more before the end of 2019

Z⁰ factories

Goal: $10^{11} - 10^{12} \text{ Z}^0$ (CEPC)
 $5 \cdot 10^{12} \text{ Z}^0$ (FCCee)
 $\text{BR}(\text{Z}^0 \rightarrow \text{b}\bar{\text{b}}) = 15\%$

ILD-like detector + charged hadron PID.

FCC-pp a dedicated experiment (à la LHCb)

e⁺e⁻ Super Charm-Tau Factories:
 SCT (BINP, Novosibirsk) and STCF/HIEPA (China)
 E: 2 to 6 GeV
 Peak Luminosity (> 4 GeV) $10^{35} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$

“Flavour is the usual graveyard for BSM electroweak theories”

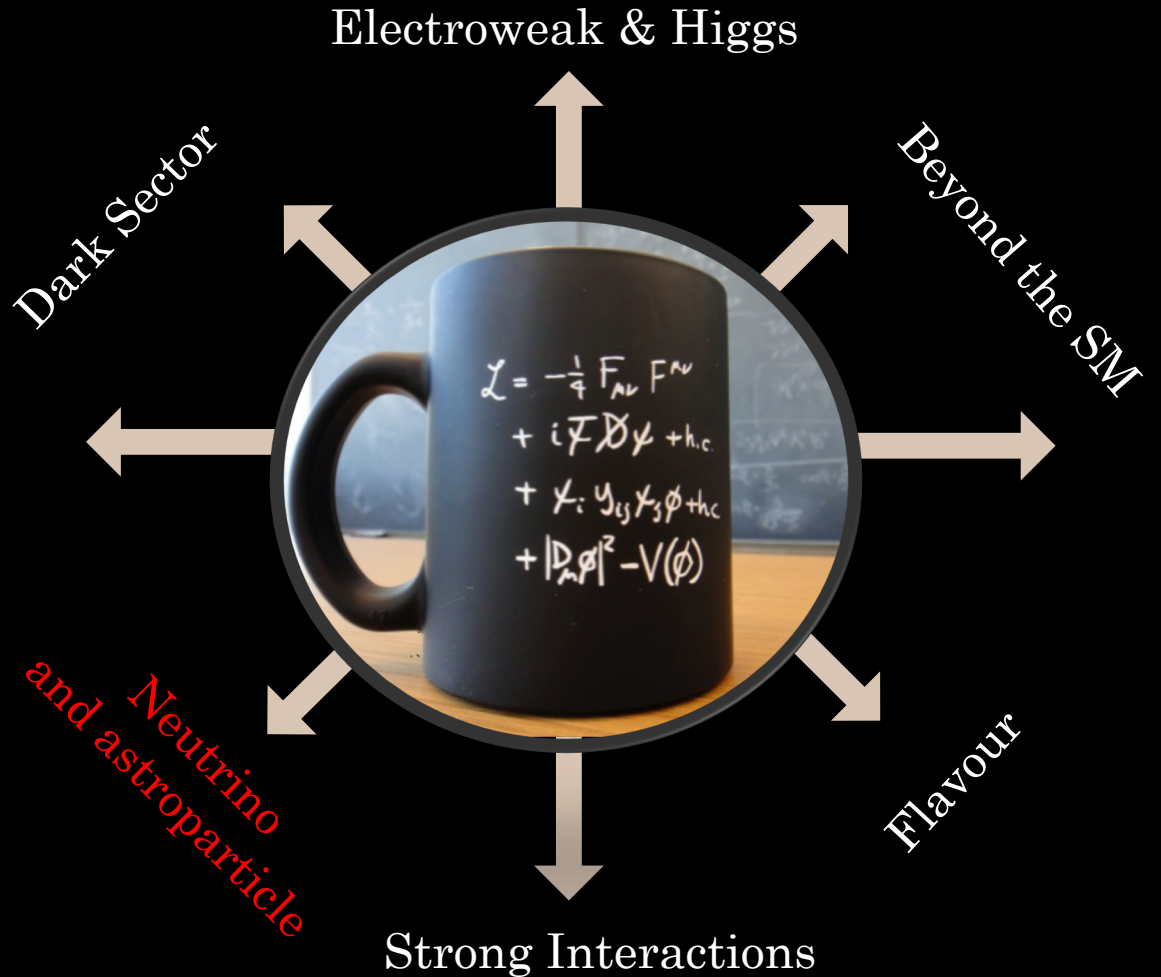
The Granada themes

Flavour & CP

- Challenging experiments, but a must-have in our experimental portfolio
- Outstanding BSM scale reach: $\Lambda > 10^2\text{-}10^5$ TeV
- Particle-ID should be part of any future collider program at high energies
- Different environments (ee and pp) are complementary
- A Z^0 -factory is a fantastic tool for flavour physics

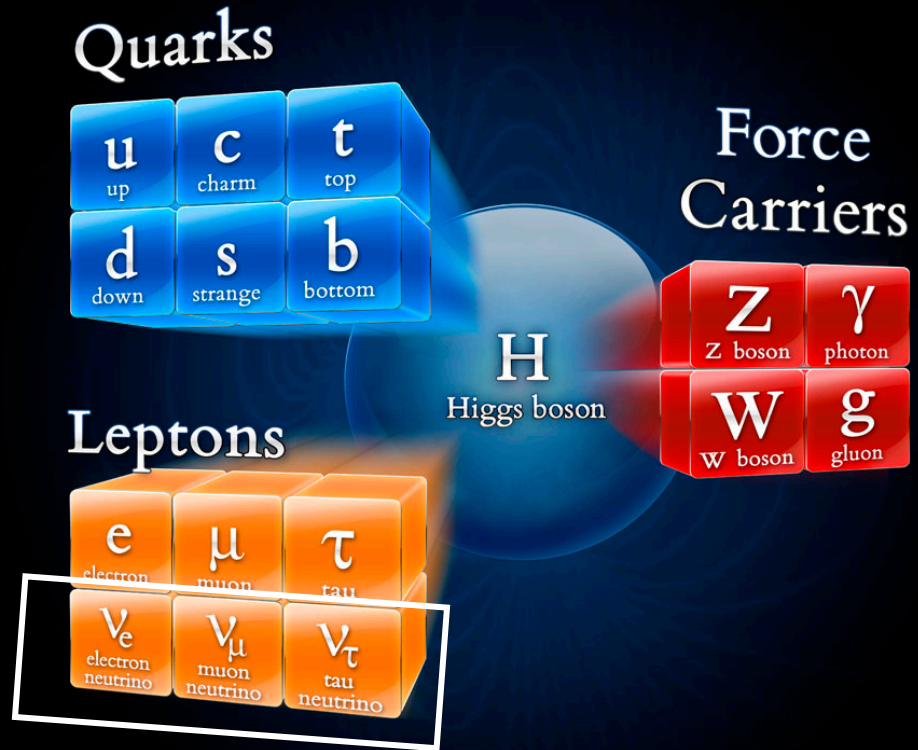
The Granada themes

Neutrino and astroparticle



The Granada themes

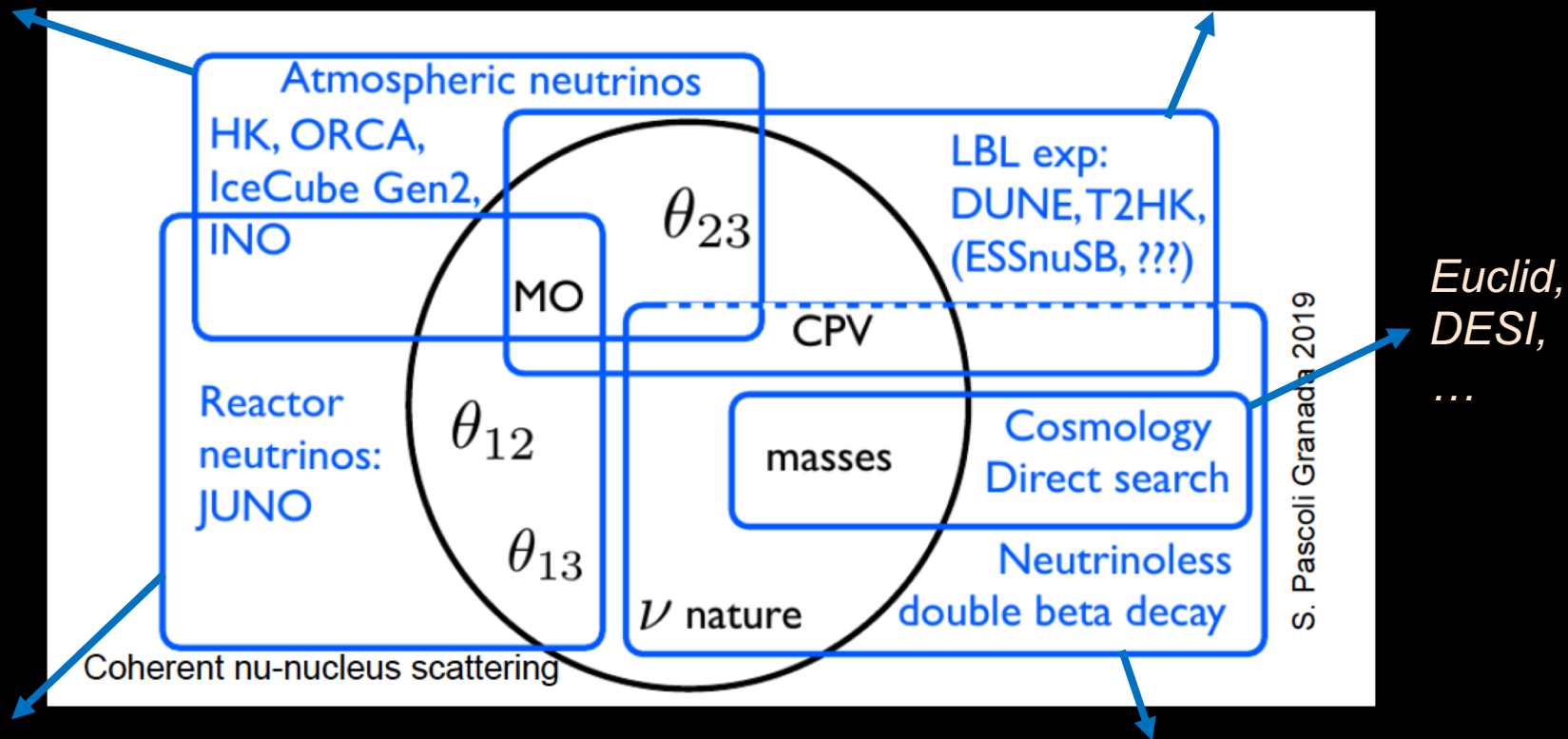
Neutrino and astroparticle



Need for a diverse approach – *every neutrino source counts*

Complementary for mass ordering and sterile neutrinos

*Collaboration with QCD/nuclear models (NA61)
CERN Neutrino Platform essential*



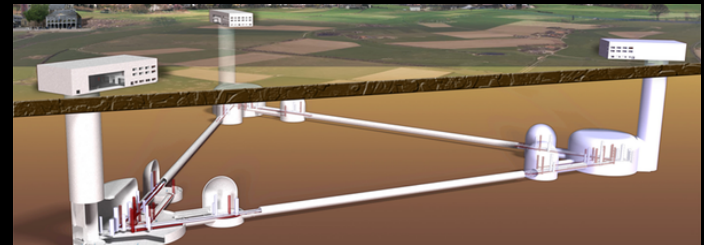
Sterile neutrinos

Upcoming experiments: LEGEND, CUPID, NEXT, ...

The Granada themes

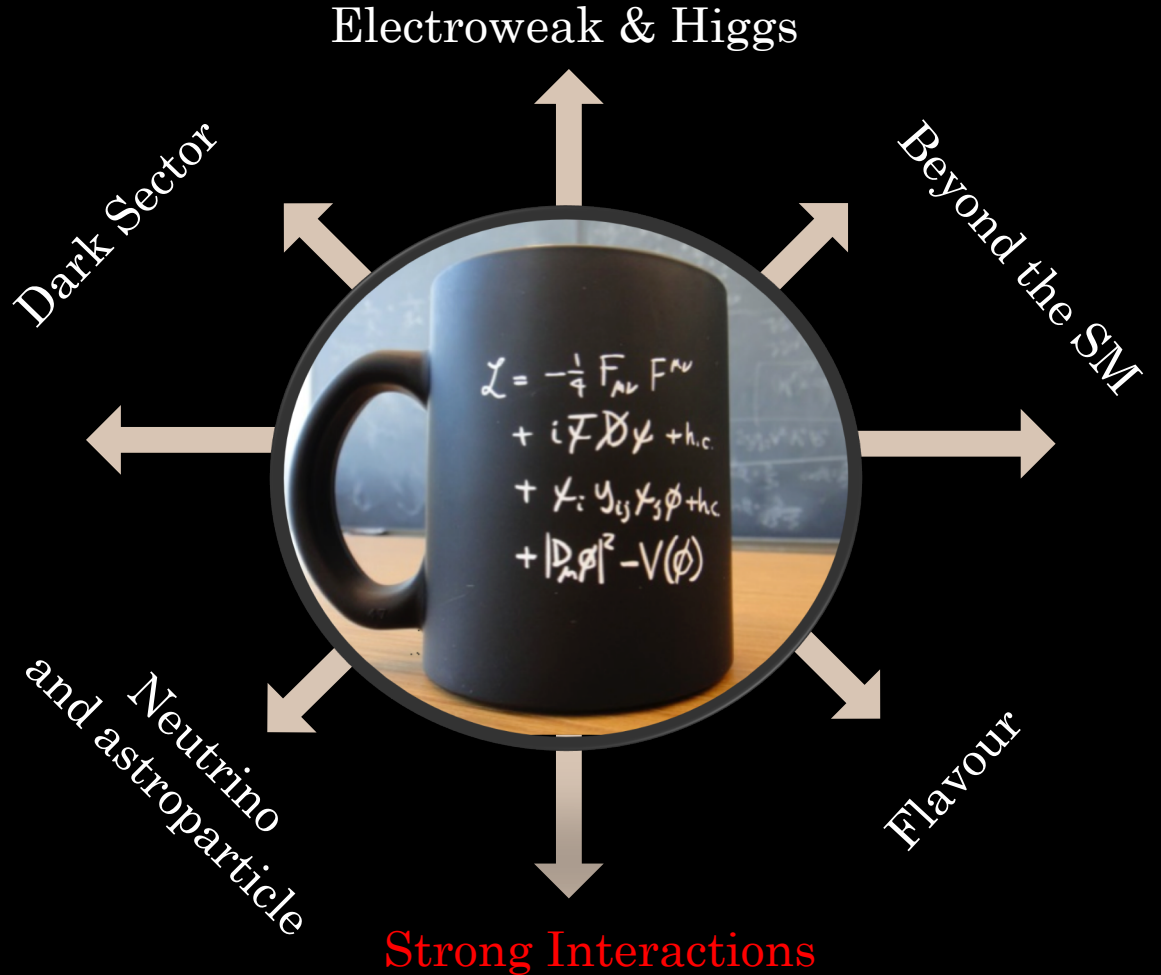
Neutrino and astroparticle

- A challenging experimental program is being prepared to measure masses, mixing and nature
- Neutrino physics might be an essential portal to new physics
- Important information will emerge in the coming years on our search for sterile neutrinos
- While we have little guidance for our search for new physics, an opportunity emerge to explore the synergies with astroparticle physics and gravitational waves physics



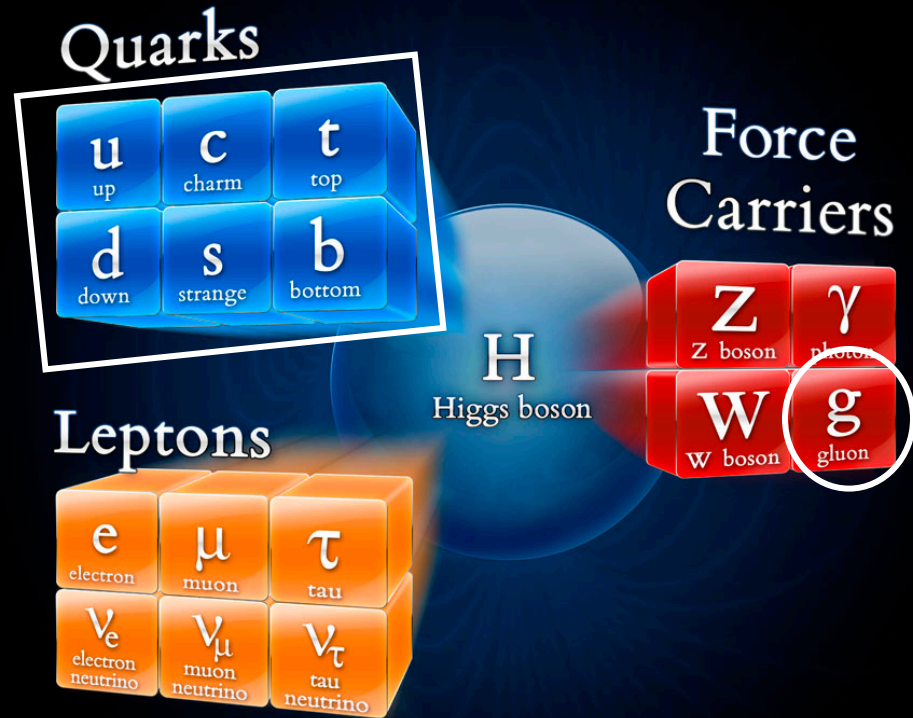
The Granada
themes

Strong Interactions



The Granada themes

Strong Interactions



Strong interactions

QCD theory: $\mathcal{L}_{\text{QCD}} = -\frac{1}{4}F_{\mu\nu}^a F_a^{\mu\nu} + \bar{\psi}(i\not{D} - m)\psi$

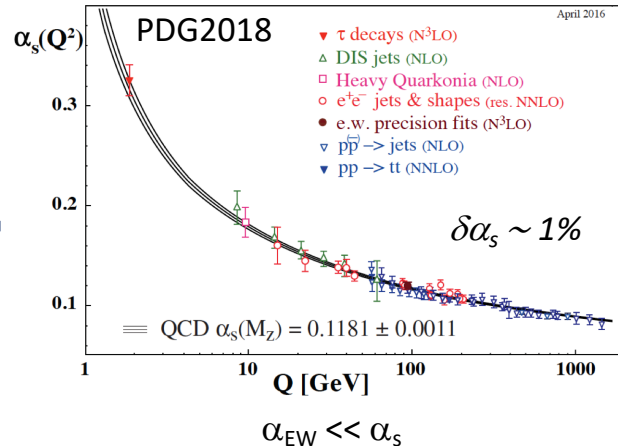
key phenomena
(non-Abelian gauge group)

**colour
confinement**
 $\alpha_s(Q^2 \text{ low}) \sim 1$

**asymptotic
freedom**
 $\alpha_s(Q^2 \text{ high}) \ll 1$

“hot and dense QCD”
(low energy domain)
(lattice calculations)

“vacuum QCD”
(high energy domain)
(perturbative calculations)



Strong interactions

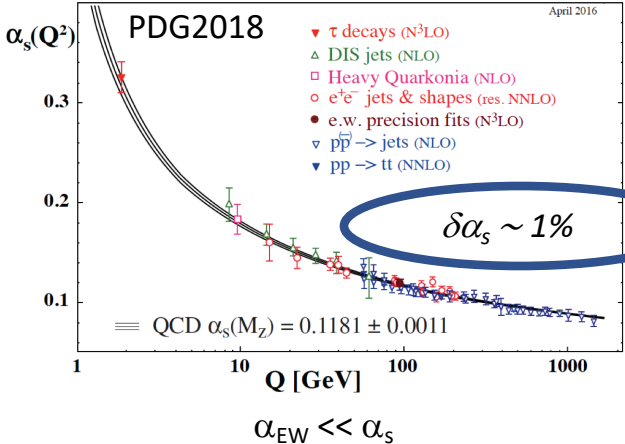
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$\alpha_{\text{EW}} \ll \alpha_s$

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“hot and dense QCD”
 (low energy domain)
 (lattice calculations)

Today	$\delta\alpha_s \sim 1\%$
FCC-ee	$\delta\alpha_s \sim 0.1\%$
LHeC/FCC-eh	$\delta\alpha_s \sim 0.1\%$
FCC-hh	up to 25 TeV
Lattice-QCD	$\delta\alpha_s \sim 0.3\%$
<i>for EW&H physics need $\delta\alpha_s \sim 0.1\%$</i>	

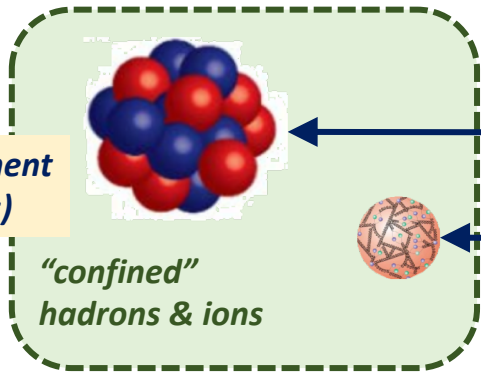
“vacuum QCD”
 (high energy domain)
 (perturbative calculations)

“hot and dense QCD”



“vacuum QCD”

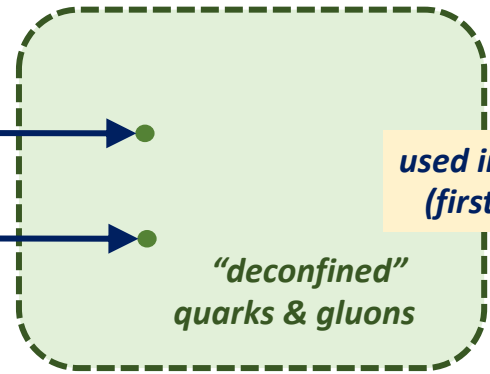
*used in experiment
(applications)*



Equation-of-State

PDFs

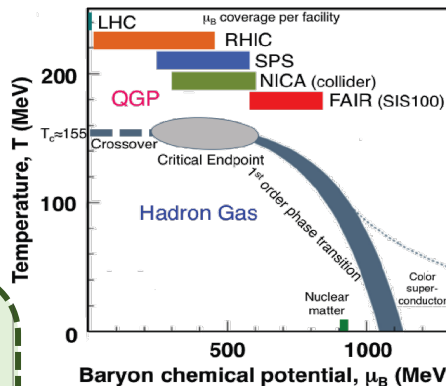
*used in Lagrangian
(first principles)*



“hot and dense QCD”

“vacuum QCD”

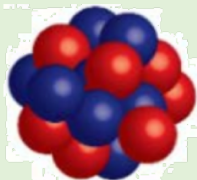
How do properties of the QGP emerge from the fundamental QCD interactions as a function of system size and under varying conditions of initial energy density and baryon chemical potential?



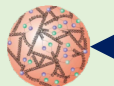
From LQCD: $T_c(\mu_B=0) = 156.5 \pm 1.5$ MeV

From experiment: determination of chemical freeze-out temperature

used in experiment (applications)



“confined” hadrons & ions



Equation-of-State

PDFs

used in Lagrangian (first principles)

“deconfined” quarks & gluons

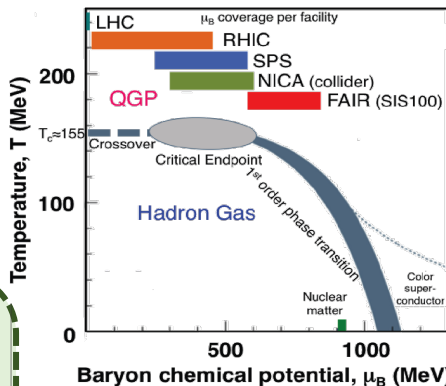
“hot and dense QCD”

“vacuum QCD”

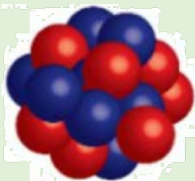
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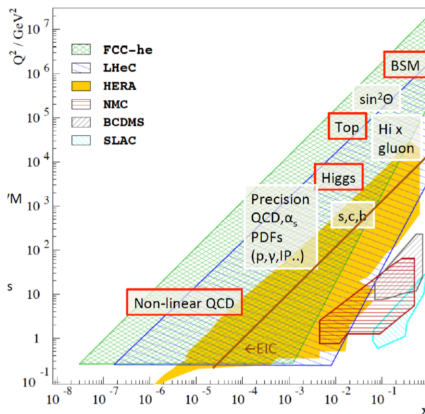
Equation-of-State

PDFs

used in Lagrangian (first principles)

“deconfined” quarks & gluons

What are the experimental and theoretical pre-requisites to reach an adequate precision of perturbative and non-perturbative QCD predictions at the highest energies?



From QCD: evolution equations of PDFs

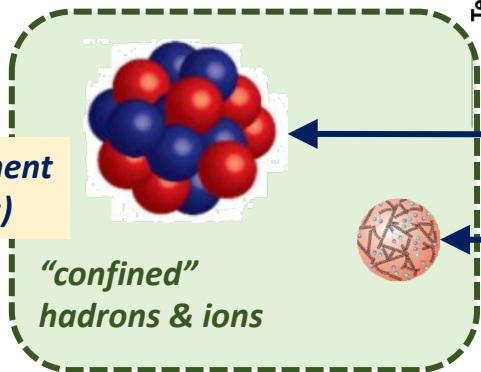
From experiment: PDF parameters values themselves

“hot and dense QCD”

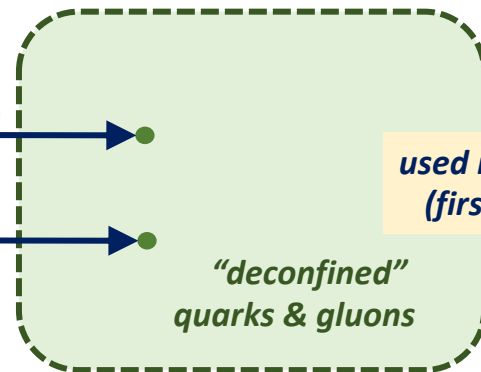
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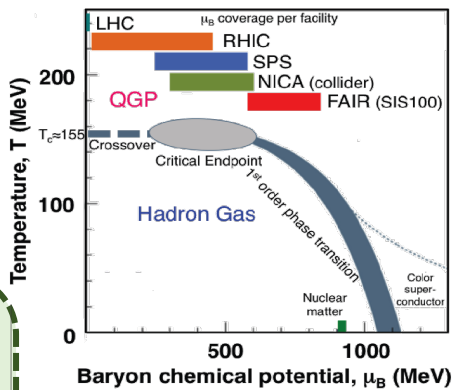
Key facilities involve collisions with heavy ions



used in experiment (applications)

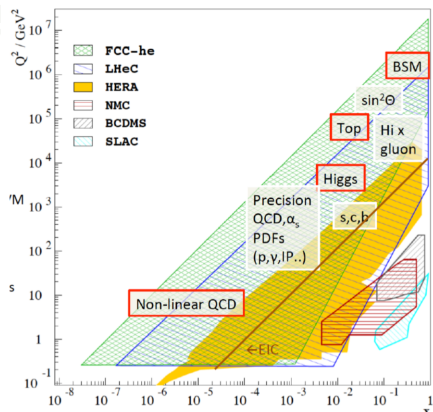


used in Lagrangian (first principles)



Equation-of-State

PDFs



Key facilities involve collisions with protons

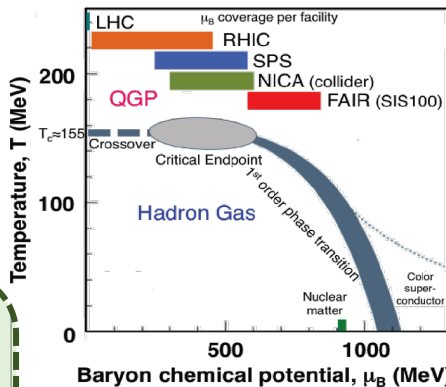
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“vacuum QCD”

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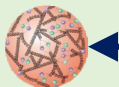
HL-LHC: increased luminosity, low- μ_B
 HE-LHC/FCC: new probes
 Fixed-target@SPS: high- μ_B
 Fixed-target@(HL-)LHC: medium- μ_B



used in experiment (applications)



“confined” hadrons & ions



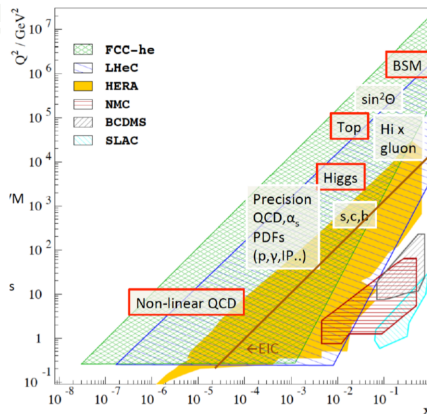
Equation-of-State

PDFs

used in Lagrangian (first principles)

“deconfined” quarks & gluons

What are the experimental and theoretical pre-requisites to reach an adequate precision of perturbative and non-perturbative QCD predictions at the highest energies?



HL-LHC: mid-x (up to x2 improvement)
 Fixed-target@(HL-)LHC: high-x

EIC: first steps beyond collinear model
 LHeC: high-x & highest- Q^2 coverage
 FCC-ep: O(1%) on $\sigma(W,Z,H)$ at FCC-pp
 ERL system for electron beam at 60 GeV

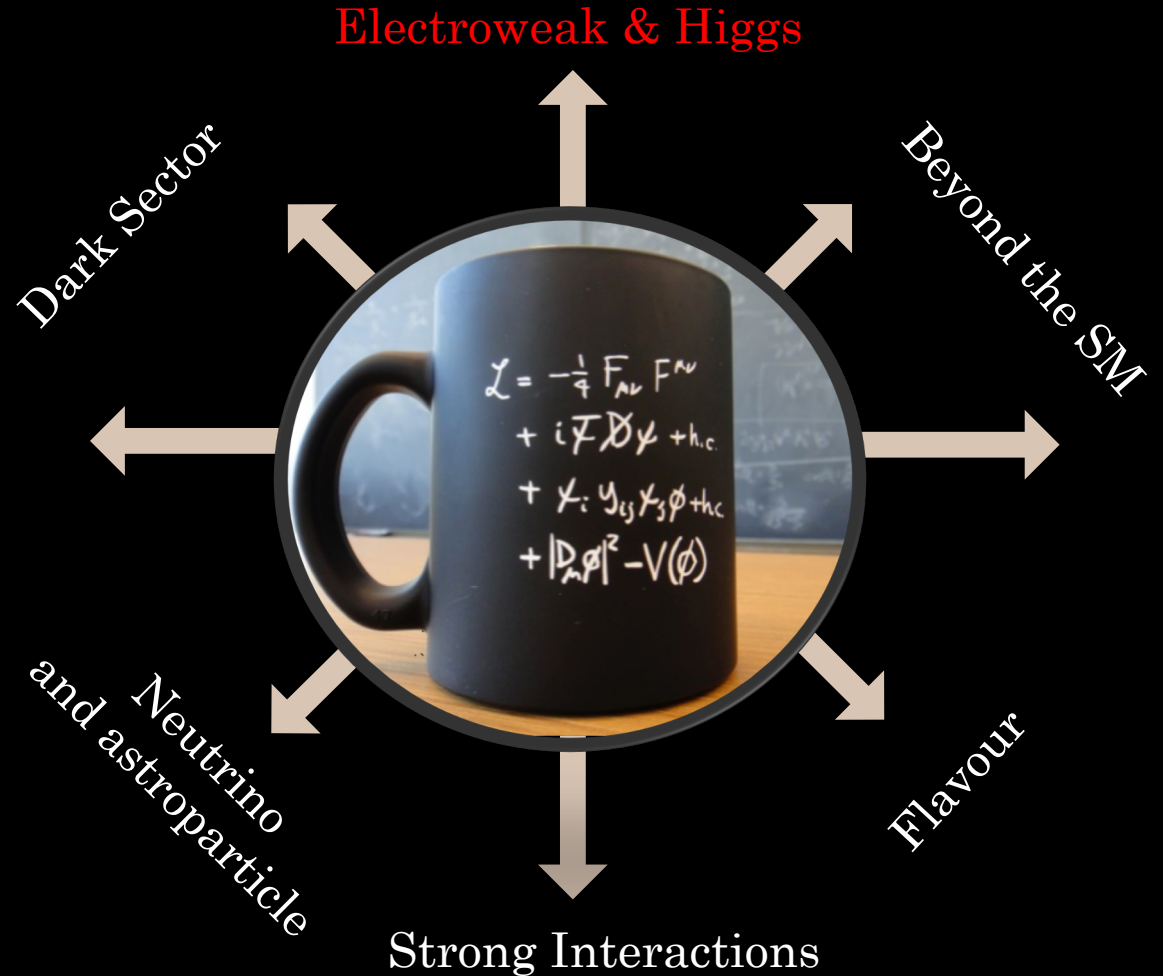
The Granada themes

Strong Interactions

- A hadronic structure program with ep/pp/eA colliders provides vital ingredients for the high precision exploration
- A hot & dense QCD program at the SPS, is complementary to other emerging facilities worldwide, and brings unique contributions in the exploration of the QCD phase diagram
- A high-energy AA/pA/fixed-target program at the LHC, HL-LHC, HE-LHC and FCC is unique and provides essential science towards a profound understanding of nuclear and particle physics
- A high-luminosity e^+e^- collider at the EW scale provides a unique environment for high-precision QCD

The Granada
themes

EW & Higgs



The Granada themes

EW & Higgs

Quarks

u up	c charm	t top
d down	s strange	b bottom

Leptons

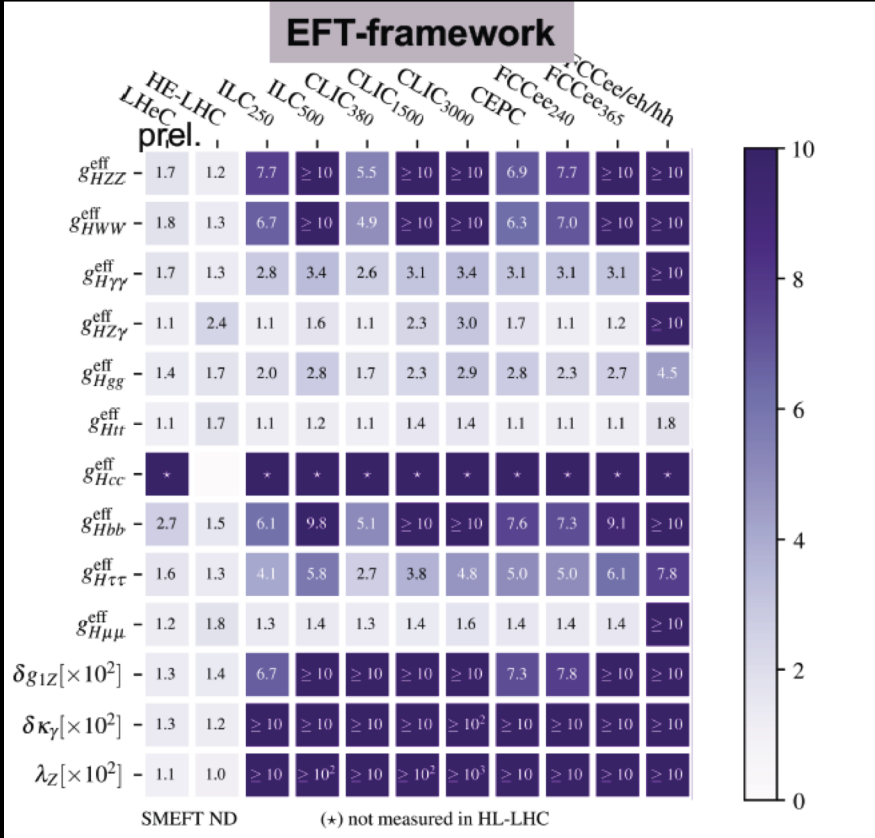
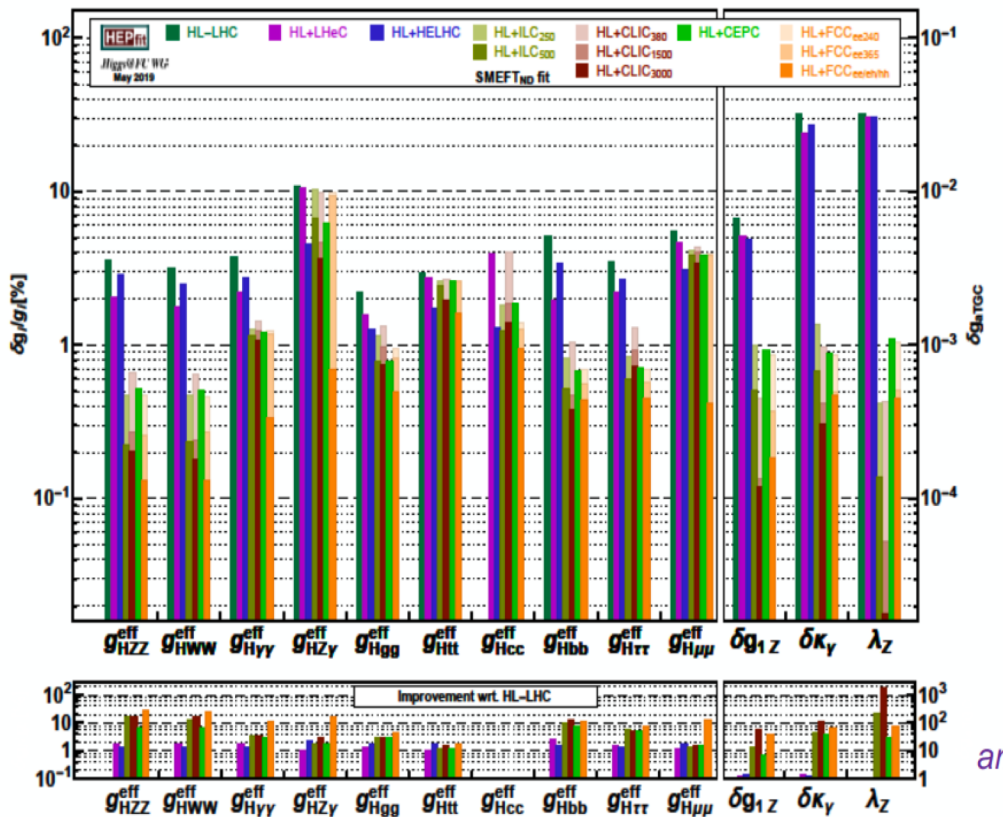
e electron	μ muon	τ tau
ν_e electron neutrino	ν_μ muon neutrino	ν_τ tau neutrino

Force Carriers

H Higgs boson	Z Z boson	γ photon
W W boson	g gluon	

Potential to measure Higgs couplings

improvements wrt HL-LHC



Beate Heinemann @ Granada

of “largely” improved H couplings (EFT)

	Factor ≥ 2	Factor ≥ 5	Factor ≥ 10	Years from T_0	
Initial run	CLIC380	9	6	4	7
	FCC-ee240	10	8	3	9
	CEPC	10	8	3	10
	ILC250	10	7	3	11
2 nd /3 rd Run ee	FCC-ee365	10	8	6	15
	CLIC1500	10	7	7	17
	HE-LHC	1	0	0	20
	ILC500	10	8	6	22
hh	CLIC3000	11	7	7	28
ee,eh & hh	FCC-ee/eh/hh	12	11	10	>50

13 quantities in total

NB: number of seconds/year differs: ILC 1.6×10^7 , FCC-ee & CLIC: 1.2×10^7 , CEPC: 1.3×10^7

Beate Heinemann @ Granada

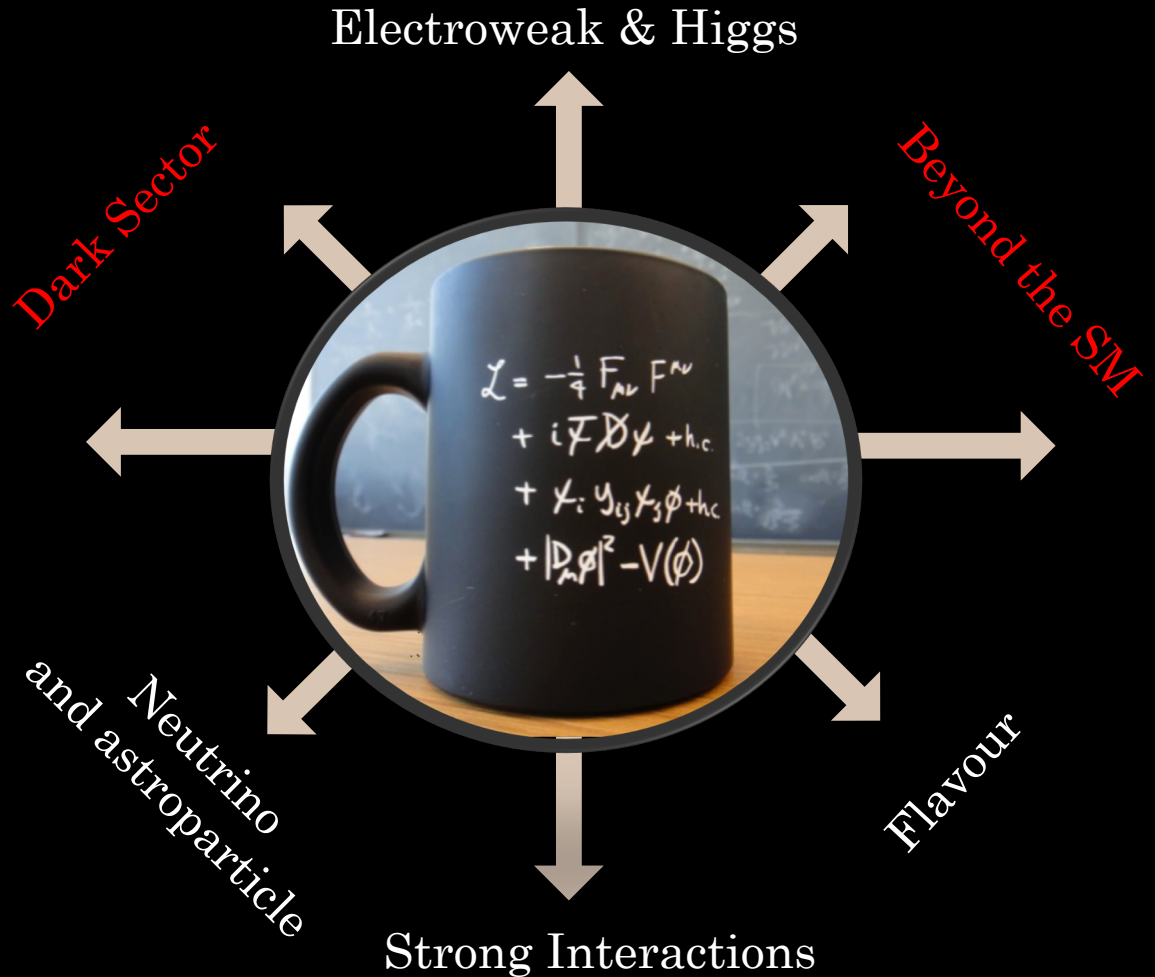
The Granada themes

EW & Higgs

- Measuring Higgs couplings is perceived as one of the prime avenues in our search for new physics
- With the HL-LHC one can probe many Higgs couplings to the few percent level
- Additional to the HL-LHC sensitivity, all proposed e^+e^- colliders can achieve major and comparable improvements in their first stages
- In a second stage, a higher energy e^+e^- collider or hadron collider are important to reach the ultimate sensitivity

The Granada
themes

*Beyond the SM
&
Dark Sector*



The Granada
themes

Beyond the SM
&
Dark Sector

Quarks

u up	c charm	t top
d down	s strange	b bottom

Leptons

e electron	μ muon	τ tau
ν_e electron neutrino	ν_μ muon neutrino	ν_τ tau neutrino

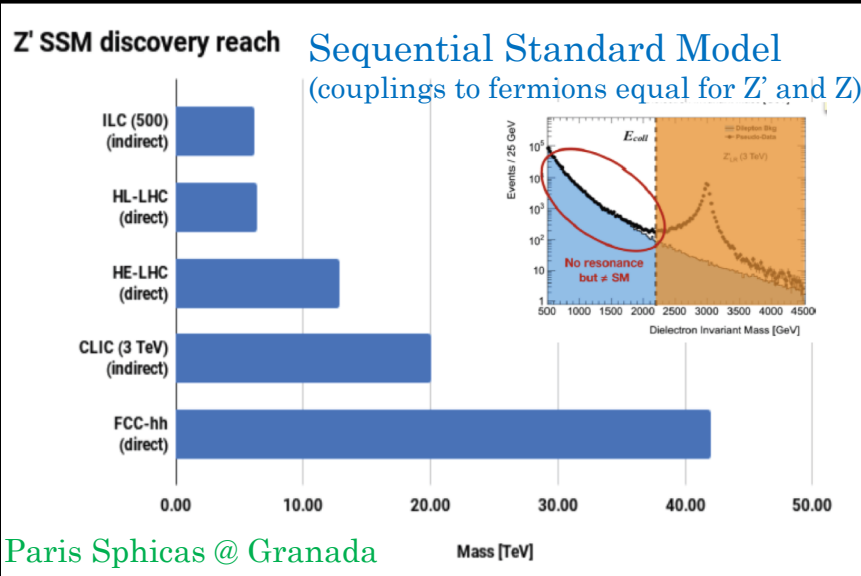
Force
Carriers

Z Z boson	γ photon
W W boson	g gluon

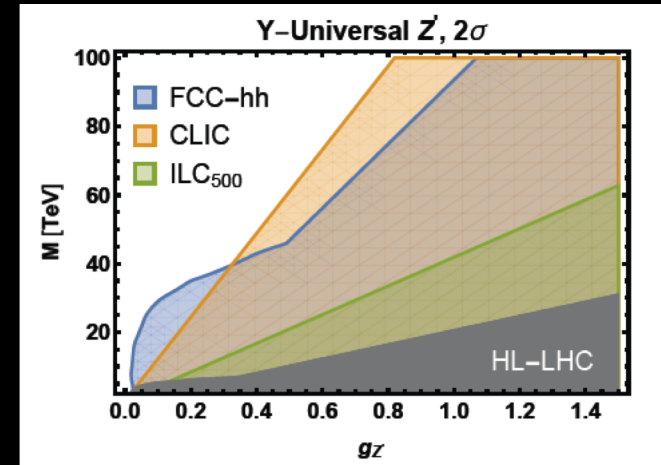
H
Higgs boson



Are there new interactions or new particles around or above the electroweak scale?



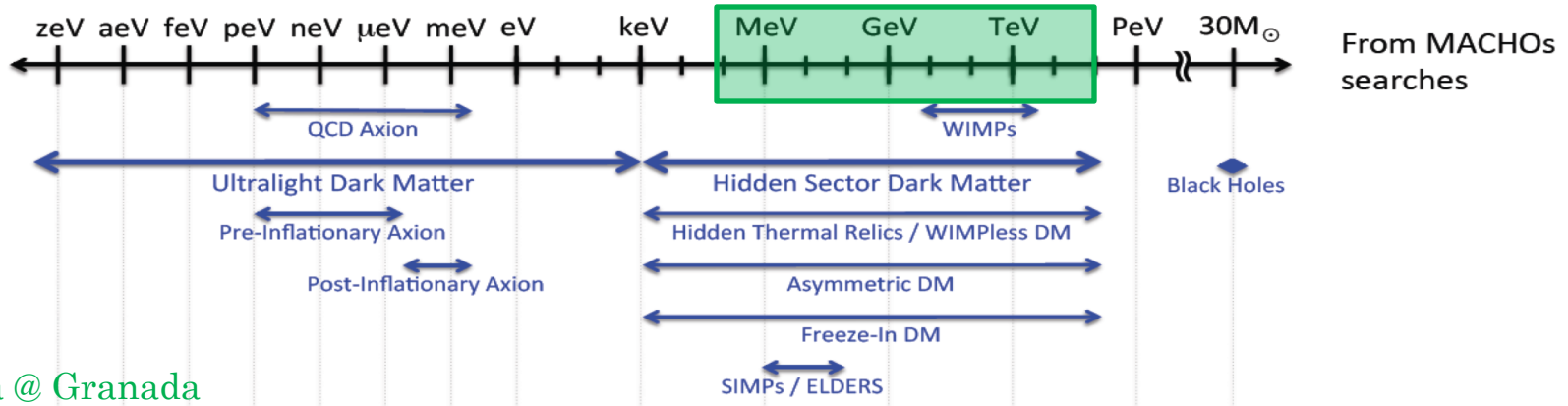
- In general, if the couplings become large the sensitivity at lepton colliders is enhanced
- For weak couplings the direct search at hadron colliders dominates the picture



Many more models are compared...

Dark Matter: Where to start looking? Very little clue on mass scale...

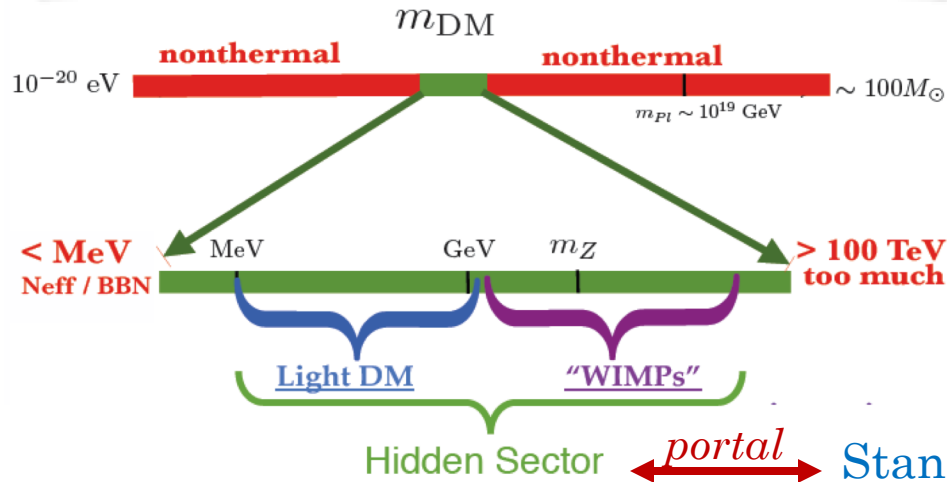
Too small mass
 \Rightarrow won't "fit"
 in a galaxy!



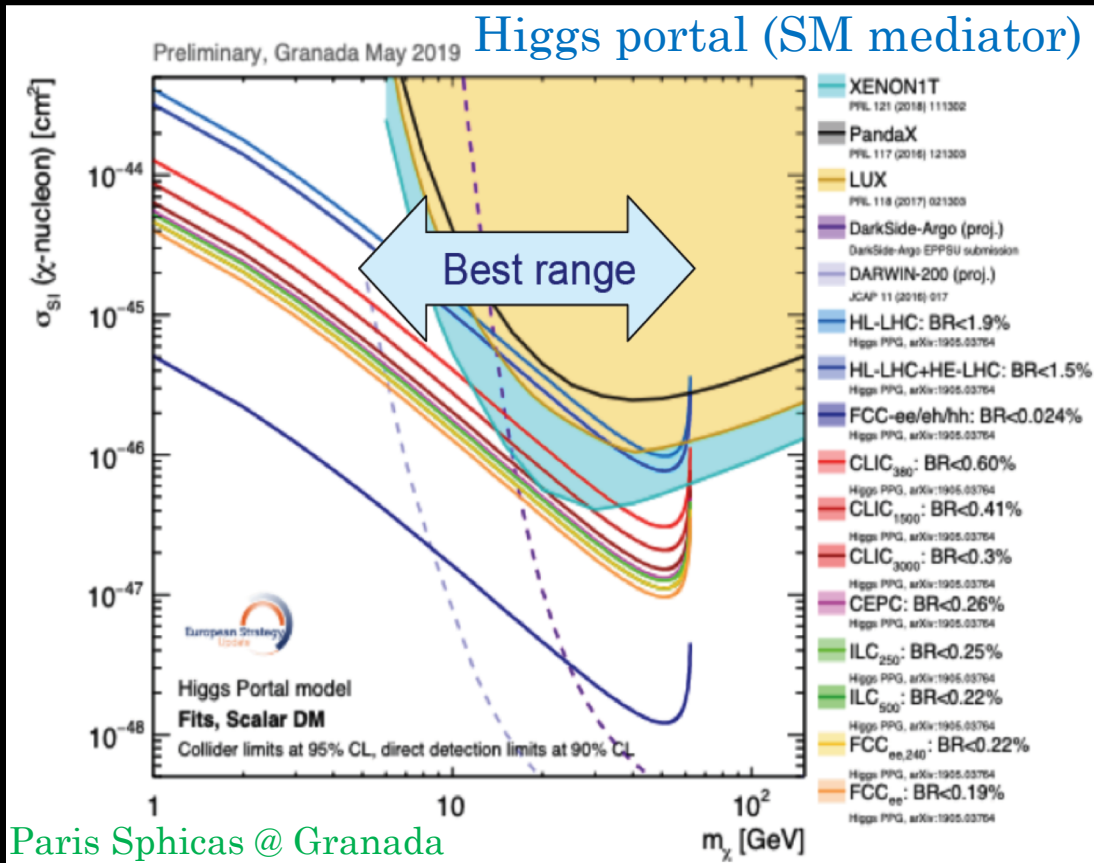
Marcela Carena @ Granada

The assumption of Thermal Equilibrium in the early Universe narrows the viable mass range.

Interesting phenomena like long-lived particles and feebly interacting particles.



What cases of thermal relic WIMPs are still unprobed and can be fully covered by future collider searches?

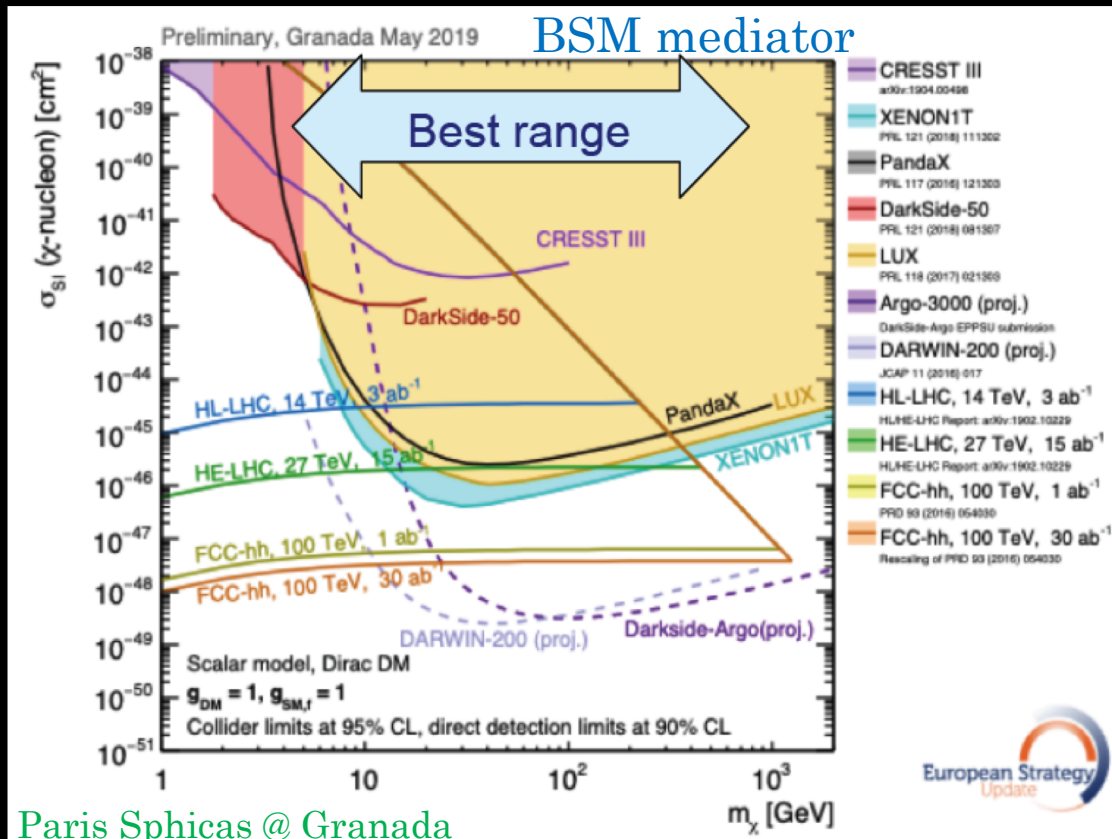


A collider discovery will need confirmation from DD/ID for cosmological origin

A DD/ID discovery will need confirmation from colliders to understand the nature of the interaction

A future collider program that optimizes sensitivity to invisible particles coherently with DD/ID serves us well. Need maximum overlap with DD/ID.

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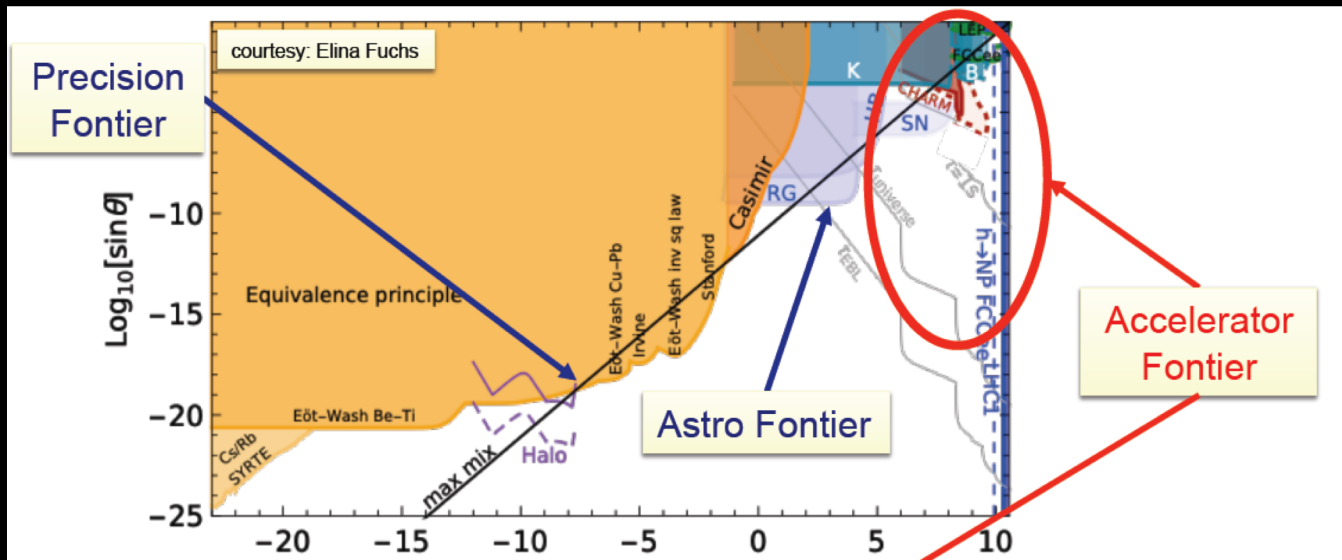


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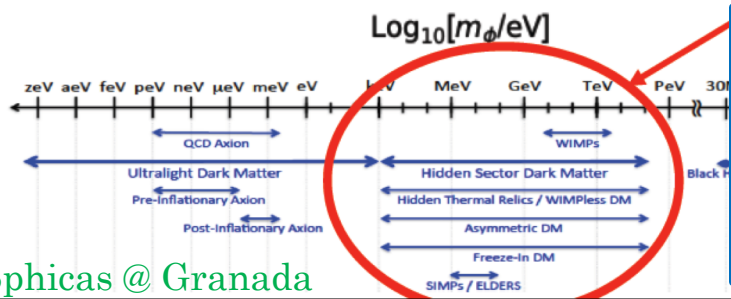
A DD/ID discovery will need confirmation from colliders to understand the nature of the interaction

A future collider program that optimizes sensitivity to invisible particles coherently with DD/ID serves us well. Need maximum overlap with DD/ID.

To what extent can current or future accelerators probe feebly interacting sectors?



Use four simplified models (“portals”) from which benchmarks are identified to evaluate experimental sensitivity



Portal	Coupling	PBC report, arXiv:1901.09966
Dark Photon, A_μ	$-\frac{\epsilon}{2 \cos \theta_W} F'_{\mu\nu} B^{\mu\nu}$	
Dark Higgs, S	$(\mu S + \lambda S^2) H^\dagger H$	(Relaxion toy model, mixes w Higgs)
Axion, a	$\frac{a}{f_a} F_{\mu\nu} \tilde{F}^{\mu\nu}, \frac{a}{f_a} G_{i,\mu\nu} \tilde{G}_i^{\mu\nu}, \frac{\delta_\mu a}{f_a} \bar{\psi} \gamma^\mu \gamma^5 \psi$	
Sterile Neutrino, N	$y_N L H N$	

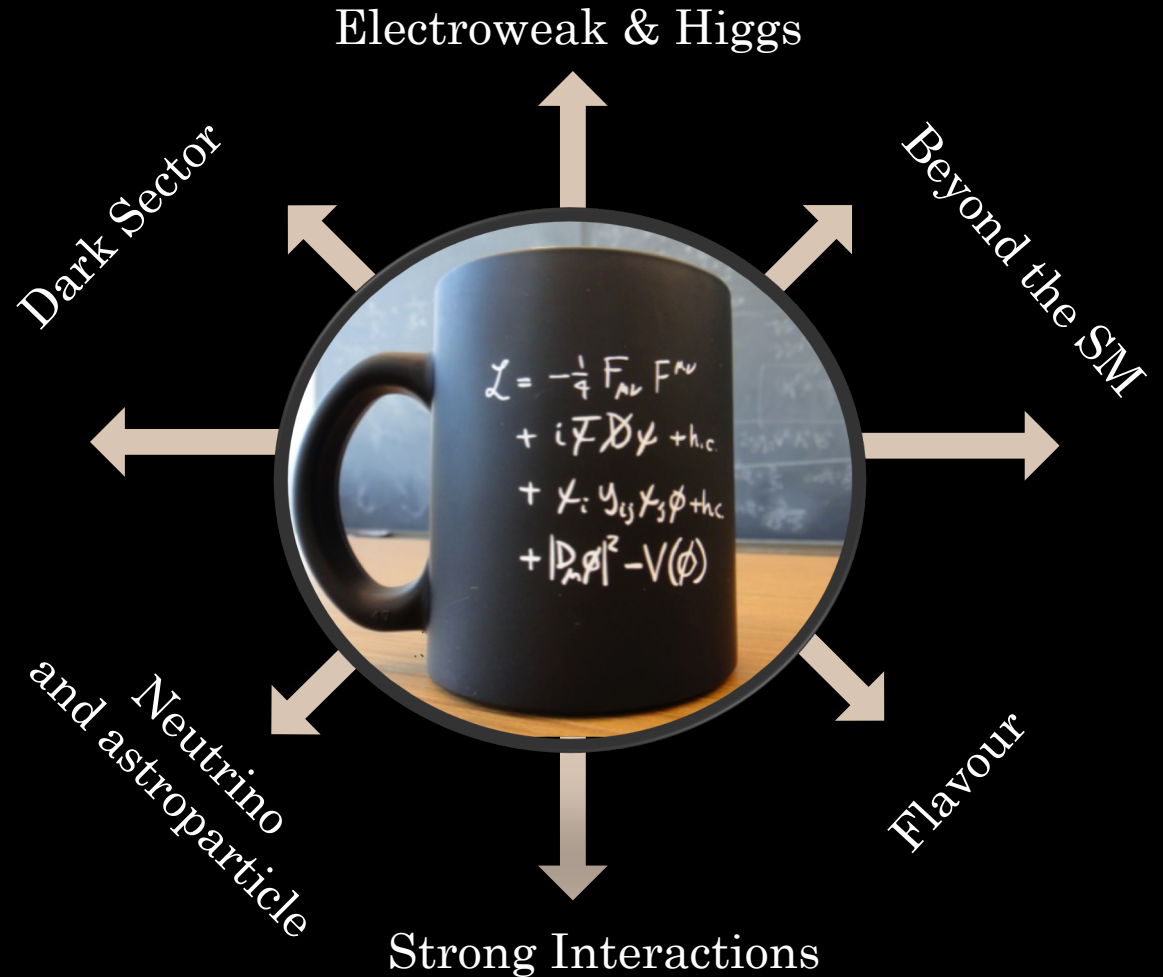
The Granada
themes

*Beyond the SM
&
Dark Sector*

- In the absence of concrete guidance, the parameter space for new physics is vast...
- Exploring synergies and coordination with adjacent fields is necessary, e.g. with the direct and indirect dark matter detection communities for common interpretation of results
- Complementarity between lepton and hadron colliders for dark matter searches with the combined FCC program providing the best sensitivity for the benchmarks
- Complementarity between beam dump and collider experiments for feebly interacting particles

*Synergies
Coordination
Collaboration*

Signals for new (particle) physics can appear anywhere, also in adjacent fields.



The European Particle Physics community is in full swing to update its Strategy

European Particle
Physics Strategy (2013)

European Particle
Physics Strategy (2020)

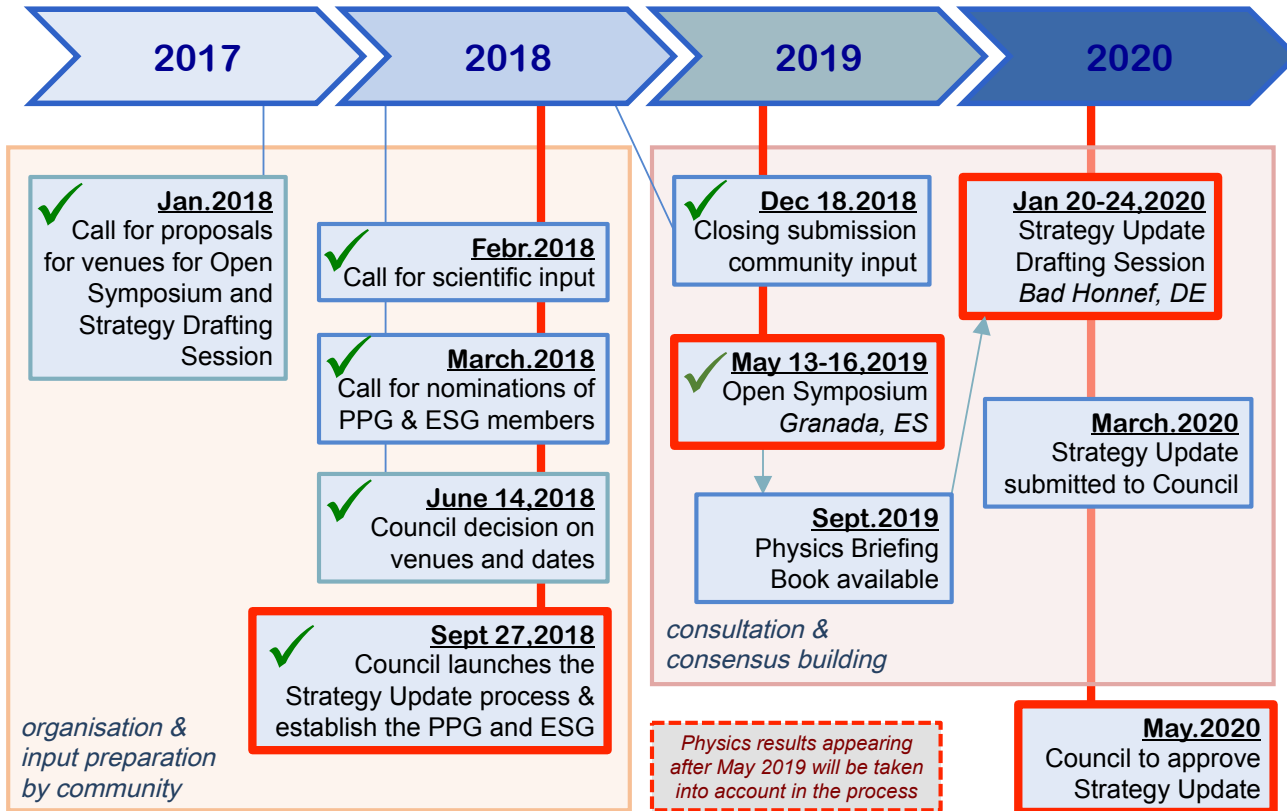
TODAY

Future

Start data
taking HL-LHC
(2026)



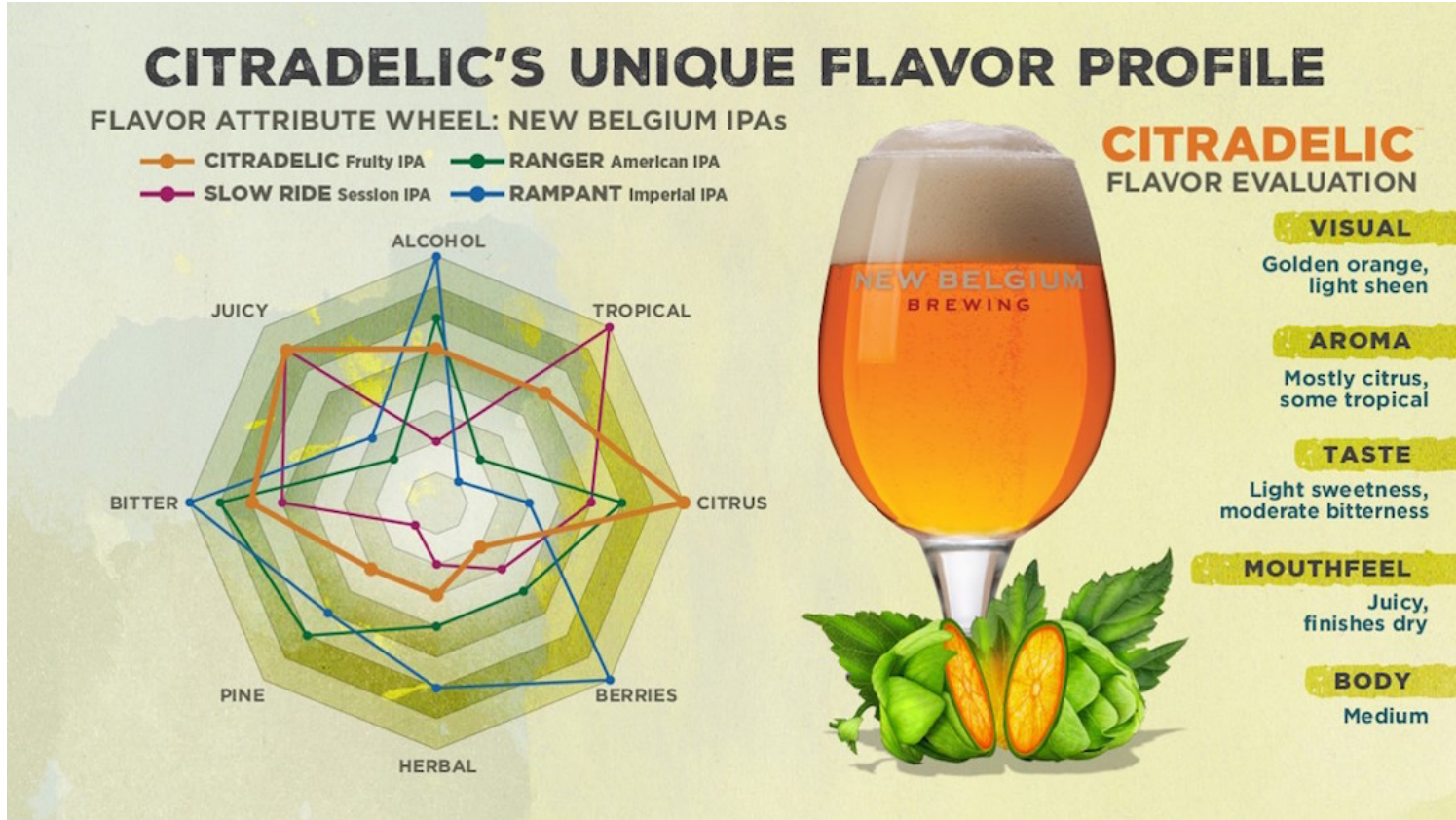
<https://europeanstrategy.cern>



A personal thought

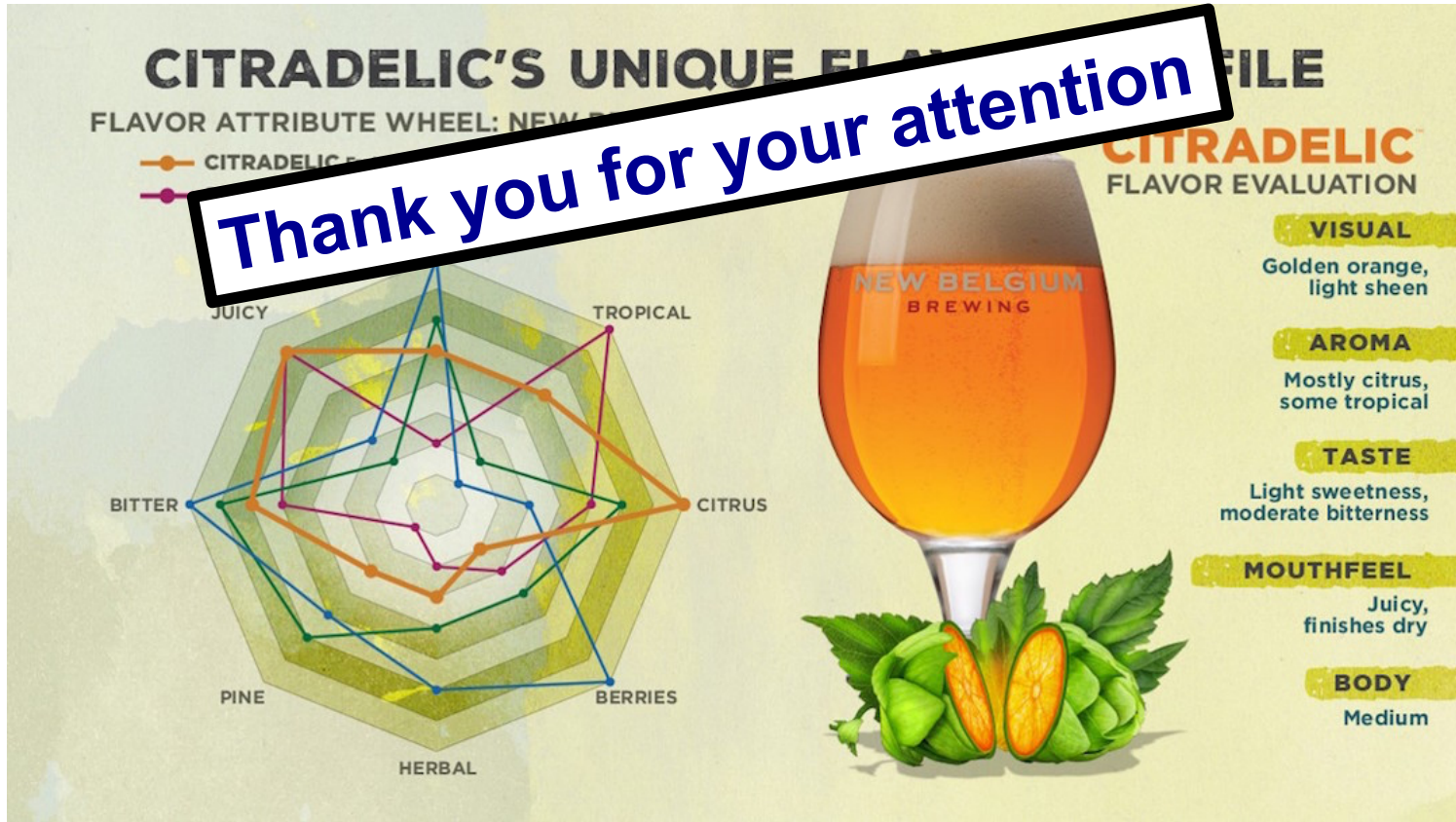
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