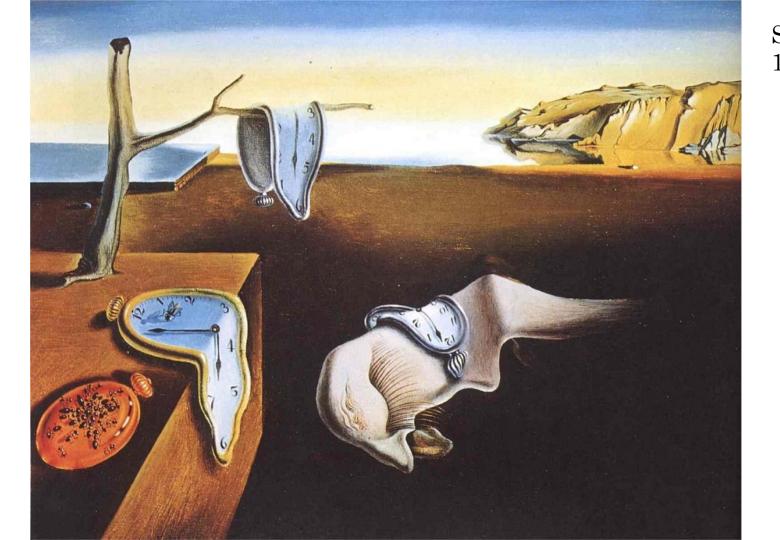
Building the future together

Open questions in fundamental physics and our main future facilities to address them









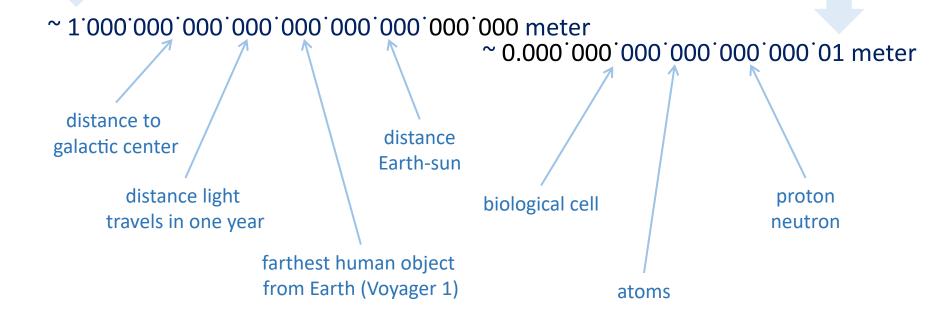
S. Dali 1931



S. Dali 1952 observable universe

8.8 10²⁶m

quarks < 10⁻¹⁹m



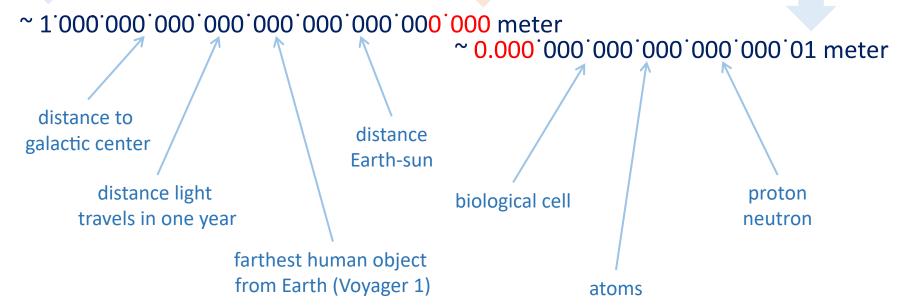
observable universe 8.8 10²⁶m



visible with our own eyes



quarks < 10⁻¹⁹ m



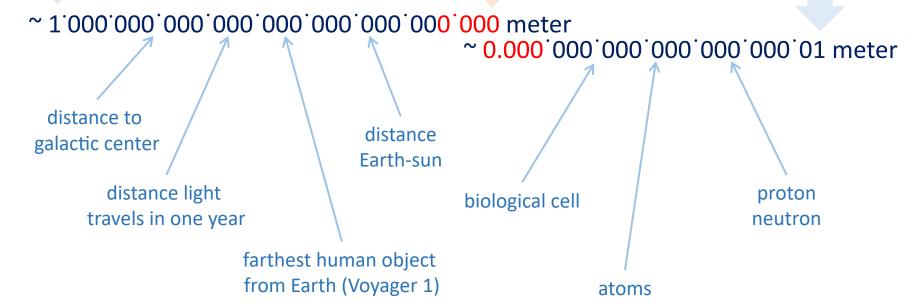
observable universe 8.8 10²⁶m



visible with our own eyes



quarks < 10⁻¹⁹ m



age universe 4.4 10¹⁸ s

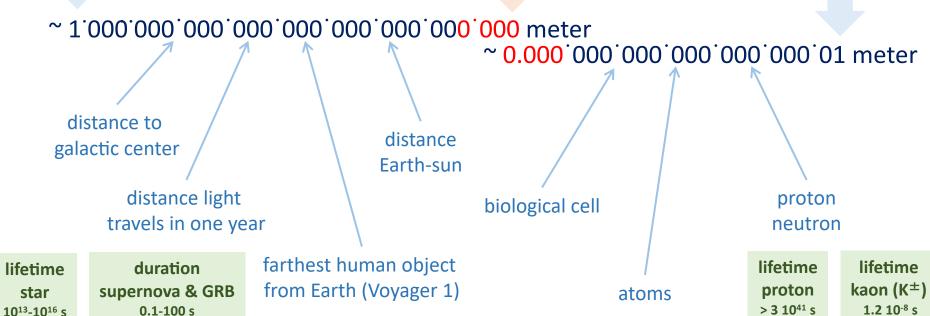
observable universe 8.8 10²⁶m large surface/volume observatories

visible with our own eyes



lifetime top quark 5 10⁻²⁵ s

quarks < 10 -19 m



Basic Principles

FROM INTUITION

<u>e.g</u>. the locality principle: all matter has the same set of constituents

e.g. the causality principle:

a future state depends only on the present state

e.g. the invariance principle: space-time is homogeneous

FROM LONG-STANDING OBSERVATIONS

the wave-particle duality principle the quantisation principle the cosmological principle the constant speed of light principle the uncertainty principle the equivalence principle

no obvious reason for these long-standing observations to be what they are...

Basic **Principles**

MATHEMATICAL FRAMEWORKS HOW OBJECTS BEHAVE

- **General Relativity** (for gravity)
- Quantum Mechanics + Special Relativity = Quantum Field Theory (for electromagnetic, weak and strong forces)

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Fundamental Theories

Concrete Models

FROM LONG-STANDING OBSERVATIONS

the wave-particle duality principle
the quantisation principle
the cosmological principle
the constant speed of light principle
the uncertainty principle
the equivalence principle

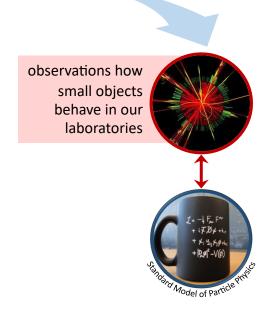
no obvious reason for these long-standing observations to be what they are...

APPLY MATHEMATICAL FRAMEWORKS ON OBJECTS

- ⊕ General Relativity → Standard Model of Cosmology
- ${\mathscr Q}$ Quantum Field Theory o Standard Model of Particle Physics

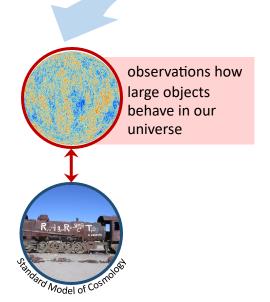
need to be valid into even the tiniest cracks of space and time and for all energies or masses of the objects... even at the extremes ~ 1'000'000'000'000'000'000'000<mark>'000</mark> meter

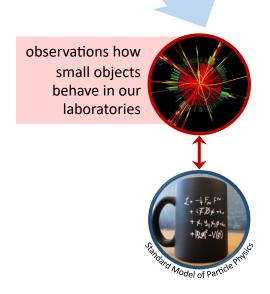
~ 0.000 000 000 000 000 000 01 meter



~ 1'000'000'000'000'000'000'000'000 meter

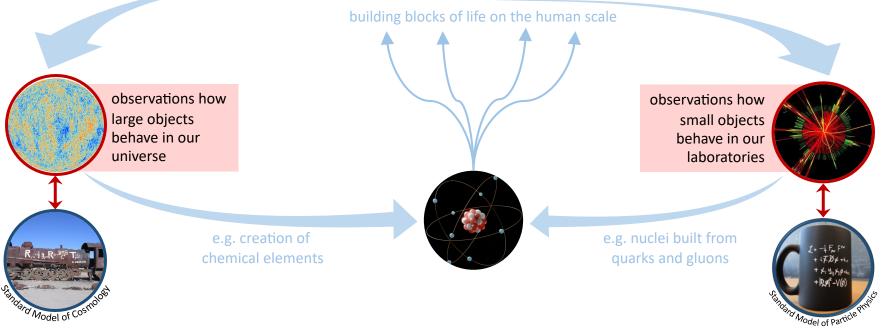
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~ 1'000'000'000'000'000'000'000'000 meter

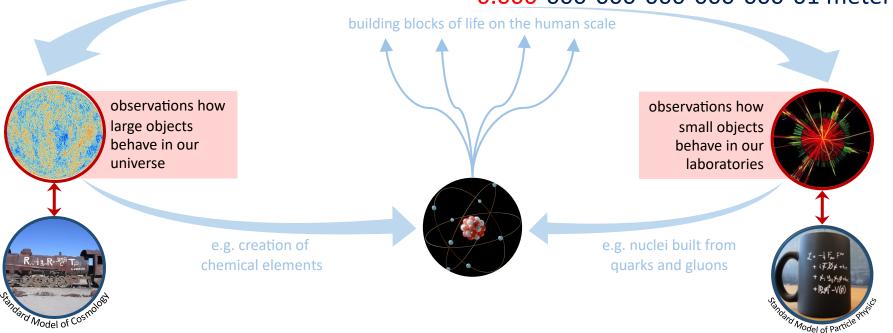
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A century of scientific revolutions

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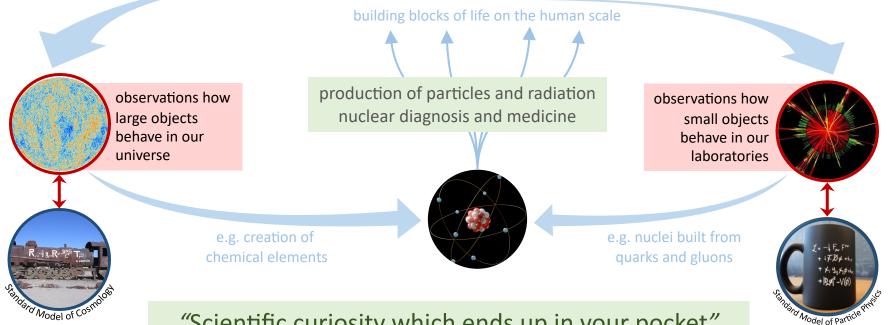


A century of scientific revolutions

World Wide Web touchscreens

~ 1'000'000'000'000'000'000'000'000 meter

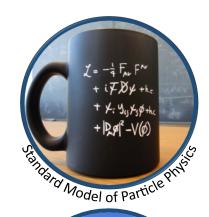
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"Scientific curiosity which ends up in your pocket"

Rolf Heuer (previous Director General of CERN)

The quest for understanding physics





"Problems and Mysteries"

e.g. Abundance of dark matter?

Abundance of matter over antimatter?

What is the origin and engine for high-energy cosmic particles?

Dark energy for an accelerated expansion of the universe?

What caused (and stopped) inflation in the early universe?

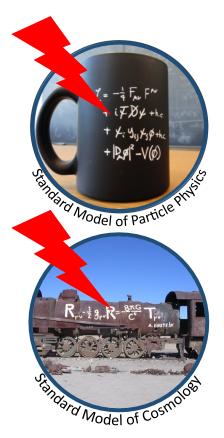
Scale of things (why do the numbers miraculously match)?

Pattern of particle masses and mixings?

Dynamics of Electro-Weak symmetry breaking?

How do quarks and gluons give rise to properties of nuclei?...

The quest for understanding physics



"Problems and Mysteries"

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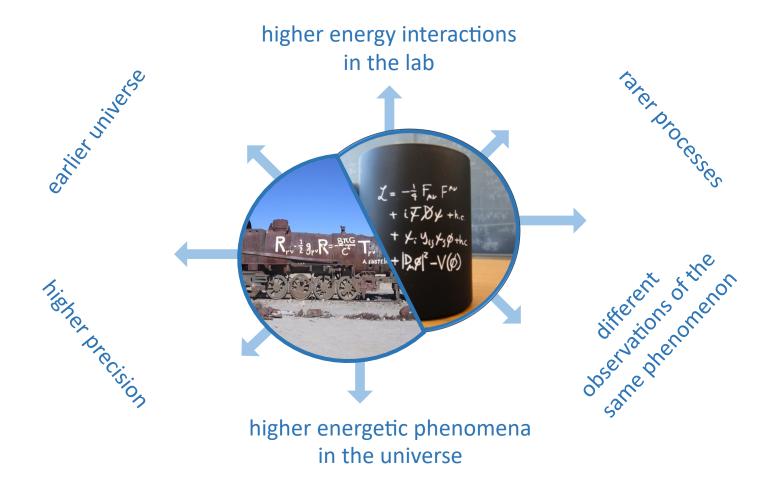
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Observations of new physics phenomena and/or deviations from the Standard Models are expected to unlock concrete ways to address these puzzling unknowns



RF cavities, high-field magnets, plasma wakefield acceleration

Squesto distributes to

of the state of th

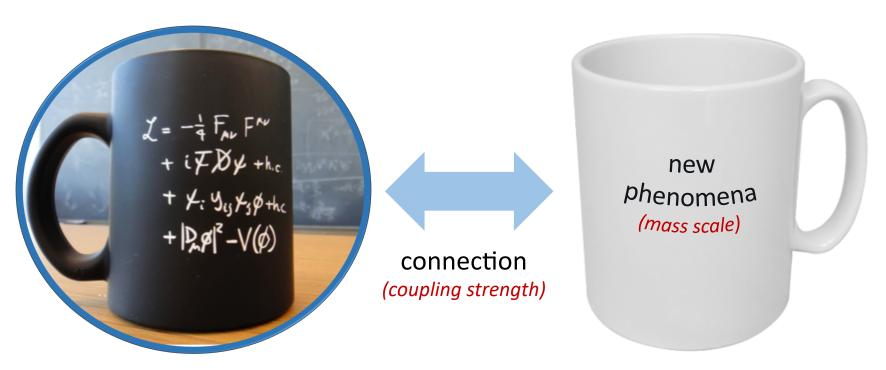
higher energy interactions in the lab e distribution of the second o Innovate Technology to make the invisible visible different of the one of same phenomenon observations of the original of the or

higher energetic phenomena in the universe

computing and software challenge for Multi-Exabyte Data Infrastructures

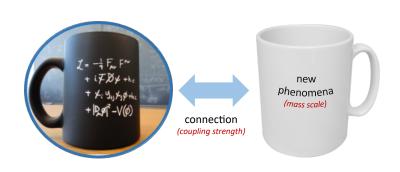
Extending our models with new phenomena

(assuming our basic principles and theoretical frameworks hold)

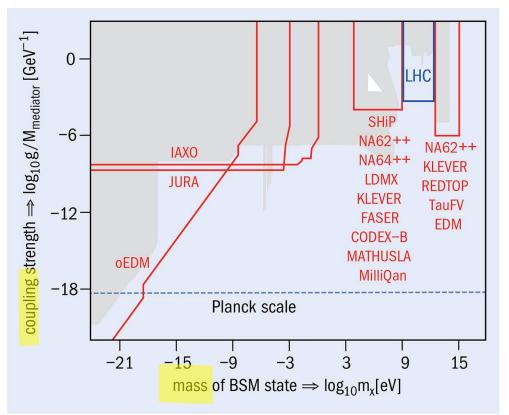


Extending our models with new phenomena

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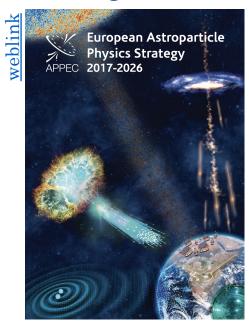


Requires a coherent portfolio of complementary experiments to cover the whole parameter space where new physics can be hiding



Most recent European Strategies

the large ...



2017-2026 European Astroparticle Physics Strategy

... the connection ...



Long Range Plan 2017
Perspectives in Nuclear Physics

... the small



2020 Update of the European Particle Physics Strategy

Most recent European Strategies



2017-2026 European Astroparticle Physics Strategy

Long Range Plan 2017 Perspectives in Nuclear Physics

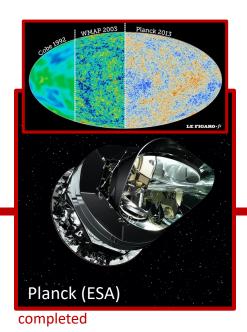
2020 Update of the European Particle Physics Strategy

our eyes on the sky

The cosmic frontier: Cosmic Microwave Background precision physics

Previous flagship impressive science

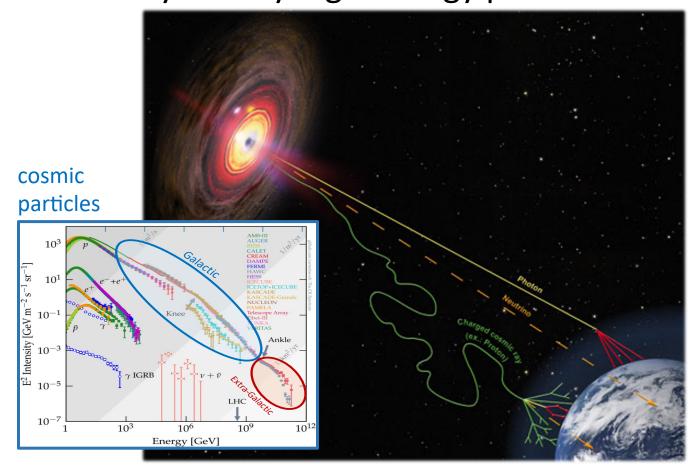
Next generation "Dark Universe" flagship >30 M spectroscopic redshifts with 0.001 accuracy up to z~2 to measure the acceleration of the universe



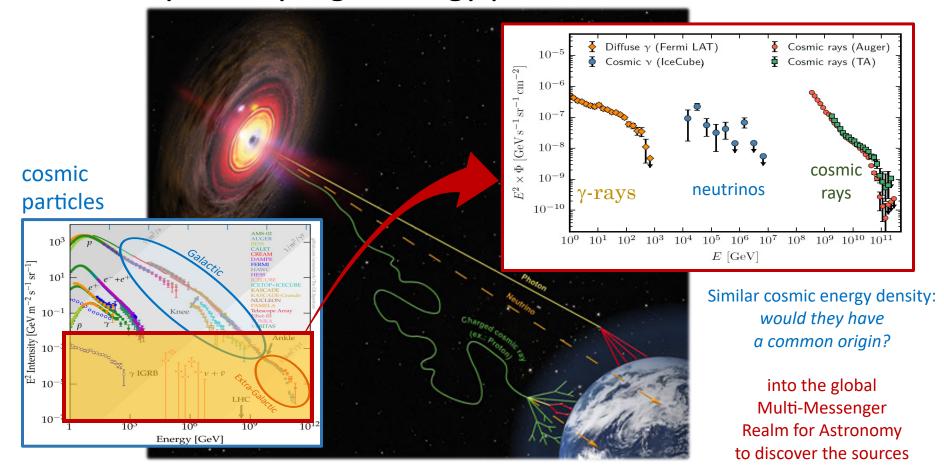
Euclid (ESA) beyond the Planck results launch 2023

Properties of dark energy, dark matter and gravity

A variety of very high-energy particles from our universe

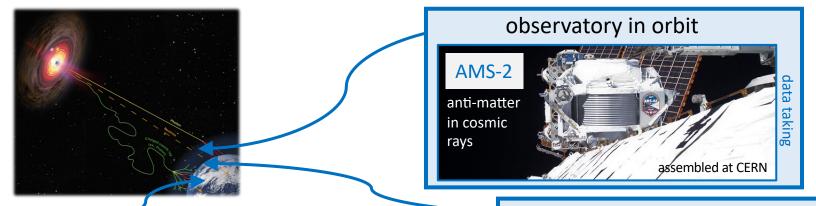


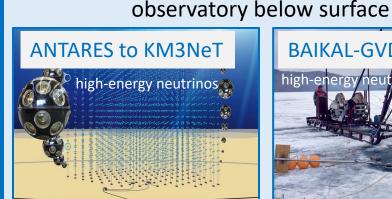
A variety of very high-energy particles from our universe



Major Cosmic Particle Facilities in Europe

advance our major participation outside Europe: Pierre Auger Observatory, IceCube(-Gen2), ...





construction, partially operational





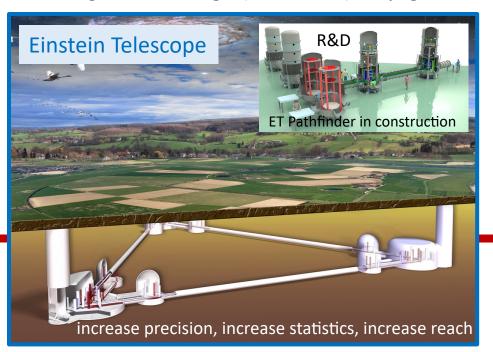
Gravitational Wave Facilities in Europe

Current flagships

Advanced & Plus upgrades up to 2035

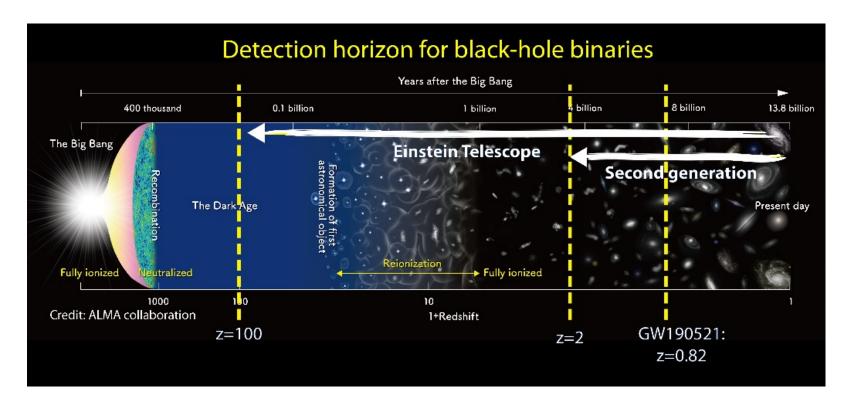


3rd generation interferometer, beyond 2035 *underground – triangle (10km arms) – cryogenic*



on the ESFRI Roadmap (EU) (European Strategy Forum on Research Infrastructures) complementary: LISA (ESA) to be launched around 2037

Gravitational Wave with the Einstein Telescope



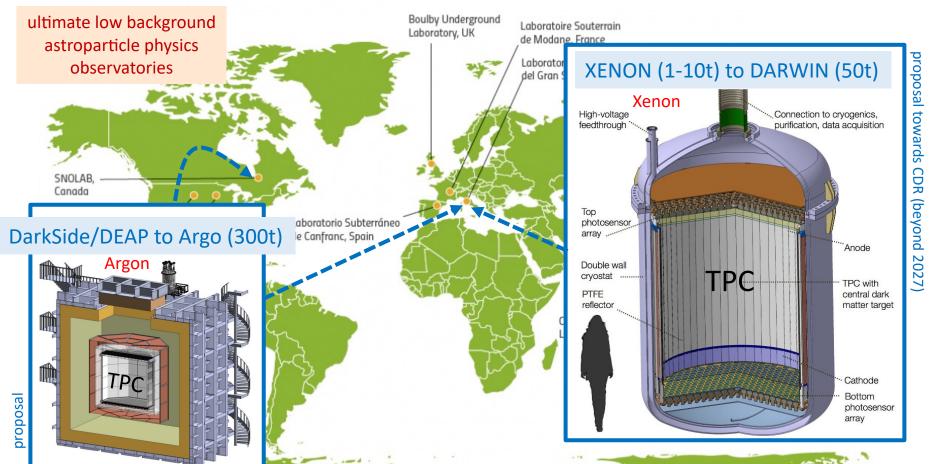
Will our basic principles and theoretical frameworks hold throughout the cosmic history?

our eyes on the invisible

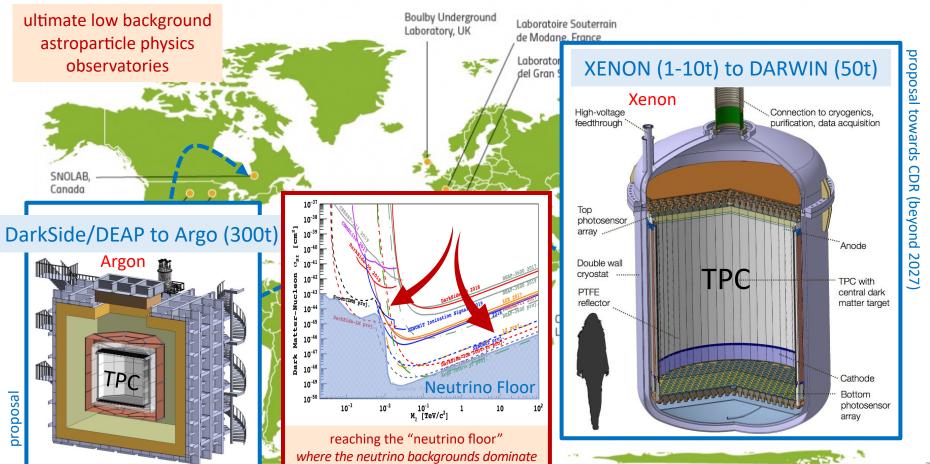
Major underground Facilities – shielding the visible



Major underground Facilities in Europe – Dark Matter



Major underground Facilities in Europe – Dark Matter



Neutrino sector extends the Standard Model

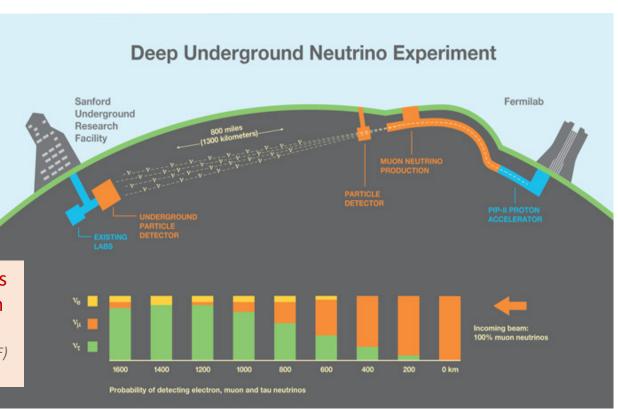
Because neutrinos oscillate, they have mass... but how to extend the Standard Model?



- Is a neutrino its own anti-particle?
- Is there CP violation in the leptonic sector?
- What is the absolute mass scale?
- How does the neutrino mass spectrum look like?

Measure the oscillation probabilities of neutrinos and antineutrinos with ultimate precision

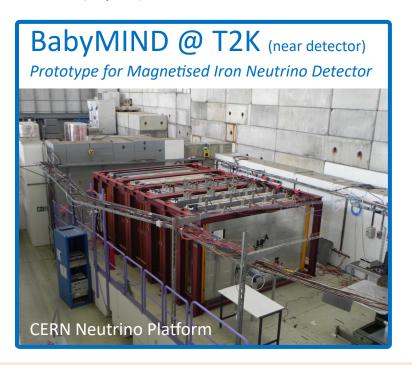
e.g. at the Long-Baseline Neutrino Facility (LBNF) with the DUNE experiment



Neutrino beams in Japan and in the US

CERN's Neutrino Platform in LBNF & DUNE (US), and in T2K (Japan)





Within the next decade, we will know much more how to develop the neutrino sector to extend the Standard Model

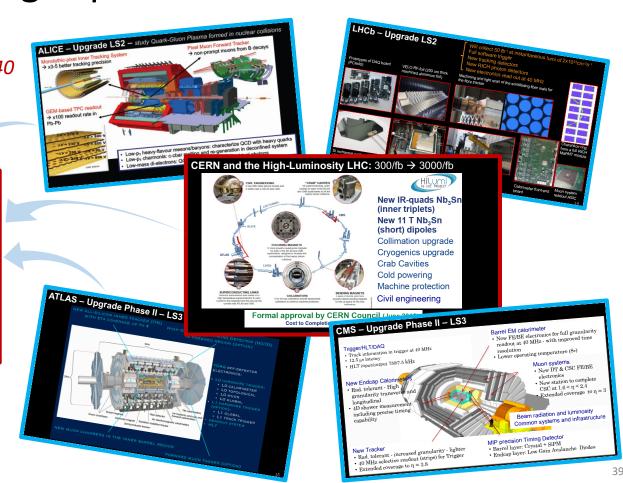
our eyes on direct discoveries

Today's Flagship: from LHC to HL-LHC

Current flagship (27km) impressive programme up to 2040

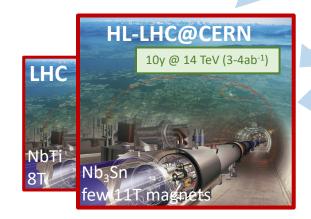


continued innovations in experimental techniques will keep the (HL-)LHC at the focal point to seek new physics at the energy and intensity frontiers

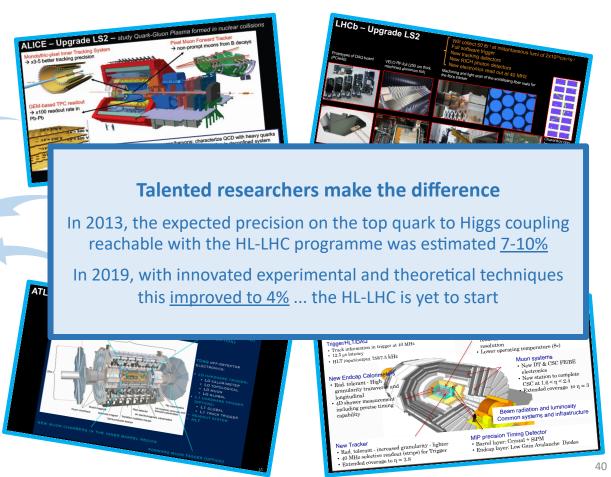


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(HL-)LHC as a catalyser for dedicated experiments

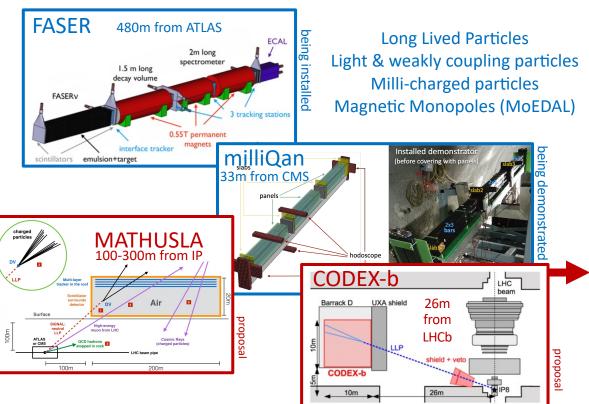
Current flagship (27km) impressive programme up to 2040

HL-LHC@CERN

10y @ 14 TeV (3-4ab-1)

NbTi
Nb₃Sn
few 11T magnets

Additional opportunities with high-energy proton collisions

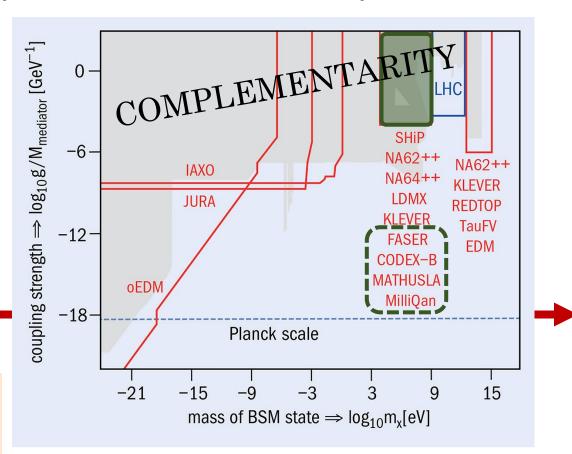


(HL-)LHC as a catalyser for dedicated experiments

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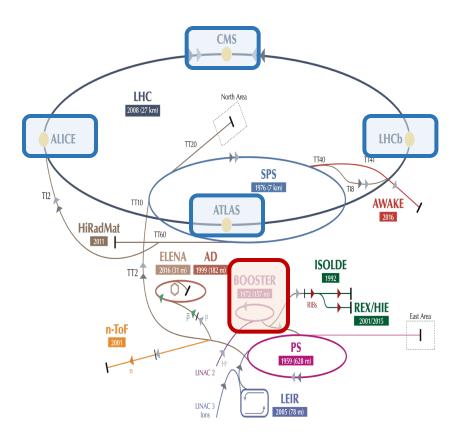


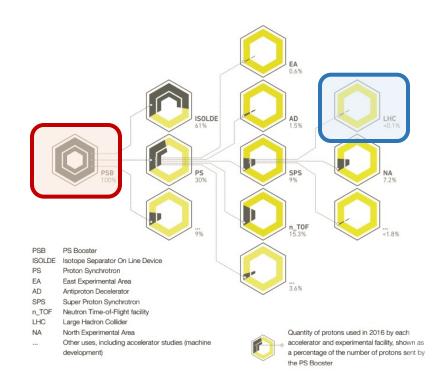
a high-energy proton collider is a catalyser for a unique portfolio of complementary research



While running the (HL-)LHC: Accelerated Beams at CERN

The CERN accelerator complex and the LHC – protons from Booster only <0.1% to LHC



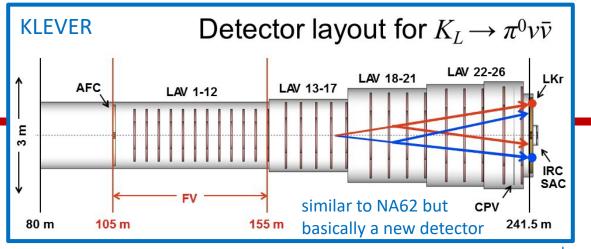


Kaon physics from NA62 to KLEVER @ SPS-CERN

During LHC era

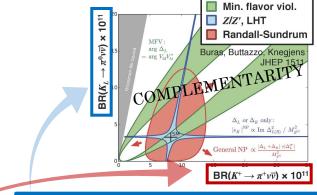


During HL-LHC era



proposal

Kaon physics from NA62 to KLEVER @ SPS-CERN

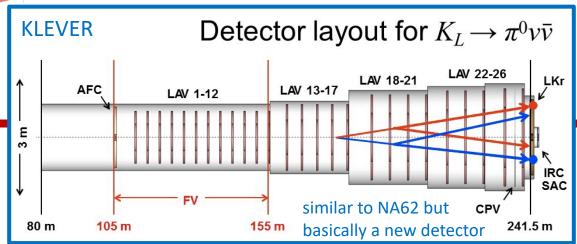


During HL-LHC era



running

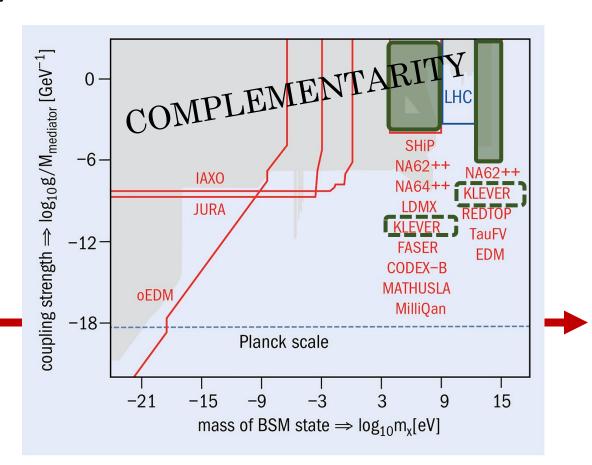
During LHC era



While running the (HL-)LHC: Accelerated Beams at CERN

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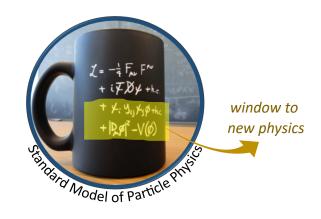




Future high-energy particle colliders

Essentially all problems of the Standard Model are related to the Higgs sector, hence the argument to built new colliders dedicated to produce copiously Higgs bosons in order to map precisely its interactions with other particles.

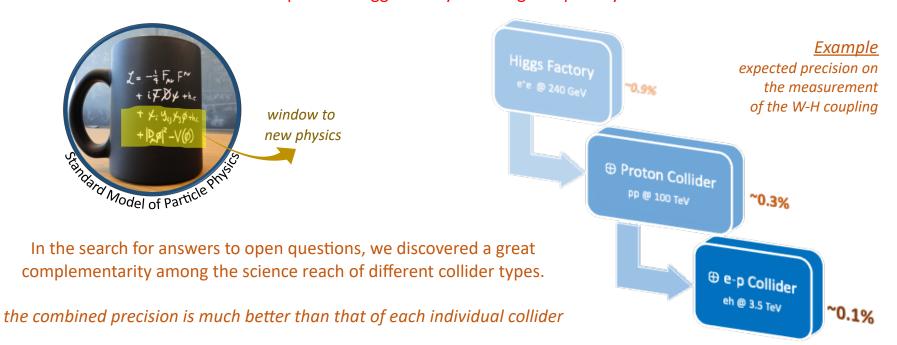
An electron-positron Higgs factory is the highest-priority next collider.



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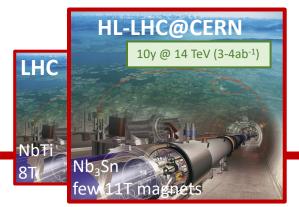
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We need a coherent program allowing for a variety of future colliders

Future flagship at the energy & precision frontier

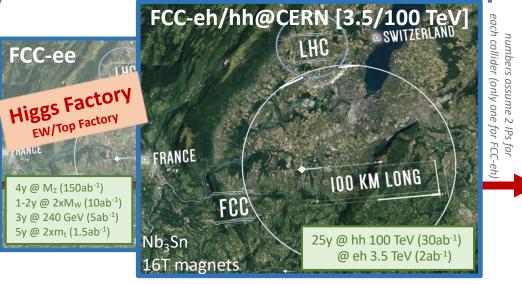
Current flagship (27km) impressive programme up to 2040



ep-option with HL-LHC: LHeC 10y @ 1.2 TeV (1ab⁻¹) updated CDR 2007.14491

Future Circular Collider (FCC)

big sister future ambition (100km), beyond 2040 attractive combination of precision & energy frontier

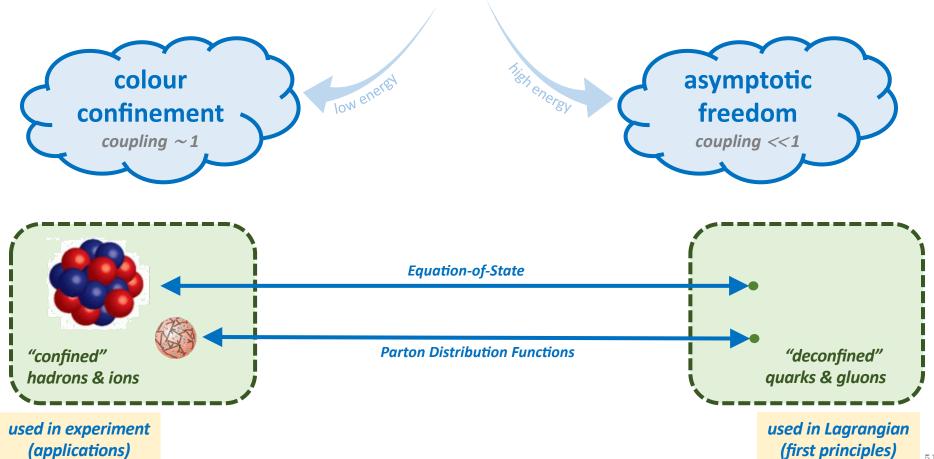


by around 2026, verify if it is feasible to plan for success (techn. & adm. & financially & global governance)

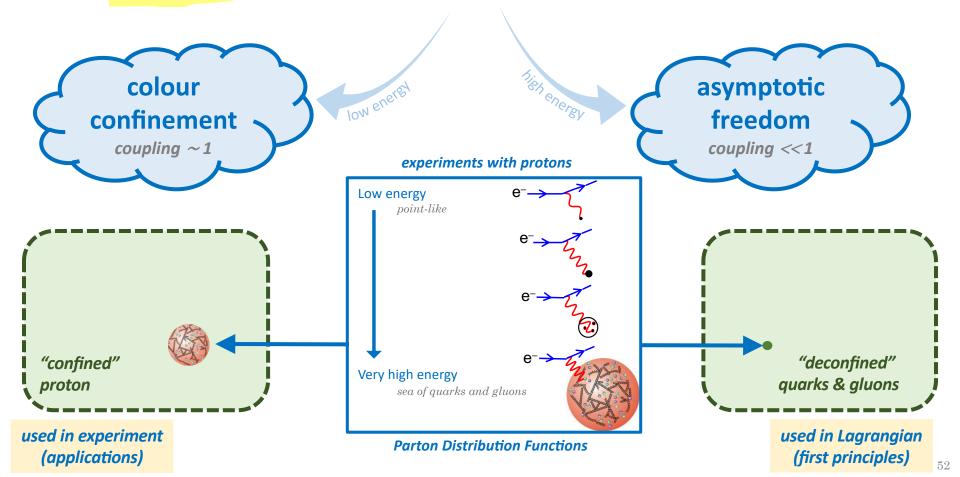
potential alternatives pursued @ CERN: CLIC & muon collider

our eyes on the structure of things

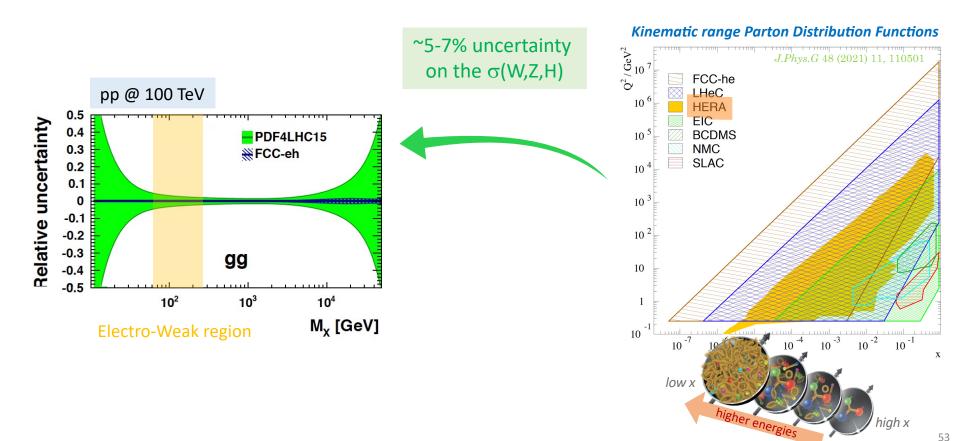
Hadrons & Ions are made up of Quarks & Gluons



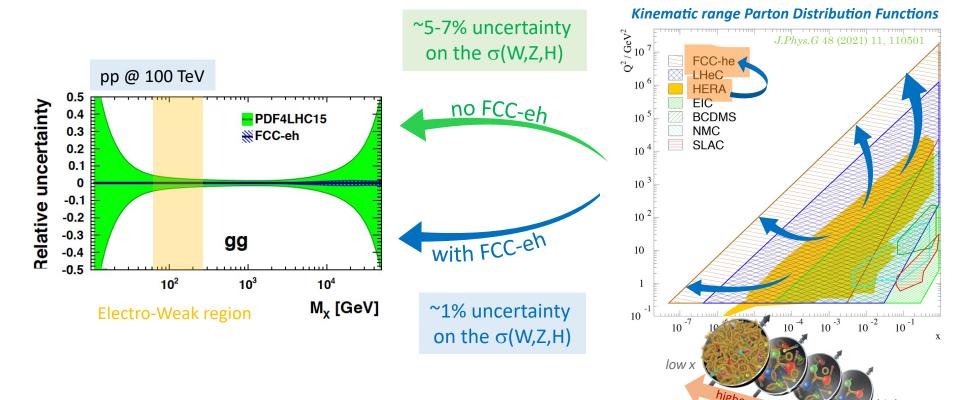
Hadrons & Ions are made up of Quarks & Gluons



Empowering the FCC-hh program with the FCC-eh



Empowering the FCC-hh program with the FCC-eh



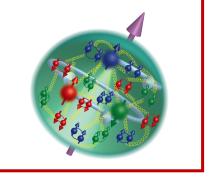
Electron-Ion Collider (EIC)

World's 1st polarized e-p/light-ion & 1st eA collider User Group >1000 members: http://eicug.org

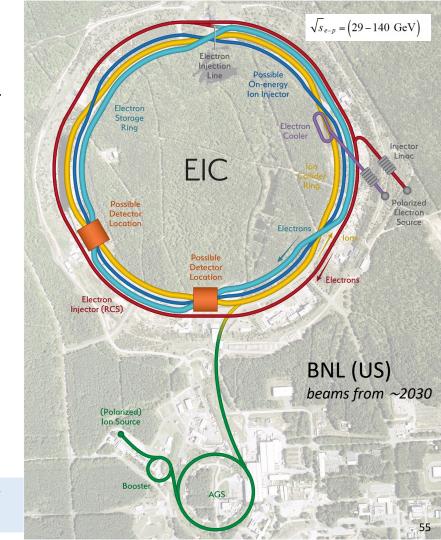


How do the properties of protons and neutrons arise from its constituents?

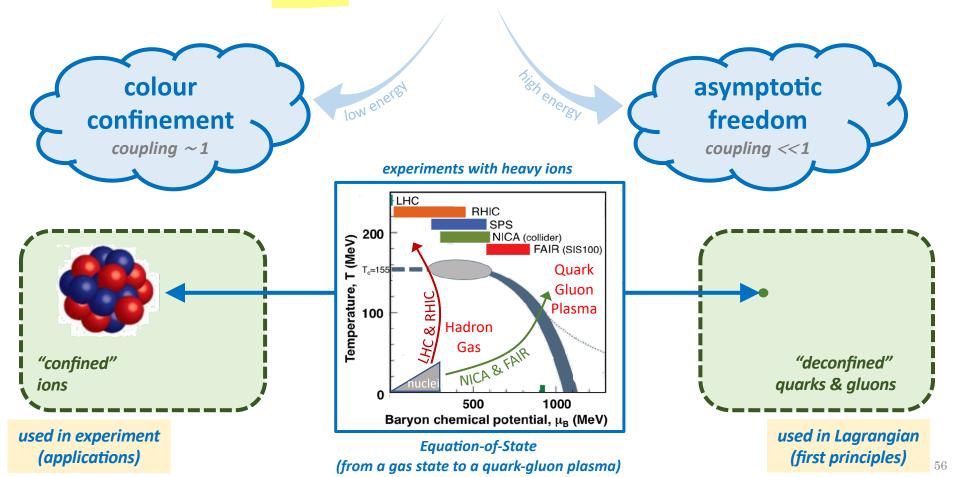
Towards a 3D partonic image of the proton



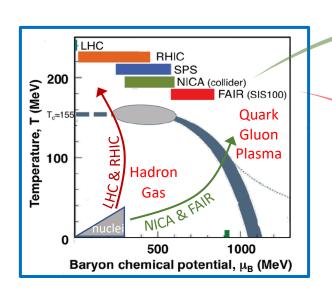
Many other running and emerging low-energy scattering facilities are key to understand the structure of hadrons



Hadrons & Ions are made up of Quarks & Gluons



Heavy Ion physics from RHIC & SPS to NICA & FAIR

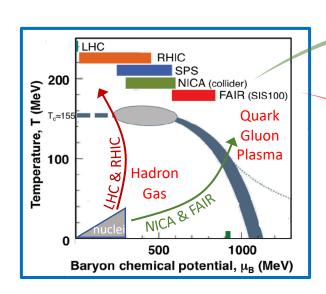








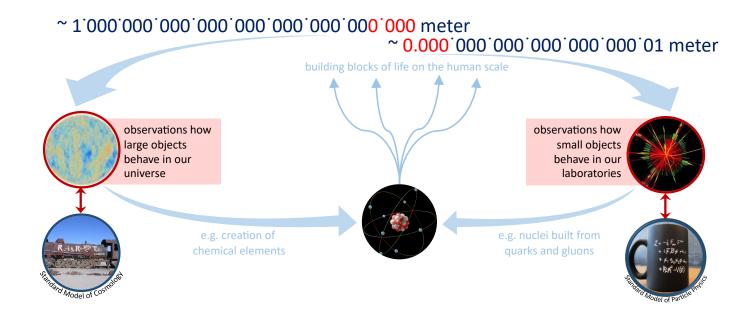
Heavy Ion physics from RHIC & SPS to NICA & FAIR





- how matter and complexity emerge
- o evolution of our Universe
- origin of the chemical elements





Building the future together

~ 1'000'000'000'000'000'000'000'000 meter ~ 0.000 000 000 000 000 000 01 meter building blocks of life on the human scale observations how observations how large objects small objects behave in our behave in our laboratories universe e.g. creation of e.g. nuclei built from quarks and gluons

With sustained capital investments in these future facilities, we know that we must discover new physics phenomena to add to our standard models. ... if not, we might have to revisit our theoretical frameworks and/or our basic principles.







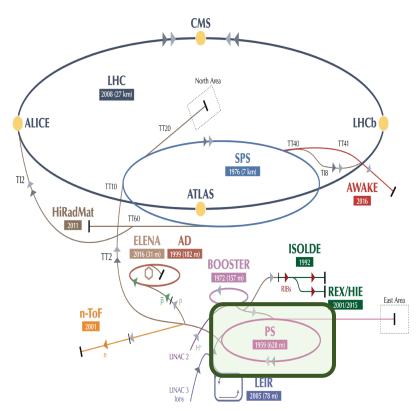


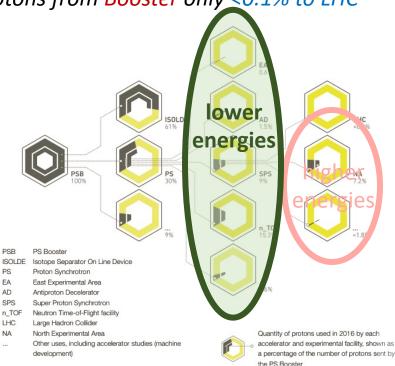
Thank you for your attention!

Jorgen.DHondt@vub.be

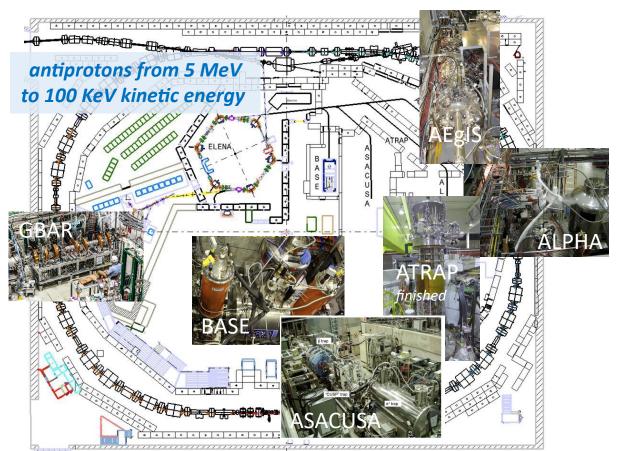
While running the (HL-)LHC: Accelerated Beams at CERN

The CERN accelerator complex and the LHC – protons from Booster only <0.1% to LHC





Precision physics with antimatter @ CERN



Devoted to antiproton and antihydrogen properties



AEgIS – Antihydrogen Experiment: Gravity, Interferometry, Spectroscopy ALPHA – Antihydrogen Laser PHysics Apparatus

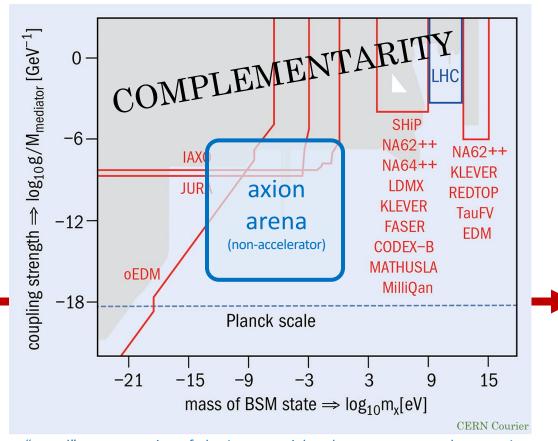
 ${\sf ASACUSA-Atomic\,Spectroscopy\,And\,Collisions\,Using\,Slow\,Antiprotons\,ATRAP-Antihydrogen\,TRAP}$

GBAR – Gravitational Behaviour of Antihydrogen at Rest BASE – Baryon Antibaryon Symmetry Experiment

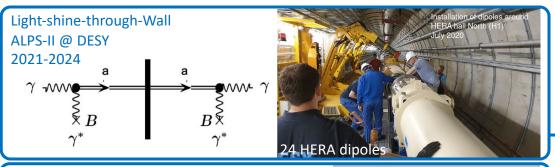
More complementarity beyond particle accelerators

Current flagship (27km) impressive programme up to 2040



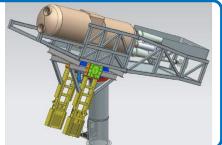


Axion Physics with "old" and new magnets in Europe









MADMAX @ DESY looking at the galactic halo, haloscope 2026-2030+

a

B B γ^*

